PROJECT MANUAL
Volume 1

Issued to Bid

City of Santa Fe
Fire Department Station No. 2
5750 Alameda Frontage Road
Santa Fe, NM
PROJECT MANUAL TABLE OF CONTENTS

VOLUME 1

PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS GROUP

Division 00  Procurement and Contracting Requirements
Invitation to Bid (Separately Indexed)

SPECIFICATIONS GROUP

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS SUBGROUP

Division 01  General Requirements
01 1000  Summary
01 2100  Allowances
01 2200  Unit Prices
01 2300  Alternates
01 2500  Substitution Procedures
01 2600  Contract Modification Procedures
01 2900  Payment Procedures
01 3100  Project Management and Coordination
01 3200  Construction Progress Documentation
01 3233  Photographic Documentation
01 3300  Submittal Procedures
01 4000  Quality Requirements
01 4200  References
01 5000  Temporary Facilities and Controls
01 6000  Product Requirements
01 7300  Execution
01 7419  Construction Waste Management and Disposal
01 7700  Closeout Procedures
01 7823  Operation and Maintenance Data
01 7839  Project Record Documents
01 7900  Demonstration and Training

FACILITY CONSTRUCTION SUBGROUP

Division 02  Existing Conditions
(Not Used)

Division 03  Concrete
03 1000  Concrete Forming and Accessories
03 1119  Insulated Concrete Forming
03 2000  Concrete Reinforcement
03 3000  Cast-in-Place Concrete

Division 04  Masonry
(Not Used)

Division 05  Metals
05 1000  Structural Steel
05 5000  Metal Fabrications
05 5119  Metal Grating Stairs
05 5213   Pipe and Tube Railings  
05 5313   Bar Gratings  

**Division 06  Wood, Plastics and Composites**  
06 1000   Rough Carpentry  
06 1719   Cross-Laminated Timber  
06 1753   Shop-Fabricated Wood Trusses  
06 1800   Glued-Laminated Construction  
06 4100   Architectural Casework  
06 4600   Wood Trim  

**Division 07  Thermal and Moisture Protection**  
07 1326   Self-Adhering Sheet Waterproofing  
07 1800   Traffic Coatings  
07 2100   Thermal Insulation  
07 2500   Weather Barriers  
07 4114   Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels  
07 2600   Underslab Vapor Retarders  
07 5419   PVC Roofing  
07 6200   Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim  
07 6526   Self-Adhering Sheet Flashing  
07 7233   Roof Hatches  
07 9200   Joint Sealants  

**Division 08  Openings**  
08 1113   Hollow Metal Doors and Frames  
08 1416   Flush Wood Doors  
08 3515   Panel Folding Doors  
08 4113   Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts  
08 5313   Composite Windows and Doors  
08 6223   Tubular Skylights  
08 7100   Door Hardware  
08 8000   Glazing  
08 8300   Mirrors  

**Division 09  Finishes**  
09 2216   Non-Structural Metal Framing  
09 2423   Cement Stucco  
09 2900   Gypsum Board  
09 3013   Ceramic Tiling  
09 5113   Acoustical Panel Ceilings  
09 6513   Resilient Base and Accessories  
09 6566   Resilient Athletic Flooring  
09 6723   Resinous Flooring  
09 6813   Tile Carpeting  
09 6816   Sheet Carpeting  
09 9000   Painting and Coating  
09 9300   Transparent Wood Finishing  

**Division 10  Specialties**  
10 1416   Plaques  
10 1419   Dimensional Character Signage  
10 1423   Panel Signage  

City of Santa Fe  
Fire Department Station No. 2  
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020  
AOS Architects
### Division 23 HVAC
- 23 0500 Common Work Requirements for HVAC
- 23 0503 Trenching and Backfilling
- 23 0504 Pipe and Pipe Fittings
- 23 0505 Piping Specialties
- 23 0523 Valves
- 23 0548 Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC
- 23 0549 HVAC and Electrical Installation Coordination
- 23 0593 Testing, Adjusting and Balancing of Mechanical Systems
- 23 0700 Mechanical Systems Insulation
- 23 0900 Automatic Temperature Controls
- 23 2313 Refrigerant Piping System and Equipment
- 23 3000 Air Tempering System and Equipment
- 23 7413 Packaged Outdoor Central Station Air Handling Units

### Division 25 Integrated Automation
(Not used)

### Division 26 Electrical
- 26 0500 Common Work Requirements
- 26 0519 Low Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
- 26 0526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems
- 26 0529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems
- 26 0533 Raceway and Boxes for Electrical Systems
- 26 0553 Identification for Electrical Systems
- 26 0923 Digital Occupancy & Daylight Management Control System
- 26 2416 Panelboards
- 26 2726 Wiring Devices
- 26 2813 Fuses
- 26 2816 Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers
- 26 3213 Engine Generators
- 26 3600 Transfer Switches
- 26 4313 Surge Protection Devices for Low Voltage Electrical Power Circuits
- 26 5100 Interior Lighting

### Division 27 Communications
(Not used)

### Division 28 Electronic Safety and Security
- 28 3100 Fire Alarm & Detection

### SITE AND INFRASTRUCTURE SUBGROUP

#### Division 30 (Reserved)

#### Division 31 Earthwork
- 31 0000 Site Work
- 31 2311 Earthwork for Building Construction

#### Division 32 Exterior Improvements
- 32 2945 Native Grass Seeding
- 32 8400 Irrigation
- 32 9113 Soil Preparation
- 32 9400 Planting
Division 33  Utilities
(Included in 31 000)

END OF TABLE OF CONTENTS
PROJECT DIRECTORY

Client: City of Santa Fe – Public Works
2651 Siringo Rd. Bldg E
Santa Fe, NM  87504
505 955-5937

Architect: Atkin Olshin Schade Architects, Inc.
1807 Second Street, Ste 34
Santa Fe, NM  87504
505 982-2133

Structural Engineer: Chavez-Grieves Consulting Engineers, Inc.
4700 Lincoln Road NE, Ste 102
Albuquerque, NM  87109
505 344-4080

Civil Engineer: Wilson & Company, Inc.
4401 Masthead Street NE #150
Albuquerque, NM  87109
505 248-4121

MEP Engineer: Bridgers & Paxton
4600-C Montgomery Blvd NE
Albuquerque, NM  87109
505 883-4111

Landscape Architect: Surroundings
1611 Paseo de Peralta
Santa Fe, NM  87501
505 982-3454

END OF PROJECT DIRECTORY
SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:
   1. Project information.
   2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
   3. Work under Owner's separate contracts.
   4. Owner-furnished/Contractor-installed (OFCI) products.
   5. Contractor's use of site and premises.
   6. Coordination with occupants.
   7. Work restrictions.
   8. Specification and Drawing conventions.

B. Related Requirements:
   1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

1.2 PROJECT INFORMATION

A. Project Identification: Santa Fe Fire Department Station No. 2.

   1. Project Location: Alameda Frontage Road, Santa Fe NM 87507.

B. Project Owner: City of Santa Fe.

1.3 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. The Work of the Project is defined by the Contract Documents and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

   1. Construction of fire station facilities indicated, and related site development.
   2. Infrastructure extending onto the site, including electrical power, water, sewer and gas services and access roadways.

1.4 WORK PERFORMED BY OWNER OR UNDER OWNER'S SEPARATE CONTRACTS

A. General: Cooperate fully with Owner and Owner's separate contractors, so work by Owner and separate contractors may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying Work under this Contract or other contracts. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed by Owner or under Owner's separate contracts.

B. Subsequent Work: Owner will furnish and install or award separate contract(s) for the following work to be performed at site following Substantial Completion. Completion of that work will depend on successful completion of Work under this Contract.

   1. Owner-Furnished/Owner-Installed (OFOI) Products: Furniture, fixtures and equipment (FF&E). Coordinate work provided under this Contract to accommodate Owner’s FF&E. Schedule and sequence work under this Contract to coordinate with installation of Owner’s FF&E.
1.5 OWNER-FURNISHED/CONTRACTOR-INSTALLED (OFCI) PRODUCTS

A. Owner's Responsibilities: Owner will furnish products indicated and perform the following, as applicable:

1. Provide for delivery of Owner-furnished products to Project site.
2. Upon delivery, inspect, with Contractor present, delivered items.
   a. If Owner-furnished products are damaged, defective, or missing, arrange for replacement.
3. Obtain manufacturer's inspections, service, and warranties.
4. Inform Contractor of earliest available delivery date for Owner-furnished products.

B. Contractor's Responsibilities: The Work includes the following, as applicable:

1. Designate delivery dates of Owner-furnished products in Contractor's construction schedule, utilizing Owner-furnished earliest available delivery dates.
2. Receive, unload, handle, store, protect, and install Owner-furnished products.
3. Make building services connections for Owner-furnished products, if applicable.
4. Protect Owner-furnished products from damage during storage, handling, and installation and prior to Substantial Completion.
5. Repair or replace Owner-furnished products damaged following receipt.

C. Owner-Furnished/Contractor-Installed (OFCI) Products:

1. Lockers.

1.6 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

A. Unrestricted Use of Site: Contractor shall have full use of Project site for construction operations during construction period. Contractor's use of Project site is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of Project.

1.7 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

A. Owner Limited Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed portions of the Work, prior to Substantial Completion of the Work, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment and limited occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.

1.8 WORK RESTRICTIONS

A. Comply with restrictions on construction operations.

1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets, work on public streets, rights of way, and other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

1.9 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.

2. Text Color: Text used in the Specifications, including units of measure, manufacturer and product names, and other text may appear in multiple colors or underlined as part of a hyperlink; no emphasis is implied by text with these characteristics.

3. Hypertext: Text used in the Specifications may contain hyperlinks. Hyperlinks may allow for access to linked information that is not residing in the Specifications. Unless otherwise indicated, linked information is not part of the Contract Documents.

4. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.

B. Division 00 Contracting Requirements: General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to all Sections of the Specifications.

C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 012200 - UNIT PRICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for unit prices.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Unit price is an amount incorporated into the Agreement, applicable during the duration of the Work as a price per unit of measurement for materials, equipment, or services, or a portion of the Work, added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification, if the scope of Work or estimated quantities of Work required by the Contract Documents are increased or decreased.

1.3 PROCEDURES

A. Unit prices include all necessary material, plus cost for delivery, installation, insurance, applicable taxes, overhead, and profit.

B. Measurement and Payment: See individual Specification Sections for work that requires establishment of unit prices. Methods of measurement and payment for unit prices are specified in those Sections.

C. Owner reserves the right to reject Contractor’s measurement of work-in-place that involves use of established unit prices and to have this work measured, at Owner’s expense, by an independent surveyor acceptable to Contractor.

D. List of Unit Prices: A schedule of unit prices is included in Part 3. Specification Sections referenced in the schedule contain requirements for materials described under each unit price.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES

A. Unit Price No. 1 - Rock Excavation:

1. Description: Rock excavation and disposal off-site in accordance with NMDOT specifications referenced on civil engineering Drawings.

2. Unit of Measurement: Cubic yard of rock excavated, based on in-place surveys of volume.

B. Unit Price No. 2 - Unclassified Excavation:

1. Description: Unclassified material excavation and disposal off-site, in accordance with NMDOT specifications referenced on civil engineering Drawings.

2. Unit of Measurement: Cubic yard of unclassified material excavated, based on in-place surveys of volume.
C. Unit Price No. 3 - Borrow Material:

1. Description: Replacement of excavated materials with borrow material in accordance with NMDOT specifications referenced on civil engineering Drawings.
2. Unit of Measurement: Cubic yard of borrow material placed, based on in-place surveys of volume.

D. Unit Price No. 4 - Unsuitable Material Excavation:

1. Description: Unsuitable material excavation and disposal off-site, in accordance with NMDOT specifications referenced on civil engineering Drawings.
2. Unit of Measurement: Cubic yard of unsuitable material excavated, based on in-place surveys of volume.

E. Unit Price No. 5 - Controlled Blasting:

1. Description: Controlled blasting and disposal of excavated materials off-site in accordance with NMDOT specifications referenced on civil engineering Drawings.
2. Unit of Measurement: Linear foot of controlled blasting, based on in-place surveys.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 012300 - ALTERNATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for alternates.

1.2 DEFINITIONS
A. Alternate: An amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the bidding requirements that may be added to or deducted from the base bid amount if the Owner decides to accept a corresponding change either in the amount of construction to be completed or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.

1. Alternate described in this Section are part of the Work only if enumerated in the Agreement.
2. The cost or credit for each alternate is the net addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum to incorporate alternates into the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

1.3 PROCEDURES
A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected adjacent work as necessary to completely integrate work of the alternate into Project.

1. Include, as part of each alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation, whether or not indicated as part of alternate.
2. Amounts listed for each alternate include costs of related coordination, modification, or adjustment.

B. Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other Work of the Contract.

C. Schedule: A Part 3 "Schedule of Alternates" Article is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in schedule contain requirements for materials necessary to achieve the work described under each alternate.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES
A. Alternate No. 1 - Roof Structure Change of Systems:

1. Base Bid: Wood roof trusses and plywood roof deck as indicated on Drawings S-102 and S-321 and as specified in the following specifications:

a. Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry."

b. Section 061753 "Shop-Fabricated Wood Trusses."
2. Alternate: Glulam beams and cross-laminated timber roof deck as indicated on Drawings S-102.1 and S-321.1 and as specified in the following specifications:
   a. Section 061719 “Cross-Laminated Timbers.”
   b. Section 061800 “Glued-Laminated Construction.”

B. Alternate No. 2 - Rooftop Mechanical Screen Assemblies:
   1. Base Bid: Do not include rooftop mechanical screen assemblies.
   2. Alternate: Add construction of rooftop mechanical screen assemblies as indicated on Drawings A102, A201, A302, A351, and 3/A431 and as specified in Section 055213 “Pipe and Tube Railings.”

C. Alternate No. 3 - Colored Floor Coatings in Apparatus Bays:
   1. Base Bid: Do not include colored floor coatings in apparatus bays.
   2. Alternate: Add colored floor coatings in apparatus bays as indicated on Drawing 1/A900 and as specified in Section 096723 “Resinous Flooring.”

END OF SECTION
SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.

B. Related Requirements:
   1. Section 016000 "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.

   1. Substitutions for Cause: Changes proposed by Contractor that are required due to changed Project conditions, such as unavailability of product, regulatory changes, or unavailability of required warranty terms.
   2. Substitutions for Convenience: Changes proposed by Contractor or Owner that are not required in order to meet other Project requirements but may offer advantage to Contractor or Owner.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.

   1. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
      a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation method cannot be provided, if applicable.
      b. Coordination of information, including a list of changes or revisions needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.
      c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitutions with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable Specification Section. Significant qualities may include attributes, such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
      d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
      e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
      f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
      g. List of similar installations for completed projects, with project names and addresses as well as names and addresses of architects and owners.
      h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency, indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from ICC-ES.

j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitutions with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.

k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.

l. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents, except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials and is appropriate for applications indicated.

m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.

2. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within 10 days of receipt of a request for substitution. Architect will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or 10 days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.


   b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

1.5 PROCEDURES

A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected work as necessary to integrate work of the approved substitutions.

1.6 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately on discovery of need for change, but not later than 15 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.

1. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:

   a. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.

   b. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.

   c. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.

   d. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.

   e. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.

   f. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
g. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.

h. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.

B. Substitutions for Convenience: Not allowed after the Bid period unless otherwise indicated. Architect will consider requests for substitution if received within the time stipulated before receipt of Bids. Requests received after that time may be considered or rejected at discretion of Architect.
SECTION 012600 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.

1.2 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. Architect will issue supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time, on AIA Document G710.

1.3 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Architect will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.

1. Work Change Proposal Requests issued by Architect are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.

2. Within time specified in Proposal Request or 15 days, when not otherwise specified, after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.

   a. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.

   b. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.

   c. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.

   d. Include an updated Contractor’s construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.

B. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Architect.

1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.

2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.

3. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.

4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.

5. Include an updated Contractor’s construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
6. Comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.

1.4 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. On Owner’s approval of a Work Change Proposal Request, Contractor shall issue a Change Order for signatures of Owner and Contractor on AIA Document G701.

1.5 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE


1. Construction Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work. It also designates method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.

B. Documentation: Maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the Construction Change Directive.

1. After completion of change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.

1.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the schedule of values with preparation of Contractor’s construction schedule.

1. Coordinate line items in the schedule of values with items required to be indicated as separate activities in Contractor’s construction schedule.
2. Submit the schedule of values to Architect at earliest possible date, but no later than 10 days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.

B. Format and Content: Use Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.

1. Arrange schedule of values consistent with format of AIA Document G703.
2. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Provide multiple line items for principal subcontract amounts in excess of five percent of the Contract Sum.
3. Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
   a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site.
4. Overhead Costs: Comply with one of the following, as acceptable to Owner:
   a. Proportional Distribution: Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each line item.
   b. Separate Line Items: Show cost of temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place as separate line items.

5. Closeout Costs. Include separate line items under Contractor and principal subcontracts for Project closeout requirements in an amount totaling five percent of the Contract Sum and subcontract amount.
6. Schedule of Values Revisions: Revise the schedule of values when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum. Include at least one separate line item for each Change Order and Construction Change Directive.

1.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

A. Each Application for Payment following the initial Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments, as certified by Architect and paid for by Owner.
B. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is indicated in the Owner/Contractor Agreement. The period of construction work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement.

1. Submit draft copy of Application for Payment seven days prior to due date for review by Architect.

C. Application for Payment Forms: Use AIA Document G702 and AIA Document G703 as form for Applications for Payment.

D. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Architect will return incomplete applications without action.

1. Entries shall match data on the schedule of values and Contractor’s construction schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.
2. Include amounts for work completed following previous Application for Payment, whether or not payment has been received. Include only amounts for work completed at time of Application for Payment.
3. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued before last day of construction period covered by application.

E. Transmittal: Submit three signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. One copy shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments if required.

1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information about application.
2. If acceptable to Architect, electronic Applications for Payment with digital signatures may be submitted.

F. Waivers of Mechanic’s Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic’s lien from entities lawfully entitled to file a mechanic’s lien arising out of the Contract and related to the Work covered by the payment, including subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, and suppliers for construction period covered by the previous application.

1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit conditional final or full waivers.
3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
4. Submit final Application for Payment with or preceded by conditional final waivers from every entity involved with performance of the Work covered by the application who is lawfully entitled to a lien.
5. Waiver Forms: Submit executed waivers of lien on forms acceptable to Owner.

G. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:

1. List of subcontractors.
2. Schedule of values.
3. Contractor’s construction schedule (preliminary if not final).
4. Products list (preliminary if not final).
5. Schedule of unit prices.
6. Submittal schedule (preliminary if not final).
7. List of Contractor’s staff assignments.
10. Initial progress report.
12. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies, unless submitted before executing the Contract.
13. Performance and payment bonds, unless submitted before executing the Contract.
14. Data needed to acquire Owner’s insurance, unless submitted before executing the Contract.

H. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After Architect issues the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.

1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
2. This application shall reflect Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.

I. Final Payment Application: After completing Project closeout requirements, submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.
2. Certification of completion of final punch list items.
3. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
4. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
5. AIA Document G706.
6. AIA Document G706A.
8. Evidence that claims have been settled.
9. Final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of date of Substantial Completion or when Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 013100 - PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative provisions for coordinating construction operations on Project, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. General coordination procedures.
2. Coordination drawings.
3. RFIs.
4. Digital project management procedures.
5. Project meetings.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 017300 "Execution" for procedures for coordinating general installation and field-engineering services, including establishment of benchmarks and control points.

1.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Subcontract List: Prepare a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work, including those who are to furnish products or equipment fabricated to a special design. Include the following information in tabular form:

1. Name, address, telephone number, and email address of entity performing subcontract or supplying products.
2. Number and title of related Specification Section(s) covered by subcontract.
3. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate, covered by subcontract.

1.3 GENERAL COORDINATION PROCEDURES

A. Coordination: Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.

1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results, where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
2. Coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.

B. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and to ensure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Preparation of Contractor’s construction schedule.
2. Preparation of the schedule of values.
3. Installation and removal of temporary facilities and controls.
4. Delivery and processing of submittals.
5. Progress meetings.
6. Preinstallation conferences.
7. Project closeout activities.
8. Startup and adjustment of systems.

1.4 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

A. Coordination Drawings, General: Prepare coordination drawings according to requirements in individual Sections, and additionally where installation is not completely indicated on Shop Drawings, where limited space availability necessitates coordination, or if coordination is required to facilitate integration of products and materials fabricated or installed by more than one entity.

1. Content: Project-specific information, drawn accurately to a scale large enough to indicate and resolve conflicts. Do not base coordination drawings on standard printed data. Include the following information, as applicable:

a. Indicate functional and spatial relationships of components of architectural, structural, civil, mechanical, and electrical systems.
b. Indicate dimensions shown on Drawings. Specifically note dimensions that appear to be in conflict with submitted equipment and minimum clearance requirements. Provide alternative sketches to Architect indicating proposed resolution of such conflicts. Minor dimension changes and difficult installations will not be considered changes to the Contract.

B. Coordination Drawing Organization: Organize coordination drawings as follows:

1. Floor Plans and Reflected Ceiling Plans: Show architectural and structural elements, and mechanical, plumbing, fire-protection, fire-alarm, and electrical Work. Show locations of visible ceiling-mounted devices relative to acoustical ceiling grid. Supplement plan drawings with section drawings where required to adequately represent the Work.
2. Plenum Space: Indicate subframing for support of ceiling and wall systems, mechanical and electrical equipment, and related Work. Locate components within plenums to accommodate layout of light fixtures and other components indicated on Drawings. Indicate areas of conflict between light fixtures and other components.
3. Mechanical Rooms: Provide coordination drawings for mechanical rooms, showing plans and elevations of mechanical, plumbing, fire-protection, fire-alarm, and electrical equipment.
4. Structural Penetrations: Indicate penetrations and openings required for all disciplines.
5. Embedded Items: Indicate sizes and locations of embedded items for metal fabrications, sleeves, anchor bolts, bearing plates, angles, door floor closers, slab depressions for floor finishes, curbs and housekeeping pads, and similar items.
6. Mechanical and Plumbing Work: Show the following:

a. Sizes and bottom elevations of ductwork, piping, and conduit runs, including insulation, bracing, flanges, and support systems.
b. Dimensions of major components, such as dampers, valves, diffusers, access doors, cleanouts and electrical distribution equipment.
c. Fire-rated enclosures around ductwork.
7. Electrical Work: Show the following:

a. Runs of vertical and horizontal conduit 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) in diameter and larger.
b. Light fixture, exit light, emergency battery pack, smoke detector, and other fire-alarm locations.
c. Panel board, switchboard, switchgear, transformer, busway, generator, and motor-control center locations.
d. Location of pull boxes and junction boxes, dimensioned from column center lines.

8. Fire-Protection System: Show the following:
   a. Locations of standpipes, mains piping, branch lines, pipe drops, and sprinkler heads.

9. Review: Architect will review coordination drawings to confirm that, in general, the Work is being coordinated, but not for the details of the coordination, which are Contractor’s responsibility. If Architect determines that coordination drawings are not being prepared in sufficient scope or detail, or are otherwise deficient, Architect will so inform Contractor, who shall make suitable modifications and resubmit.

C. Coordination Digital Data Files: Prepare coordination digital data files according to the following requirements:

1. File Preparation Format: Same digital data software program, version, and operating system as original Drawings.
2. File Submittal Format: Submit or post coordination drawing files using format same as file preparation format.
3. Architect will furnish Contractor one set of digital data files of Drawings for use in preparing coordination digital data files.
   a. Refer to Part 1 Article “Use of Architect’s Digital Data Files” for requirements and restrictions related to Contractor’s use of digital data files.

1.5 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION (RFI)

A. General: Immediately on discovery of the need for additional information, clarification, or interpretation of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI in the form specified.

1. Architect will return without response those RFIs submitted to Architect by other entities controlled by Contractor.
2. Coordinate and submit RFIs in a prompt manner to avoid delays in Contractor’s work or work of subcontractors.

B. Content of the RFI: Include a detailed, legible description of item needing information or interpretation and the following:

1. Owner name.
2. Owner’s Project number.
4. Architect’s Project number.
5. Date.
6. Name of Contractor.
7. RFI number, numbered sequentially.
8. RFI subject.
9. Specification Section number and title and related paragraphs, as appropriate.
10. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
11. Field dimensions and conditions, as appropriate.
12. Contractor’s suggested resolution. If Contractor’s suggested resolution impacts the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, Contractor shall state impact in the RFI.
13. Contractor's signature.

14. Attachments: Include sketches, descriptions, measurements, photos, Product Data, Shop Drawings, coordination drawings, and other information necessary to fully describe items needing interpretation.

C. RFI Forms: Use software-generated form with substantially the same content as indicated above, acceptable to Architect.

D. Architect's Action: Architect will review each RFI, determine action required, and respond. Allow 10 days for Architect's response for each RFI. RFIs received by Architect after 1:00 p.m. will be considered as received the following working day.

1. The following Contractor-generated RFIs will be returned without action:
   a. Requests for approval of submittals.
   b. Requests for approval of substitutions.
   c. Requests for approval of Contractor's means and methods.
   d. Requests for coordination information already indicated in the Contract Documents.
   e. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
   f. Requests for interpretation of Architect's actions on submittals.
   g. Incomplete RFIs or inaccurately prepared RFIs.

2. Architect's action may include a request for additional information, in which case Architect's time for response will date from time of receipt by Architect of additional information.

3. Architect's action on RFIs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures."
   a. If Contractor believes the RFI response warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Architect in writing within 5 days of receipt of the RFI response.

E. RFI Log: Prepare, maintain, and submit a tabular log of RFIs organized by the RFI number. Submit log weekly. Software log with not less than the following:

1. Project name.
2. Name and address of Contractor.
3. Name and address of Architect.
4. RFI number, including RFIs that were returned without action or withdrawn.
5. RFI description.
6. Date the RFI was submitted.
7. Date Architect's response was received.

F. On receipt of Architect's action, update the RFI log and immediately distribute the RFI response to affected parties. Review response and notify Architect within five days if Contractor disagrees with response.

1.6 DIGITAL PROJECT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

A. Use of Architect's Digital Data Files: Digital data files of Architect's BIM model will be provided by Architect for Contractor's use during construction.

1. Digital data files may be used by Contractor in preparing coordination drawings, Shop Drawings, and Project Record Drawings.
2. Architect makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data files as they relate to Contract Drawings.

3. Digital Drawing Software Program: Contract Drawings are available in the same software program, version, and operating system as original Drawings.

4. Contractor shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form of Agreement form acceptable to Owner and Architect.
   a. Subcontractors and other parties granted access by Contractor to Architect's digital data files shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form of Agreement acceptable to Owner and Architect.

B. PDF Document Preparation: Where PDFs are required to be submitted to Architect, prepare as follows:
   1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file, incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
   2. Name file with submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
   3. Certifications: Where digitally submitted certificates and certifications are required, provide a digital signature with digital certificate on where indicated.

1.7 PROJECT MEETINGS

A. General: Schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at Project site unless otherwise indicated.

B. Preconstruction Conference: Schedule and conduct a preconstruction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner and Architect, but no later than 15 days after execution of the Agreement.
   1. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
   2. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
      a. Responsibilities and personnel assignments.
      b. Tentative construction schedule.
      c. Critical work sequencing and long lead items.
      d. Designation of key personnel and their duties.
      e. Lines of communications.
      f. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
      g. Procedures for RFIs.
      h. Procedures for testing and inspecting.
      i. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
      j. Distribution of the Contract Documents.
      k. Submittal procedures.
      l. Preparation of Record Documents.
      m. Use of the premises.
      n. Work restrictions.
      o. Working hours.
      p. Owner’s occupancy requirements.
      q. Responsibility for temporary facilities and controls.
      r. Procedures for moisture and mold control.
      s. Procedures for disruptions and shutdowns.
t. Construction waste management and recycling.
u. Parking availability.
v. Office, work, and storage areas.
w. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
x. First aid.
y. Security.
z. Progress cleaning.

3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.

C. Preinstallation Conferences: Conduct a preinstallation conference at Project site before each construction activity when required by other Sections and when required for coordination with other construction.

1. Attendees: Installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Advise Architect of scheduled meeting dates.

2. Agenda: Review progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration, including requirements for the following:

   b. Options.
   c. Related RFIs.
   d. Related Change Orders.
   e. Purchases.
   f. Deliveries.
   g. Submittals.
   h. Review of mockups.
   i. Possible conflicts.
   j. Compatibility requirements.
   k. Time schedules.
   l. Weather limitations.
   m. Manufacturer’s written instructions.
   n. Warranty requirements.
   o. Compatibility of materials.
   p. Acceptability of substrates.
   q. Temporary facilities and controls.
   r. Space and access limitations.
   s. Regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
   t. Testing and inspecting requirements.
   u. Installation procedures.
   v. Coordination with other work.
   w. Required performance results.
   x. Protection of adjacent work.
   y. Protection of construction and personnel.

3. Record significant conference discussions, agreements, and disagreements, including required corrective measures and actions.

4. Reporting: Distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present and to other parties requiring information.
5. Do not proceed with installation if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of the Work and reconvene the conference at earliest feasible date.

D. Progress Meetings: Conduct progress meetings at biweekly intervals.

1. Coordinate dates of meetings with preparation of payment requests.
2. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner and Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
3. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
   a. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine whether each activity is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Contractor's construction schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
      1) Review schedule for next period.

   b. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
      1) Interface requirements.
      2) Sequence of operations.
      3) Status of submittals.
      4) Deliveries.
      5) Off-site fabrication.
      6) Access.
      7) Site use.
      8) Temporary facilities and controls.
      9) Progress cleaning.
     10) Quality and work standards.
     11) Status of correction of deficient items.
     12) Field observations.
     13) Status of RFIs.
     14) Status of Proposal Requests.
     15) Pending changes.
     16) Status of Change Orders.
     17) Pending claims and disputes.
     18) Documentation of information for payment requests.

4. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting the meeting will record and distribute the meeting minutes to each party present and to parties requiring information.
   a. Schedule Updating: Revise Contractor's construction schedule after each progress meeting, where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 013200 - CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of construction during performance of the Work, including the following:

1. Contractor’s Construction Schedule.
2. Construction schedule updating reports.
3. Daily construction reports.
4. Site condition reports.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, and controlling the construction Project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.

1. Critical Activity: An activity on the critical path that must start and finish on the planned early start and finish times.
2. Predecessor Activity: An activity that precedes another activity in the network.
3. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network.

B. CPM: Critical path method, which is a method of planning and scheduling a construction project where activities are arranged based on activity relationships. Network calculations determine the critical path of Project and when activities can be performed.

C. Critical Path: The longest connected chain of interdependent activities through the network schedule that establishes the minimum overall Project duration and contains no float.

D. Event: The starting or ending point of an activity.

E. Float: The measure of leeway in starting and completing an activity.

1. Float time is not for the exclusive use or benefit of either Owner or Contractor, but is a jointly owned, expiring Project resource available to both parties as needed to meet schedule milestones and Contract completion date.
2. Free float is the amount of time an activity can be delayed without adversely affecting the early start of the successor activity.
3. Total float is the measure of leeway in starting or completing an activity without adversely affecting the planned Project completion date.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Format for Submittals: Submit required submittals in the following format:

1. PDF file.

B. Contractor’s Construction Schedule: Initial schedule, of size required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
C. CPM Reports: Concurrent with CPM schedule, submit each of the following reports. Format for each activity in reports shall contain activity number, activity description, cost and resource loading, original duration, remaining duration, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date, and total float in calendar days.

1. Activity Report: List of activities sorted by activity number and then early start date, or actual start date if known.
2. Logic Report: List of preceding and succeeding activities for each activity, sorted in ascending order by activity number and then by early start date, or actual start date if known.

D. Construction Schedule Updating Reports: Submit with Applications for Payment.

E. Daily Construction Reports: Submit at monthly intervals.

F. Site Condition Reports: Submit at time of discovery of differing conditions.

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate Contractor’s Construction Schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontracts, submittal schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.

1. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the Work from entities involved.
2. Coordinate each construction activity in the network with other activities, and schedule them in proper sequence.

1.5 CONTRACTOR’S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

A. Construction Schedule Format: Prepare and maintain Contractor’s Construction Schedule to comply with one set of requirements indicated in other articles for Gantt-chart or CPM schedule.

B. Computer Scheduling Software: Prepare schedules using current version of a program that has been developed specifically to manage construction schedules.

C. Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for commencement of the Work to date of Final Completion.

1. Contract completion date shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.

D. Activities: Comply with the following:

1. Activity Duration: Define activities so no activity is longer than 20 days, unless specifically allowed by Architect.
2. Procurement Activities: Include procurement process activities for long lead-time items and major items, requiring a cycle of more than 60 days, as separate activities in schedule. Procurement cycle activities include, but are not limited to, submittals, approvals, purchasing, fabrication, and delivery.
4. Startup and Testing Time: Include no fewer than 15 days for startup and testing.
5. Commissioning Time: Include no fewer than 15 days for commissioning.
6. Substantial Completion: Indicate completion in advance of date established for Substantial Completion, and allow time for Architect’s administrative procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.

7. Punch List and Final Completion: Include not more than 30 days for completion of punch list items and Final Completion.

E. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions indicated in the Contract Documents and as follows in schedule, and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.

1. Owner-Furnished Products: Include a separate activity for each product. Include delivery date indicated in Section 011000 "Summary." Delivery dates indicated stipulate the earliest possible delivery date.

2. Work Restrictions: Show the effect of the following items on the schedule:
   a. Partial occupancy before Substantial Completion.
   b. Use-of-premises restrictions.
   c. Seasonal variations.
   d. Environmental control.

F. Milestones: Include milestones indicated in the Contract Documents in schedule, including, but not limited to, the Notice to Proceed, Substantial Completion, and Final Completion, and the following interim milestones:

1. Temporary enclosure and space conditioning.

G. Upcoming Work Summary: Prepare summary report indicating activities scheduled to occur or commence prior to submittal of next schedule update. Summarize the following issues:

1. Unresolved issues.
2. Unanswered Requests for Information.
3. Rejected or unreturned submittals.
4. Notations on returned submittals.
5. Pending modifications affecting the Work and the Contract Time.

H. Contractor’s Construction Schedule Updating: At monthly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule one week before each regularly scheduled progress meeting.

1. Revise schedule immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting.
2. Include a report with updated schedule that indicates every change, including, but not limited to, changes in logic, durations, actual starts and finishes, and activity durations.
3. As the Work progresses, indicate Final Completion percentage for each activity.

I. Recovery Schedule: When periodic update indicates the Work is 14 or more calendar days behind the current approved schedule, submit a separate recovery schedule indicating means by which Contractor intends to regain compliance with the schedule. Indicate changes to working hours, working days, crew sizes, equipment required to achieve compliance, and date by which recovery will be accomplished.

J. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Architect Owner, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.
1. Post copies in Project meeting rooms and temporary field offices.
2. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in performance of construction activities.

1.6 GANTT-CHART SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

A. Gantt-Chart Schedule: Submit a comprehensive, fully developed, horizontal, Gantt-chart-type, Contractor’s Construction Schedule within 30 days of date established for the Notice to Proceed.

B. Preparation: Indicate each significant construction activity separately. Identify first workday of each week with a continuous vertical line.

1. For construction activities that require three months or longer to complete, indicate an estimated completion percentage in 10 percent increments within time bar.

1.7 CPM SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

A. Prepare network diagrams using AON (activity-on-node) format.

B. Startup Network Diagram: Submit diagram within 14 days of date established for the Notice to Proceed. Outline significant construction activities for the first 90 days of construction. Include skeleton diagram for the remainder of the Work and a cash requirement prediction based on indicated activities.

C. CPM Schedule: Prepare Contractor’s Construction Schedule using a time-scaled CPM network analysis diagram for the Work.

1. Develop network diagram in sufficient time to submit CPM schedule, so it can be accepted for use no later than 60 days after date established for the Notice to Proceed.

   a. Failure to include any work item required for performance of this Contract shall not excuse Contractor from completing all work within applicable completion dates.

2. Conduct educational workshops to train and inform key Project personnel, including subcontractors’ personnel, in proper methods of providing data and using CPM schedule information.

3. Establish procedures for monitoring and updating CPM schedule and for reporting progress. Coordinate procedures with progress meeting and payment request dates.

4. Use “one workday” as the unit of time for individual activities. Indicate nonworking days and holidays incorporated into the schedule to coordinate with the Contract Time.

D. CPM Schedule Preparation: Prepare a list of all activities required to complete the Work. Using the startup network diagram, prepare a skeleton network to identify probable critical paths.

1. Activities: Indicate the estimated time duration, sequence requirements, and relationship of each activity in relation to other activities. Include estimated time frames for the following activities:

   a. Preparation and processing of submittals.
   b. Mobilization and demobilization.
   c. Purchase of materials.
   d. Delivery.
   e. Fabrication.
   f. Utility interruptions.
g. Installation.
h. Work by Owner that may affect or be affected by Contractor’s activities.
i. Testing and inspection.
j. Commissioning.
k. Punch list and Final Completion.
l. Activities occurring following Final Completion.

2. Critical Path Activities: Identify critical path activities, including those for interim completion dates. Scheduled start and completion dates shall be consistent with Contract milestone dates.

3. Processing: Process data to produce output data on a computer-drawn, time-scaled network. Revise data, reorganize activity sequences, and reproduce as often as necessary to produce the CPM schedule within the limitations of the Contract Time.

4. Format: Mark the critical path. Locate the critical path near center of network; locate paths with most float near the edges.
   a. Subnetworks on separate sheets are permissible for activities clearly off the critical path.

E. Contract Modifications: For each proposed contract modification and concurrent with its submission, prepare a time-impact analysis using a network fragment to demonstrate the effect of the proposed change on the overall Project schedule.

F. Initial Issue of Schedule: Prepare initial network diagram from a sorted activity list indicating straight "early start-total float." Identify critical activities. Prepare tabulated reports showing the following:

1. Contractor or subcontractor and the Work or activity.
2. Description of activity.
3. Main events of activity.
4. Immediate preceding and succeeding activities.
5. Early and late start dates.
6. Early and late finish dates.
7. Activity duration in workdays.
8. Total float or slack time.
10. Dollar value of activity (coordinated with the schedule of values).

G. Schedule Updating: Concurrent with making revisions to schedule, prepare tabulated reports showing the following:

1. Identification of activities that have changed.
2. Changes in early and late start dates.
3. Changes in early and late finish dates.
5. Changes in the critical path.
6. Changes in total float or slack time.

1.8 REPORTS

A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site:

1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
2. List of separate contractors at Project site.
3. Approximate count of personnel at Project site.
4. Equipment at Project site.
5. Material deliveries.
6. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions, including presence of rain or snow.
8. Accidents.
9. Meetings and significant decisions.
10. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
11. Meter readings and similar recordings.
13. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
14. Change Orders received and implemented.
15. Construction Change Directives received and implemented.
16. Services connected and disconnected.
17. Equipment or system tests and startups.
18. Partial completions and occupancies.
19. Substantial Completions authorized.

B. Site Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between site conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request for Information. Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 013233 - PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for the following:

2. Periodic construction photographs.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting photographic documentation as Project Record Documents at Project closeout.

1.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Digital Photographs: Submit image files within three days of taking photographs.

1. Submit photos on CD-ROM or thumb-drive. Include copy of key plan indicating each photograph’s location and direction.
2. Identification: Provide the following information with each image description in file metadata tag:
   a. Name of Project.
   b. Name and contact information for photographer.
   c. Name of Architect.
   d. Name of Contractor.
   e. Date photograph was taken.
   f. Description of location, vantage point, and direction.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Contractor Staff Photographer Qualifications: Contractor’s field personnel with training and experience in use of digital camera equipment and software.

1.4 FORMATS AND MEDIA

A. Digital Photographs: Provide color images in JPG format, produced by a digital camera with minimum sensor size of 12 megapixels, and at an image resolution of not less than 3200 by 2400 pixels. Use flash in low light levels or backlit conditions.

B. Digital Images: Submit digital media as originally recorded in the digital camera, without alteration, manipulation, editing, or modifications using image-editing software.

C. Metadata: Record accurate date and time from camera.

D. File Names: Name media files with date, Project area and sequential numbering suffix.

1.5 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

A. General: Take photographs with maximum depth of field and in focus.
B. Concealed Work Photographs: Before proceeding with installing work that will conceal other work, take photographs sufficient in number, with annotated descriptions, to record nature and location of concealed Work, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Underground utilities.
2. Underslab services.
3. Piping.
4. Electrical conduit.
5. Waterproofing and weather-resistant barriers.

C. Periodic Construction Photographs: Take not fewer than 24 photographs weekly. Select vantage points to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken.

1. Take additional photographs of spaces that contain utilities before enclosing finishes are installed.

D. Additional Photographs: Architect may request photographs in addition to periodic photographs specified.

1. Three days’ notice will be given, where feasible.
2. In emergency situations, take additional photographs within 24 hours of request.
3. Circumstances that could require additional photographs include, but are not limited to, the following:
   a. Special events planned at Project site.
   b. Immediate follow-up when on-site events result in construction damage or losses.
   c. Photographs shall be taken at fabrication locations away from Project site.
   d. Substantial Completion of a major phase or component of the Work.
SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Submittal schedule requirements.
2. Administrative and procedural requirements for submittals.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that require Architect's responsive action. Action submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "action submittals."

B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that do not require Architect's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements. Informational submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "informational submittals."

1.3 SUBMITTAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Use of Architect's Digital Data Files: Refer to requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination" for availability and usage of Architect's digital data files for Contractor's use.

1.4 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

A. Submittal Schedule: Submit, as an action submittal, a list of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or revisions to submittals noted by Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.

1.5 SUBMITTAL FORMATS

A. Submittal Information: Include the following information in each submittal:

1. Project name.
2. Date.
4. Name of Contractor.
5. Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
6. Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
7. Unique submittal number, including revision identifier. Include Specification Section number with sequential alphanumeric identifier and alphanumeric suffix for resubmittals.
8. Category and type of submittal.
10. Number and title of Specification Section, with paragraph number and generic name for each of multiple items.
11. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
12. Indication of full or partial submittal.
13. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
14. Other necessary identification.
15. Remarks.
16. Signature of transmitter.

B. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Architect.

C. Deviations and Additional Information: On each submittal, clearly indicate deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations; include relevant additional information and revisions, other than those requested by Architect on previous submittals. Indicate by highlighting on each submittal or noting on attached separate sheet.

D. Electronic Submittals: Prepare submittals as PDF package, incorporating complete information into each PDF file. Name PDF file with submittal number.

1.6 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

A. Prepare and submit submittals required by individual Specification Sections. Types of submittals are indicated in individual Specification Sections.

1. Email: Prepare submittals as PDF package and transmit to Architect by sending via email. Include PDF transmittal form. Include information in email subject line as requested by Architect.

B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.

1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
2. Submit all submittal items required for each Specification Section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
3. Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same Specification Section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
4. Schedule and sequence submittals for Work that depends on field measurements so complete and accurate field measurements are included in the submittal.
   a. Architect will return submittals involving Work for which field measurements are required if complete field measurements are not indicated in the submittal.

C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect’s receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.

1. Initial Review: Allow 15 days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
2. Resubmittal Review: Allow 15 days for review of each resubmittal.

D. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
E. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Architect’s action stamp.

1.7 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.

1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard published data are unsuitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
2. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
3. Include the following information, as applicable:

   a. Manufacturer’s catalog cuts.
   b. Manufacturer’s product specifications.
   c. Standard color charts.
   d. Statement of compliance with specified referenced standards.
   e. Testing by recognized testing agency.
   f. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
   g. Notation of coordination requirements.
   h. Availability and delivery time information.

4. For equipment, include the following in addition to the above, as applicable:

   a. Wiring diagrams that show factory-installed wiring.
   b. Printed performance curves.
   c. Operational range diagrams.
   d. Clearances required to other construction, if not indicated on accompanying Shop Drawings.

5. Submit Product Data before Shop Drawings, and before or concurrently with Samples.

B. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data unless submittal based on Architect’s digital data drawing files is otherwise permitted.

1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:

   a. Identification of products.
   b. Schedules.
   c. Compliance with specified standards.
   d. Notation of coordination requirements.
   e. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
   f. Relationship and attachment to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
   g. Seal and signature of professional engineer if specified.

C. Samples: Submit Samples for review of type, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other materials.

1. Transmit Samples that contain multiple, related components, such as accessories together in one submittal package.
2. Identification: Permanently attach label on unexposed side of Samples that includes the following:
   a. Project name and submittal number.
   b. Generic description of Sample.
   c. Product name and name of manufacturer.
   d. Sample source.
   e. Number and title of applicable Specification Section.
   f. Specification paragraph number and generic name of each item.

3. Email Transmittal: Provide PDF transmittal. Include digital image file illustrating Sample characteristics and identification information for record.

4. Disposition: Maintain sets of approved Samples at Project site, available for quality-control comparisons throughout the course of construction activity. Sample sets may be used to determine final acceptance of construction associated with each set.
   a. Samples that may be incorporated into the Work are indicated in individual Specification Sections. Such Samples must be in an undamaged condition at time of use.
   b. Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as Owner’s property, are the property of Contractor.

5. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer’s color charts consisting of units or sections of units, showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
   a. Number of Samples: Submit one full set of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer’s product line. Architect will return submittal with options selected.

6. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with material or product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.
   a. Number of Samples: Submit three sets of Samples unless otherwise indicated or directed. Architect will retain two Sample sets; remainder will be returned. Mark up and retain one returned Sample set as a project record Sample.
      1) Submit a single Sample where assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and other similar characteristics are to be demonstrated.
      2) If variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in material or product represented by a Sample, submit at least three sets of paired units that show approximate limits of variations.

D. Product Schedule: As required in individual Specification Sections, prepare a written summary indicating types of products required for the Work and their intended location.

E. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, contact information of architects and owners, and other information specified.
F. Design Data: Prepare and submit written and graphic information indicating compliance with indicated performance and design criteria in individual Specification Sections. Include list of assumptions and summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Number each page of submittal.

G. Certificates:

1. Certificates and Certifications Submittals: Submit a statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity. Provide a notarized signature where indicated.

2. Installer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead, certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.

3. Manufacturer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead, certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.

4. Material Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer’s letterhead, certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.

5. Product Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer’s letterhead, certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.


H. Test and Research Reports:

1. Compatibility Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for substrate preparation and primers required.

2. Field Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.

3. Material Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.

4. Preconstruction Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.

5. Product Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating that current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

6. Research Reports: Submit written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:

   a. Name of evaluation organization.
   b. Date of evaluation.
   c. Time period when report is in effect.
   d. Product and manufacturers' names.
   e. Description of product.
f. Test procedures and results.
g. Limitations of use.

1.8 DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES

A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.

1. If criteria indicated are insufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect.

B. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF file and three paper copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.

1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

1.9 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

A. Action Submittals and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.

B. Contractor's Approval: Indicate Contractor's approval for each submittal with a uniform approval stamp. Include name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

1. Architect will not review submittals received from Contractor that do not have Contractor's review and approval.

1.10 ARCHITECT'S REVIEW

A. Action Submittals: Architect will review each submittal, indicate corrections or revisions required, and return.

1. PDF Submittals: Architect will indicate, via markup on each submittal, the appropriate action, as follows:

   a. Final Unrestricted Release: Where the submittal is marked "No Exceptions," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with the Contract Documents. Final acceptance will depend on that compliance.

   b. Final-but-Restricted Release: Where the submittal is marked "Note Markings" or "Comments Attached," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies both with Architect's notations and corrections on the submittal and the Contract Documents. Final acceptance will depend on that compliance.

   c. Resubmit: Where the submittal is marked "Resubmit," do not proceed with the Work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery, or other activity for the product submitted. Revise or prepare a new submittal according to Architect's notations and corrections.
d. Rejected: Where the submittal is marked "Rejected," do not proceed with the Work covered by the submittal. Prepare a new submittal for a product that complies with the Contract Documents.

B. Informational Submittals: Architect will review each submittal and will not return it, or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Architect will forward each submittal to appropriate party.

C. Partial submittals prepared for a portion of the Work will be reviewed when use of partial submittals has received prior approval from Architect.

D. Incomplete submittals are unacceptable, will be considered nonresponsive, and will be returned for resubmittal without review.

E. Architect will return without review or discard submittals received from sources other than Contractor.

F. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents will be returned by Architect without action.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 014000 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for quality assurance and quality control.

B. Testing and inspection services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.

1. Specified tests, inspections, and related actions do not limit Contractor’s other quality-assurance and quality-control procedures that facilitate compliance with the Contract Document requirements.

2. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-assurance and quality-control services required by Architect, Owner, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Experienced: When used with an entity or individual, "experienced," unless otherwise further described, means having successfully completed a minimum of five previous projects similar in nature, size, and extent to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Field Quality-Control Tests and Inspections: Tests and inspections that are performed on-site for installation of the Work and for completed Work.

C. Installer/Applicator/Erector: Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, subcontractor, or sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, assembly, and similar operations.

1. Use of trade-specific terminology in referring to a Work result does not require that certain construction activities specified apply exclusively to specific trade(s).

D. Mockups: Full-size physical assemblies that are constructed either as freestanding temporary built elements or as part of permanent construction. Mockups are constructed to verify selections made under Sample submittals; to demonstrate aesthetic effects and qualities of materials and execution; to review coordination, testing, or operation; to show interface between dissimilar materials; and to demonstrate compliance with specified installation tolerances. Mockups are not Samples. Unless otherwise indicated, approved mockups establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.

1. Product Mockups: Mockups that may include multiple products, materials, or systems specified in a single Section.

2. In-Place Mockups: Mockups constructed on-site in their actual final location as part of permanent construction.

E. Preconstruction Testing: Tests and inspections performed specifically for Project before products and materials are incorporated into the Work, to verify performance or compliance with specified criteria. Unless otherwise indicated, copies of reports of tests or inspections performed for other than the Project do not meet this definition.
F. **Product Tests:** Tests and inspections that are performed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) according to 29 CFR 1910.7, by a testing agency accredited according to NIST's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), or by a testing agency qualified to conduct product testing and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, to establish product performance and compliance with specified requirements.

G. **Source Quality-Control Tests and Inspections:** Tests and inspections that are performed at the source (e.g., plant, mill, factory, or shop).

H. **Testing Agency:** An entity engaged to perform specific tests, inspections, or both. The term "testing laboratory" shall have the same meaning as the term "testing agency."

I. **Quality-Assurance Services:** Activities, actions, and procedures performed before and during execution of the Work, to guard against defects and deficiencies and substantiate that proposed construction will comply with requirements.

J. **Quality-Control Services:** Tests, inspections, procedures, and related actions during and after execution of the Work, to evaluate that actual products incorporated into the Work and completed construction comply with requirements. Contractor's quality-control services do not include contract administration activities performed by Architect.

1.3 **DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES**

A. **Performance and Design Criteria:** Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.

   1. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect.

B. **Delegated-Design Services Statement:** Submit a statement signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional, indicating that the products and systems are in compliance with performance and design criteria indicated. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

1.4 **CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS**

A. **Conflicting Standards and Other Requirements:** If compliance with two or more standards or requirements is specified and the standards or requirements establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, inform the Architect regarding the conflict and obtain clarification prior to proceeding with the Work. Refer conflicting requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Architect for clarification before proceeding.

B. **Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels:** The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of requirements. Refer uncertainties to Architect for a decision before proceeding.
1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Contractor’s Statement of Responsibility: When required by authorities having jurisdiction, submit copy of written statement of responsibility submitted to authorities having jurisdiction before starting work on the following systems:

1. Seismic-force-resisting system, designated seismic system, or component listed in the Statement of Special Inspections.
2. Primary wind-force-resisting system or a wind-resisting component listed in the Statement of Special Inspections.

B. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agencies specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include proof of qualifications in the form of a recent report on the inspection of the testing agency by a recognized authority.

C. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For Owner’s record, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

1.6 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

A. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports specified in other Sections. Include the following:

1. Date of issue.
2. Project title and number.
3. Name, address, telephone number, and email address of testing agency.
4. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
5. Names of individuals making tests and inspections.
6. Description of the Work and test and inspection method.
8. Complete test or inspection data.
9. Test and inspection results and an interpretation of test results.
10. Record of temperature and weather conditions at time of sample-taking and testing and inspection.
11. Comments or professional opinion on whether tested or inspected Work complies with the Contract Document requirements.
12. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
13. Recommendations on retesting and reinspecting.

B. Manufacturer’s Technical Representative’s Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer’s technical representative’s tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:

2. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
3. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
4. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
5. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
C. Factory-Authorized Service Representative's Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer’s factory-authorized service representative’s tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:

1. Statement that equipment complies with requirements.
2. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
3. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications paragraphs in this article establish the minimum qualification levels required; individual Specification Sections specify additional requirements.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing products or systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units. As applicable, procure products from manufacturers able to meet qualification requirements, warranty requirements, and technical or factory-authorized service representative requirements.

C. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing products similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.

D. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing, erecting, applying, or assembling work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

E. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of the system, assembly, or product that is similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.

F. Specialists: Certain Specification Sections require that specific construction activities shall be performed by entities who are recognized experts in those operations. Specialists shall satisfy qualification requirements indicated and shall be engaged in the activities indicated.

1. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction shall supersed requirements for specialists.

G. Testing and Inspecting Agency Qualifications: An NRTL, an NVLAP, or an independent agency with the experience and capability to conduct testing and inspection indicated, as documented in accordance with ASTM E329, and with additional qualifications specified in individual Sections; and, where required by authorities having jurisdiction, that is acceptable to authorities.

H. Manufacturer’s Technical Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to observe and inspect installation of manufacturer’s products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.

I. Preconstruction Testing: Where testing agency is indicated to perform preconstruction testing for compliance with specified requirements for performance and test methods, comply with the following:
1. Contractor's responsibilities, including the following:
   a. Provide test specimens representative of proposed products and construction.
   b. Submit specimens in a timely manner with sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
   c. Build laboratory mockups (if applicable) at testing facility, using personnel, products, and methods of construction indicated for the completed Work.
   d. When testing is complete, remove test specimens and test assemblies, mockups, and laboratory mockups if applicable; do not reuse products on Project.

2. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Submit a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-assurance service to Architect, with copy to Contractor. Interpret tests and inspections, and state in each report whether tested and inspected Work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.

J. Mockups: Before installing portions of the Work requiring mockups, build mockups for each form of construction and finish required to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for the completed Work:

   1. Build mockups of size indicated.
   2. Build mockups in location indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
   3. Notify Architect 10 days in advance of dates and times when mockups will be constructed.
   4. Employ supervisory personnel who will oversee mockup construction. Employ workers who will be employed to perform same tasks during the construction at Project.
   5. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
   6. Obtain Architect's approval of mockups before starting corresponding Work, fabrication, or construction.
      a. Allow seven days for initial review and each re-review of each mockup.
   7. Promptly correct unsatisfactory conditions noted by Architect's preliminary review, to the satisfaction of the Architect, before completion of final mockup.
   8. Approval of mockups by the Architect does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
   9. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
   10. Demolish and remove mockups when directed unless otherwise indicated.

1.8 QUALITY CONTROL

A. Owner Responsibilities: Where quality-control services are indicated as Owner's responsibility, Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform these services.

   1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names, addresses, and telephone numbers of testing agencies engaged and a description of types of testing and inspection they are engaged to perform.
   2. Costs for retesting and reinspecting construction that replaces or is necessitated by Work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents will be charged to Contractor, and the Contract Sum will be adjusted by Change Order.

B. Contractor Responsibilities: Tests and inspections not explicitly assigned to Owner are Contractor's responsibility. Perform additional quality-control activities, whether specified or not, to verify and document that the Work complies with requirements.
1. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform quality-control services.
   a. Contractor shall not employ same entity engaged by Owner, unless agreed to in writing by Owner.

2. Notify testing agencies at least 24 hours in advance of time when Work that requires testing or inspection will be performed.

3. Where quality-control services are indicated as Contractor’s responsibility, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each quality-control service.

4. Testing and inspection requested by Contractor and not required by the Contract Documents are Contractor’s responsibility.

5. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to authorities having jurisdiction, when they so direct.

C. Retesting/Reinspecting: Regardless of whether original tests or inspections were Contractor’s responsibility, provide quality-control services, including retesting and reinspecting, for construction that replaced Work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents.


1. Notify Architect and Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
2. Determine the locations from which test samples will be taken and in which in-situ tests are conducted.
3. Conduct and interpret tests and inspections, and state in each report whether tested and inspected Work complies with or deviates from requirements.
4. Submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service through Contractor.
5. Do not release, revoke, alter, or increase the Contract Document requirements or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
6. Do not perform duties of Contractor.

E. Manufacturer’s Field Services: Where indicated, engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including service connections. Report results in writing as specified in Section 013300 “Submittal Procedures.”

F. Manufacturer’s Technical Services: Where indicated, engage a manufacturer’s technical representative to observe and inspect the Work. Manufacturer’s technical representative’s services include participation in preinstallation conferences, examination of substrates and conditions, verification of materials, observation of Installer activities, inspection of completed portions of the Work, and submittal of written reports.

G. Contractor’s Associated Requirements and Services: Cooperate with agencies and representatives performing required tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Provide the following:

1. Access to the Work.
2. Incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate tests and inspections.
3. Adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing and inspection. Assist agency in obtaining samples.
4. Facilities for storage and field curing of test samples.
5. Preliminary design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by testing agency.
6. Security and protection for samples and for testing and inspection equipment at Project site.

H. Coordination: Coordinate sequence of activities to accommodate required quality-assurance and quality-control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspection.

1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.

1.9 SPECIAL TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

A. Special Tests and Inspections: Unless otherwise indicated in individual Specification Sections, Owner will engage a qualified testing agency or special inspector, as applicable or required, to conduct special tests and inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction as the responsibility of Owner, and as follows:

1. Verifying that manufacturer maintains detailed fabrication and quality-control procedures, and reviewing the completeness and adequacy of those procedures to perform the Work.
2. Notifying Architect and Contractor promptly of irregularities and deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
3. Submitting a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service to Architect with copy to Contractor and to authorities having jurisdiction.
4. Submitting a final report of special tests and inspections at Substantial Completion, which includes a list of unresolved deficiencies.
5. Interpreting tests and inspections, and stating in each report whether tested and inspected Work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 TEST AND INSPECTION LOG

A. Test and Inspection Log: Prepare a record of tests and inspections. Include the following:

1. Date test or inspection was conducted.
2. Description of the Work tested or inspected.
3. Date test or inspection results were transmitted to Architect.
4. Identification of testing agency or special inspector conducting test or inspection.

B. Maintain log at Project site. Post changes and revisions as they occur. Provide access to test and inspection log for Architect’s and authorities’ having jurisdiction reference during normal working hours.

1. Submit log at Project closeout as part of Project Record Documents.

3.2 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

A. General: On completion of testing, inspection, sample-taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
1. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Specification Sections or matching existing substrates and finishes. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with the Contract Document requirements for cutting and patching in Section 017300 "Execution."

B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities.

C. Repair and protection are Contractor’s responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for quality-control services.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DEFINITIONS

A. General: Basic Contract definitions are included in the Conditions of the Contract.

B. "Approved": When used to convey Architect's action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "approved" is limited to Architect's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.

C. "Directed": A command or instruction by Architect. Other terms including "requested," "authorized," "selected," "required," and "permitted" have the same meaning as "directed."

D. "Indicated": Requirements expressed by graphic representations or in written form on Drawings, in Specifications, and in other Contract Documents. Other terms including "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" have the same meaning as "indicated."

E. "Regulations": Laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, and rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.

F. "Furnish": Supply and deliver to Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.

G. "Install": Unload, temporarily store, unpack, assemble, erect, place, anchor, apply, work to dimension, finish, cure, protect, clean, and similar operations at Project site.

H. "Provide": Furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.

I. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.

1.2 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.

B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.

C. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project should be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.

1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.
1.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities indicated in Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations: National Organizations of the U.S." or in Columbia Books' "National Trade & Professional Associations of the United States."

B. Code Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. This information is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.

1. DIN - Deutsches Institut fur Normung e.V.; www.din.de.
2. IAPMO - International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials; www.iapmo.org.

C. Federal Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Information is subject to change and is up to date as of the date of the Contract Documents.

1. COE - Army Corps of Engineers; www.usace.army.mil.
3. DOC - Department of Commerce; National Institute of Standards and Technology; www.nist.gov.
5. DOE - Department of Energy; www.energy.gov.
6. EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; www.epa.gov.
7. FAA - Federal Aviation Administration; www.faa.gov.
11. LBL - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory; Environmental Energy Technologies Division; www.eetd.lbl.gov.
12. OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration; www.osha.gov.
13. SD - Department of State; www.state.gov.
15. USDA - Department of Agriculture; Agriculture Research Service; U.S. Salinity Laboratory; www.ars.usda.gov.
16. USDA - Department of Agriculture; Rural Utilities Service; www.usda.gov.
17. USDOJ - Department of Justice; Office of Justice Programs; National Institute of Justice; www.ojp.usdoj.gov.

D. Standards and Regulations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the standards and regulations in the following list. This information is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.

2. DOD - Department of Defense; Military Specifications and Standards; Available from DLA Document Services; www.quicksearch.dla.mil.
3. DSCC - Defense Supply Center Columbus; (See FS).
4. FED-STD - Federal Standard; (See FS).
6. MILSPEC - Military Specification and Standards; (See DOD).
7. USAB - United States Access Board; www.access-board.gov.
8. USATBCB - U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board; (See USAB).

E. State Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection facilities.

1.2 USE CHARGES

A. Installation, removal, and use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum unless otherwise indicated. Allow other entities engaged in the Project to use temporary services and facilities without cost, including, but not limited to, Owner’s construction forces if applicable, Architect, occupants of Project, testing agencies, and authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Sewer Service: Pay sewer-service use charges for sewer usage by all entities for construction operations.

C. Water Service: Pay water-service use charges for water used by all entities for construction operations.

D. Electric Power Service: Pay electric-power-service use charges for electricity used by all entities for construction operations.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Fire-Safety Program: Show compliance with requirements of NFPA 241 and authorities having jurisdiction. Indicate Contractor personnel responsible for management of fire-prevention program.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electric Service: Comply with NECA, NEMA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service to comply with NFPA 70.

B. Tests and Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to test and inspect each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Engage Installer of each permanent service to assume responsibility for operation, maintenance, and protection of each permanent service during its use as a construction facility before Owner’s acceptance, regardless of previously assigned responsibilities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

A. Field Offices: Prefabricated or mobile units with serviceable finishes, temperature controls, and foundations adequate for normal loading.

B. Common-Use Field Office: Of sufficient size to accommodate needs of Owner, Architect, and construction personnel office activities and to accommodate Project meetings specified in other Division 01 Sections. Keep office clean and orderly. Furnish and equip offices as follows:
1. Furniture required for Project-site documents, including file cabinets, plan tables, plan racks, and bookcases.
2. Conference room of sufficient size to accommodate meetings of 10 individuals or as necessary to accommodate Project participants. Provide electrical power service and 120-V ac duplex receptacles, with no fewer than one receptacle on each wall. Furnish room with conference table, chairs, and 4-foot (1.2-m-) square tack and marker boards.
3. Drinking water and private toilet.
4. Heating and cooling equipment necessary to maintain a uniform indoor temperature of 68 to 72 deg F (20 to 22 deg C).
5. Lighting fixtures capable of maintaining average illumination of 20 fc (215 lx) at desk height.

2.2 EQUIPMENT

A. Fire Extinguishers: Portable, UL rated; with class and extinguishing agent as required by locations and classes of fire exposures.

B. Self-Contained Toilet Units: Single-occupant units of chemical, aerated recirculation, or combustion type; vented; fully enclosed with a glass-fiber-reinforced polyester shell or similar nonabsorbent material.

C. HVAC Equipment: Unless Owner authorizes use of permanent HVAC system, provide vented, self-contained, liquid-propane-gas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.

1. Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open-flame heaters, or salamander-type heating units is prohibited.
2. Heating, Cooling, and Dehumidifying Units: Listed and labeled for type of fuel being consumed, by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended location and application.
3. Permanent HVAC System: If Owner authorizes use of permanent HVAC system for temporary use during construction, provide filter with MERV of 8 at each return-air grille in system and remove at end of construction.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 TEMPORARY FACILITIES, GENERAL

A. Conservation: Coordinate construction and use of temporary facilities with consideration given to conservation of energy, water, and materials. Coordinate use of temporary utilities to minimize waste.

1. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated into, the Work. See other Sections for disposition of salvaged materials that are designated as Owner’s property.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Locate facilities where they will serve Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required by progress of the Work.

B. Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.
3.3 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

A. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.
   1. Arrange with utility company, Owner, and existing users for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.

B. Sewers and Drainage: Provide temporary utilities to remove effluent lawfully.
   1. Connect temporary sewers to municipal system as directed by authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Water Service: Install water service and distribution piping in sizes and pressures adequate for construction.

D. Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary toilets, wash facilities, safety shower and eyewash facilities, and drinking water for use of construction personnel. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
   1. Temporary Toilets: Provide self-contained toilet units.

E. Temporary Heating and Cooling: Provide temporary heating and cooling required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protecting installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed.
   1. Provide temporary dehumidification systems when required to reduce ambient and substrate moisture levels to level required to allow installation or application of finishes and their proper curing or drying.

F. Electric Power Service: Provide electric power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics required for construction operations.
   1. Install electric power service overhead unless otherwise indicated.

G. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching that provides adequate illumination for construction operations, observations, inspections, and traffic conditions.
   1. Install and operate temporary lighting that fulfills security and protection requirements without operating entire system.

H. Telephone Service: Provide temporary telephone service in common-use facilities for use by all construction personnel. Install WiFi cell phone access equipment and at least one land-based telephone line for each field office.

I. Electronic Communication Service: Provide secure WiFi wireless connection to internet with provisions for access by Architect and Owner.

J. Project Computer: Provide a desktop computer in the primary field office adequate for use by Architect and Owner to access Project electronic documents and maintain electronic communications. Equip computer with not less than the following:
   1. Processor: Intel Core i5 or i7.

4. Display: 24-inch (610-mm) LCD monitor with 256-Mb dedicated video RAM.

5. Full-size keyboard and mouse.

6. Network Connectivity: 10/100BaseT Ethernet or Gigabit.


8. Productivity Software:
   a. Microsoft Office Professional, 2013 or higher, including Word, Excel, and Outlook.
   b. Adobe Reader DC.
   c. WinZip 10.0 or higher.

9. Printer: "All-in-one" unit equipped with printer server, combining color printing, photocopying, scanning, and faxing, or separate units for each of these three functions.

10. Internet Service: Broadband modem, router, and ISP, equipped with hardware firewall, providing minimum 10.0-Mbps upload and 15-Mbps download speeds at each computer.

11. Internet Security: Integrated software, providing software firewall, virus, spyware, phishing, and spam protection in a combined application.


3.4 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

A. Comply with the following:

1. Provide construction for temporary field offices, shops, and sheds located within construction area or within 30 feet (9 m) of building lines that is noncombustible in accordance with ASTM E136. Comply with NFPA 241.

2. Maintain support facilities until Architect schedules Substantial Completion inspection. Remove before Substantial Completion. Personnel remaining after Substantial Completion will be permitted to use permanent facilities, under conditions acceptable to Owner.

B. Temporary Roads and Paved Areas: Construct and maintain temporary roads and paved areas adequate for construction operations. Locate temporary roads and paved areas within construction limits indicated on Drawings.

1. Provide dust-control treatment that is nonpolluting and nontracking. Reapply treatment as required to minimize dust.

C. Traffic Controls: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Protect existing site improvements to remain, including curbs, pavement, and utilities.

2. Maintain access for fire-fighting equipment and access to fire hydrants.

D. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Maintain Project site, excavations, and construction free of water.

1. Dispose of rainwater in a lawful manner that will not result in flooding Project or adjoining properties or endanger permanent Work or temporary facilities.

2. Remove snow and ice as required to minimize accumulations.
E. Project Signs: Provide Project signs as indicated. Unauthorized signs are not permitted.

1. Identification Signs: Provide Project identification signs approximately 5 feet by 8 feet in size, with lettering and graphics identifying the Project and project participants, as directed by Architect.
   a. Engage an experienced sign painter to apply graphics for Project identification signs.
   b. Construct signs of exterior-type Grade B-B high-density concrete form overlay plywood in sizes and thicknesses indicated. Support on posts or framing of preservative-treated wood or steel.
   c. Paint sign panel and applied graphics with exterior-grade gloss enamel over exterior primer.

2. Temporary Signs: Provide other signs as indicated and as required to inform public and individuals seeking entrance to Project.
   a. Provide temporary, directional signs for construction personnel and visitors.

3. Maintain and touch up signs so they are legible at all times.

F. Waste Disposal Facilities: Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."

3.5 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

A. Protection of Existing Facilities: Protect existing vegetation, equipment, structures, utilities, and other improvements at Project site and on adjacent properties, except those indicated to be removed or altered. Repair damage to existing facilities.

1. Where access to adjacent properties is required in order to affect protection of existing facilities, obtain written permission from adjacent property owner to access property for that purpose.

B. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction as required to comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.

C. Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Provide measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff and airborne dust to undisturbed areas and to adjacent properties and walkways, according to erosion- and sedimentation-control Drawings if applicable; or requirements of EPA Construction General Permit or authorities having jurisdiction, whichever is more stringent.

1. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross tree- or plant-protection zones.
2. Inspect, repair, and maintain erosion- and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
3. Clean, repair, and restore adjoining properties and roads affected by erosion and sedimentation from Project site during the course of Project.
4. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls, and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.

D. Stormwater Control: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Provide barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction to prevent flooding by runoff of stormwater from heavy rains.
E. Security Enclosure and Lockup: Install temporary enclosure around partially completed areas of construction. Provide lockable entrances to prevent unauthorized entrance, vandalism, theft, and similar violations of security. Lock entrances at end of each workday.

F. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for erecting structurally adequate barricades, including warning signs and lighting.

G. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weathertight enclosure for building exterior.

1. Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is incomplete, insulate temporary enclosures.

H. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 241; manage fire-prevention program.

1. Prohibit smoking in construction areas. Comply with additional limits on smoking specified in other Sections.
2. Supervise welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition in accordance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Develop and supervise an overall fire-prevention and -protection program for personnel at Project site. Review needs with local fire department and establish procedures to be followed. Instruct personnel in methods and procedures. Post warnings and information.

3.6 MOISTURE AND MOLD CONTROL

A. Moisture and Mold Protection: Protect stored materials and installed Work.

B. Exposed Construction Period: Before installation of weather barriers, when materials are subject to wetting and exposure and to airborne mold spores, protect as follows:

1. Protect porous materials from water damage.
2. Protect stored and installed material from flowing or standing water.
3. Keep porous and organic materials from coming into prolonged contact with concrete.
4. Remove standing water from decks.
5. Keep deck openings covered or dammed.

C. Partially Enclosed Construction Period: After installation of weather barriers but before full enclosure and conditioning of building, when installed materials are still subject to infiltration of moisture and ambient mold spores, protect as follows:

1. Do not load or install drywall or other porous materials or components, or items with high organic content, into partially enclosed building.
2. Keep interior spaces reasonably clean and protected from water damage.
3. Periodically collect and remove waste containing cellulose or other organic matter.
4. Discard or replace water-damaged material.
5. Do not install material that is wet.
6. Discard and replace stored or installed material that begins to grow mold.
7. Perform work in a sequence that allows wet materials adequate time to dry before enclosing the material in gypsum board or other interior finishes.
D. Controlled Construction Period: After completing and sealing of the building enclosure but prior to the full operation of permanent HVAC systems, maintain as follows:

1. Control moisture and humidity inside building by maintaining effective dry-in conditions.
2. Use temporary or permanent HVAC system to control humidity within ranges specified for installed and stored materials.
3. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, relative humidity, and exposure to water limits.

3.7 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

A. Supervision: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. To minimize waste and abuse, limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses.

B. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal.

1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.

C. Temporary Facility Changeover: Do not change over from using temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion.

D. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when need for its service has ended, when it has been replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.

1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are property of Contractor. Owner reserves right to take possession of Project identification signs.
2. At Substantial Completion, repair, renovate, and clean permanent facilities used during construction period. Comply with final cleaning requirements specified in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."

END OF SECTION
SECTION 016000 - PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for selection of products for use in Project; product delivery, storage, and handling; manufacturers' standard warranties on products; special warranties; and comparable products.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for requests for substitutions.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Products: Items obtained for incorporating into the Work, whether purchased for Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.

1. Named Products: Items identified by manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation shown or listed in manufacturer's published product literature that is current as of date of the Contract Documents.

2. New Products: Items that have not previously been incorporated into another project or facility. Salvaged items or items reused from other projects are not considered new products. Items that are manufactured or fabricated to include recycled content materials are considered new products, unless indicated otherwise.

3. Comparable Product: Product by named manufacturer that is demonstrated and approved through the comparable product submittal process described in Part 2 "Comparable Products" Article, to have the indicated qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics that equal or exceed those of specified product.

B. Basis-of-Design Product Specification: A specification in which a single manufacturer's product is named and accompanied by the words "basis-of-design product," including make or model number or other designation. Published attributes and characteristics of basis-of-design product establish salient characteristics of products.

1. Evaluation of Comparable Products: In addition to the basis-of-design product description, product attributes and characteristics may be listed to establish the significant qualities related to type, function, in-service performance and physical properties, weight, dimension, durability, visual characteristics, and other special features and requirements for purposes of evaluating comparable products of additional manufacturers named in the specification. Manufacturer's published attributes and characteristics of basis-of-design product also establish salient characteristics of products for purposes of evaluating comparable products.

C. Subject to Compliance with Requirements: Where the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements" introduces a product selection procedure in an individual Specification Section, provide products qualified under the specified product procedure. In the event that a named product or product by a named manufacturer does not meet the other requirements of the specifications, select another named product or product from another named manufacturer that does meet the requirements of the specifications; submit a comparable product request or substitution request, if applicable.
D. Comparable Product Request Submittal: An action submittal requesting consideration of a comparable product, including the following information:

1. Identification of basis-of-design product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced, including Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
2. Data indicating compliance with the requirements specified in Part 2 "Comparable Products" Article.

E. Basis-of-Design Product Specification Submittal: An action submittal complying with requirements in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."

F. Substitution: Refer to Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for definition and limitations on substitutions.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Options: If Contractor is given option of selecting between two or more products for use on Project, select product compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.

1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle products, using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft and vandalism. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions.

1.5 PRODUCT WARRANTIES

A. Warranties specified in other Sections shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer’s disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.

1. Manufacturer’s Warranty: Written standard warranty form furnished by individual manufacturer for a particular product and issued in the name of the Owner or endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.
2. Special Warranty: Written warranty required by the Contract Documents to provide specific rights for Owner and issued in the name of the Owner or endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.

B. Special Warranties: Prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution.

1. Manufacturer’s Standard Form: Modified to include Project-specific information and properly executed.
2. Specified Form: When specified forms are included in the Project Manual, prepare a written document, using indicated form properly executed.
3. See other Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION PROCEDURES

A. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, are new at time of installation.
1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, fasteners, and other items needed for a complete installation and indicated use and effect.

2. Standard Products: If available, and unless custom products or nonstandard options are specified, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.

3. Owner reserves the right to limit selection to products with warranties meeting requirements of the Contract Documents.

4. Where products are accompanied by the term "as selected," Architect will make selection.


6. Or Equal: For products specified by name and accompanied by the term "or equal," "or approved equal," or "or approved," comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article to obtain approval for use of an unnamed product.

   a. Submit additional documentation required by Architect in order to establish equivalency of proposed products. Unless otherwise indicated, evaluation of "or equal" product status is by the Architect, whose determination is final.

B. Product Selection Procedures:

1. Sole Product: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer and product, provide the named product that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.

   a. Sole product may be indicated by the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following."

2. Sole Manufacturer/Source: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer or source, provide a product by the named manufacturer or source that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.

   a. Sole manufacturer/source may be indicated by the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following."

3. Limited List of Products: Where Specifications include a list of names of both manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered unless otherwise indicated.

   a. Limited list of products may be indicated by the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following."

4. Non-Limited List of Products: Where Specifications include a list of names of both available manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed or an unnamed product that complies with requirements.

   a. Non-limited list of products is indicated by the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following."

   b. Provision of an unnamed product is not considered a substitution, if the product complies with requirements.
5. Limited List of Manufacturers: Where Specifications include a list of manufacturers' names, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered unless otherwise indicated.
   a. Limited list of manufacturers is indicated by the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following."

6. Non-Limited List of Manufacturers: Where Specifications include a list of available manufacturers, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed or a product by an unnamed manufacturer that complies with requirements.
   a. Non-limited list of manufacturers is indicated by the phrase "Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers whose products may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following."
   b. Provision of products of an unnamed manufacturer is not considered a substitution, if the product complies with requirements.

7. Basis-of-Design Product: Where Specifications name a product, or refer to a product indicated on Drawings, and include a list of manufacturers, provide the specified or indicated product or a comparable product by one of the other named manufacturers. Drawings and Specifications may additionally indicate sizes, profiles, dimensions, and other characteristics that are based on the product named. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product by one of the other named manufacturers.
   a. For approval of products by unnamed manufacturers, comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for substitutions for convenience.
   b. Where Specifications name a basis-of-design product, or refer to a basis-of-design product indicated on Drawings, and other products or manufacturers are not listed, provide the specified or indicated product or an approved comparable product. Comply with requirements in comparable product submittal requirements for consideration of a product by another manufacturer.

C. Visual Matching Specification: Where Specifications require the phrase "match Architect's sample," provide a product that complies with requirements and matches Architect's sample. Architect's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches.
   1. If no product available within specified category matches and complies with other specified requirements, comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" for proposal of product.

D. Visual Selection Specification: Where Specifications include the phrase "as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range" or a similar phrase, select a product that complies with requirements. Architect will select color, gloss, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that includes both standard and premium items.

2.2 COMPARABLE PRODUCTS

A. Conditions for Consideration of Comparable Products: Architect will consider Contractor's request for comparable product when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect may return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with the following requirements:
1. Evidence that proposed product does not require revisions to the Contract Documents, is consistent with the Contract Documents, will produce the indicated results, and is compatible with other portions of the Work.

2. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed product with those of the named basis-of-design product. Significant product qualities include attributes, such as type, function, in-service performance and physical properties, weight, dimension, durability, visual characteristics, and other specific features and requirements.

3. Evidence that proposed product provides specified warranty.

4. List of similar installations for completed projects, with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners, if requested.

5. Samples, if requested.

B. Architect's Action on Comparable Products Submittal: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation, as specified in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."

1. Form of Approval of Submittal: As specified in Section 013300 "Submittal Procedures."

2. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a comparable product request within time allocated.

C. Submittal Requirements, Two-Step Process: Approval by the Architect of Contractor's request for use of comparable product is not intended to satisfy other submittal requirements. Comply with specified submittal requirements.

D. Submittal Requirements, Single-Step Process: When acceptable to Architect, incorporate specified submittal requirements of individual Specification Section in combined submittal for comparable products. Approval by the Architect of Contractor's request for use of comparable product and of individual submittal requirements will also satisfy other submittal requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 017300 - EXECUTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: General administrative and procedural requirements governing execution of the Work, including, but not limited to, the following:

2. Field engineering and surveying.
3. Installation of the Work.
4. Cutting and patching.
5. Coordination of Owner’s portion of the Work.
6. Coordination of Owner-installed products.
7. Progress cleaning.
8. Starting and adjusting.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 011000 "Summary" for coordination of Owner-furnished products, Owner-performed work, Owner’s separate contracts, and limits on use of Project site.
2. Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting final property survey with Project Record Documents, recording of Owner-accepted deviations from indicated lines and levels, replacing defective work, and final cleaning.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Cutting: Removal of in-place construction necessary to permit installation or performance of subsequent work.

B. Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore construction to original conditions after installation of subsequent work.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Certified Surveys: Submit two copies signed by land surveyor.

B. Certificates: Submit certificate signed by land surveyor, certifying that location and elevation of improvements comply with requirements.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Final Property Survey: Submit 10 copies showing the Work performed and record survey data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Land Surveyor Qualifications: A professional land surveyor who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing land-surveying services of the kind indicated.
B. Cutting and Patching: Comply with requirements for and limitations on cutting and patching of construction elements.

1. Visual Elements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch exposed construction in a manner that would, in Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Obtain and maintain on-site manufacturer's written recommendations and instructions for installation of specified products and equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.

B. In-Place Materials: Use materials for patching identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.

   1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will provide a match acceptable to Architect for the visual and functional performance of in-place materials. Use materials that are not considered hazardous.

C. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities, mechanical and electrical systems, and other construction affecting the Work.

   1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, gas service piping, and water-service piping; underground electrical services; and other utilities.

   2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.

B. Examination and Acceptance of Conditions: Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.

   1. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.

   2. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
3. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.

C. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
   1. Description of the Work, including Specification Section number and paragraph, and Drawing sheet number and detail, where applicable.
   2. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
   3. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
   4. Recommended corrections.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.

C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.

D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Architect in accordance with requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination."

3.3 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

A. Verification: Before proceeding to lay out the Work, verify layout information shown on Drawings, in relation to the property survey and existing benchmarks and existing conditions. If discrepancies are discovered, notify Architect promptly.

B. Engage a land surveyor experienced in laying out the Work, using the following accepted surveying practices:
   1. Establish benchmarks and control points to set lines and levels at each story of construction and elsewhere as needed to locate each element of Project.
   2. Establish limits on use of Project site.
   3. Establish dimensions within tolerances indicated. Do not scale Drawings to obtain required dimensions.
   4. Inform installers of lines and levels to which they must comply.
   5. Check the location, level and plumb, of every major element as the Work progresses.
   6. Notify Architect when deviations from required lines and levels exceed allowable tolerances.
   7. Close site surveys with an error of closure equal to or less than the standard established by authorities having jurisdiction.
C. Site Improvements: Locate and lay out site improvements, including pavements, grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes, and rim and invert elevations.

D. Building Lines and Levels: Locate and lay out control lines and levels for structures, building foundations, and floor levels, including those required for mechanical and electrical work. Transfer survey markings and elevations for use with control lines and levels. Level foundations and piers from two or more locations.

E. Record Log: Maintain a log of layout control work. Record deviations from required lines and levels. Include beginning and ending dates and times of surveys, weather conditions, name and duty of each survey party member, and types of instruments and tapes used. Make the log available for reference by Architect.

3.4 FIELD ENGINEERING

A. Reference Points: Locate existing permanent benchmarks, control points, and similar reference points before beginning the Work. Preserve and protect permanent benchmarks and control points during construction operations.

1. Do not change or relocate existing benchmarks or control points without prior written approval of Architect. Report lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks or control points promptly. Report the need to relocate permanent benchmarks or control points to Architect before proceeding.

2. Replace lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks and control points promptly. Base replacements on the original survey control points.

B. Benchmarks: Establish and maintain a minimum of two permanent benchmarks on Project site, referenced to data established by survey control points. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type and size of benchmark.

1. Record benchmark locations, with horizontal and vertical data, on Project Record Documents.

2. Where the actual location or elevation of layout points cannot be marked, provide temporary reference points sufficient to locate the Work.

3. Remove temporary reference points when no longer needed. Restore marked construction to its original condition.

C. Certified Survey: On completion of foundation walls, major site improvements, and other work requiring field-engineering services, prepare a certified survey showing dimensions, locations, angles, and elevations of construction and sitework.

D. Final Property Survey: Engage a land surveyor to prepare a final property survey showing significant features (real property) for Project. Include on the survey a certification, signed by land surveyor, that principal metes, bounds, lines, and levels of Project are accurately positioned as shown on the survey.

1. Show boundary lines, monuments, streets, site improvements and utilities, existing improvements and significant vegetation, adjoining properties, acreage, grade contours, and the distance and bearing from a site corner to a legal point.

3.5 INSTALLATION

A. Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.

1. Make vertical work plumb, and make horizontal work level.
2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas unless otherwise indicated.
4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance of 96 inches (2440 mm) in occupied spaces and 90 inches (2300 mm) in unoccupied spaces, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

B. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.

C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure satisfactory results as judged by Architect. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.

D. Conduct construction operations, so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy of type expected for Project.

E. Sequence the Work and allow adequate clearances to accommodate movement of construction items on-site and placement in permanent locations.

F. Tools and Equipment: Select tools or equipment that minimize production of excessive noise levels.

G. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for Work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other portions of the Work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.

H. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions with manufacturer.

1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Architect.
2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
3. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed Work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect, as judged by Architect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.

J. Repair or remove and replace damaged, defective, or nonconforming Work.

1. Comply with Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for repairing or removing and replacing defective Work.

3.6 CUTTING AND PATCHING

A. General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.
1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.

B. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during installation or cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

C. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of Work to be cut.

D. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.

E. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer’s written recommendations.

1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots neatly to minimum size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.

2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.

3. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.

4. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.

F. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other Work. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as practicable, as judged by Architect. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections, where applicable.

1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate physical integrity of installation.

2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.

   a. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials.

   b. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.

   a. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, prepare substrate and apply primer and intermediate paint coats appropriate for substrate over the patch, and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch, corner to corner of wall and edge to edge of ceiling. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.
4. **Ceilings:** Patch, repair, or rehang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.

5. **Exterior Building Enclosure:** Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weathertight condition and ensures thermal and moisture integrity of building enclosure.

G. **Cleaning:** Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials from adjacent finished surfaces.

3.7 **COORDINATION OF OWNER’S PORTION OF THE WORK**

A. **Site Access:** Provide access to Project site for Owner’s construction personnel and Owner’s separate contractors.

1. Provide temporary facilities required for Owner-furnished, Contractor-installed and Owner-furnished, Owner-installed products.

2. Refer to Section 011000 "Summary" for other requirements for Owner-furnished, Contractor-installed products.

B. **Coordination:** Coordinate construction and operations of the Work with work performed by Owner’s construction personnel and Owner’s separate contractors.

1. **Construction Schedule:** Inform Owner of Contractor’s preferred construction schedule for Owner’s portion of the Work. Adjust construction schedule based on a mutually agreeable timetable. Notify Owner if changes to schedule are required due to differences in actual construction progress.

3.8 **PROGRESS CLEANING**

A. **Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.**


2. Do not hold waste materials more than seven days during normal weather or three days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F (27 deg C).

3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.

   a. Use containers intended for holding waste materials of type to be stored.

B. **Site:** Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.

C. **Work Areas:** Clean areas where Work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.

1. Remove liquid spills promptly.

2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.

D. **Installed Work:** Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.

F. Exposed Surfaces: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

G. Waste Disposal: Do not bury or burn waste materials on-site. Do not wash waste materials down sewers or into waterways. Comply with waste disposal requirements in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."

H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.

J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to ensure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

3.9 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

A. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.

B. Adjust equipment for proper operation. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding.

C. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

D. Manufacturer’s Field Service: Comply with qualification requirements in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements."

3.10 PROTECTION AND REPAIR OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

B. Repair Work previously completed and subsequently damaged during construction period. Repair to like-new condition.

C. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 017419 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
   1. Recycling nonhazardous construction waste.
   2. Disposing of nonhazardous construction waste.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Construction Waste: Building and structure materials and other solid waste resulting from construction operations. Construction waste includes packaging.

B. Disposal: Removal of construction waste and subsequent salvage, sale, recycling, or deposit in landfill, incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Recycle: Recovery of demolition or construction waste for subsequent processing in preparation for reuse.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Achieve end-of-Project rates for salvage/recycling of non-hazardous solid waste generated by the Work to the maximum extent possible. Practice efficient waste management in the use of materials in the course of the Work. Use all reasonable means to divert construction waste from landfills and incinerators. Facilitate recycling and salvage of materials.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WASTE MANAGEMENT IMPLEMENTATION

A. General: Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.

B. Training: Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work.

C. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.

   1. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged and recycled.
   2. Comply with Section 015000 “Temporary Facilities and Controls” for controlling dust and dirt, environmental protection, and noise control.

3.2 RECYCLING CONSTRUCTION WASTE, GENERAL

A. General: Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
B. Recycling Incentives: Revenues, savings, rebates, tax credits, and other incentives received for recycling waste materials shall accrue to Contractor.

C. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris. Separate recyclable waste by type at Project site to the maximum extent practical according to approved construction waste management plan.

1. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
   a. Inspect containers and bins for contamination and remove contaminated materials if found.

2. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
3. Stockpile materials away from construction area. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.
4. Store components off the ground and protect from the weather.
5. Remove recyclable waste from Owner’s property and transport to recycling receiver or processor as often as required to prevent overfilling bins.

3.3 RECYCLING CONSTRUCTION WASTE

A. Packaging:

1. Cardboard and Boxes: Break down packaging into flat sheets. Bundle and store in a dry location.
3. Pallets: As much as possible, require deliveries using pallets to remove pallets from Project site. For pallets that remain on-site, break down pallets into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.
4. Crates: Break down crates into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.

B. Wood Materials:

1. Clean Cut-Offs of Lumber: Grind or chip into small pieces.
2. Clean Sawdust: Bag sawdust that does not contain painted or treated wood.

C. Gypsum Board: Stack large clean pieces on wood pallets or in container and store in a dry location.

D. Paint: Stack large clean pieces on wood pallets or in container and store in a dry location.

3.4 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged or recycled, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Except as otherwise specified, do not allow waste materials that are to be disposed of to accumulate on-site.
2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
B. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 017700 - CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for Contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Substantial Completion procedures.
2. Final completion procedures.
3. Warranties.
4. Final cleaning.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for additional operation and maintenance manual requirements.
2. Section 017839 "Project Record Documents" for submitting Record Drawings, Record Specifications, and Record Product Data.
3. Section 017900 "Demonstration and Training" for requirements to train the Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain products, equipment, and systems.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of cleaning agent.

B. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.

C. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Certificates of Release: From authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Certificate of Insurance: For continuing coverage.

1.4 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (Contractor's "punch list"), indicating the value of each item on the list and reasons why the Work is incomplete.

B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 10 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.

1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction, permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including Project Record Documents, operation and maintenance manuals, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by Owner. Label with manufacturer's name and model number.
5. Submit testing, adjusting, and balancing records.
6. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.

C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 10 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.

1. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
3. Complete startup and testing of systems and equipment.
4. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.
5. Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems.
6. Advise Owner of changeover in utility services.
7. Participate with Owner in conducting inspection and walkthrough with local emergency responders.
8. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
9. Complete final cleaning requirements.
10. Touch up paint and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.

D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of 10 days prior to date the Work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Architect, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

1.5 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting final inspection for determining Final Completion, complete the following:

1. Submit a final Application for Payment in accordance with Section 012900 "Payment Procedures."
2. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of Architect's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Architect. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance a minimum of 10 days prior to date the Work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

1.6 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS

A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.

1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order, starting with exterior areas first, listed by room or space number.
2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceilings, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
   a. Project name.
   b. Date.
   c. Name of Architect.
   d. Name of Contractor.
   e. Page number.

4. Submit list of incomplete items in the following format:

1.7 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of Architect for designated portions of the Work where warranties are indicated to commence on dates other than date of Substantial Completion, or when delay in submittal of warranties might limit Owner's rights under warranty.

B. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of Project Manual.

C. Warranty Electronic File: Provide warranties and bonds in PDF format. Assemble complete warranty and bond submittal package into a single electronic PDF file with bookmarks enabling navigation to each item. Provide bookmarked table of contents at beginning of document.

1. Submit on digital media acceptable to Owner.

D. Warranties in Paper Form:

1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper.

E. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FINAL CLEANING

A. General: Perform final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.

B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a designated portion of Project:

   a. Clean Project site of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
   b. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
   c. Remove debris and surface dust from limited-access spaces, including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.
   d. Clean flooring, removing debris, dirt, and staining; clean according to manufacturer's recommendations.
   e. Vacuum and mop concrete.
   f. Vacuum carpet and similar soft surfaces, removing debris and excess nap; clean according to manufacturer's recommendations if visible soil or stains remain.
   g. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other noticeable, vision-obscuring materials. Polish mirrors and glass, taking care not to scratch surfaces.
   h. Remove labels that are not permanent.
   i. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.
   j. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains, including stains resulting from water exposure.
   k. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.
   l. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils.
   m. Clean luminaires, lamps, globes, and reflectors to function with full efficiency.
   n. Clean strainers.
   o. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.

3.2 REPAIR OF THE WORK

A. Complete repair and restoration operations required by Section 017300 "Execution" before requesting inspection for determination of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 017823 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:

1. Emergency manuals.
2. Systems and equipment operation manuals.
3. Systems and equipment maintenance manuals.
4. Product maintenance manuals.

1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Submit operation and maintenance manuals indicated. Provide content for each manual as specified in individual Specification Sections, and as reviewed and approved at the time of Section submittals. Submit reviewed manual content formatted and organized as required by this Section.

1. Architect will comment on whether content of operation and maintenance submittals is acceptable.
2. Where applicable, clarify and update reviewed manual content to correspond to revisions and field conditions.

B. Format: Submit operation and maintenance manuals in the following format:

1. Submit on digital media acceptable to Owner. Enable reviewer comments on draft submittals.
2. Submit three paper copies.

C. Initial Manual Submittal: Submit draft copy of each manual at least 30 days before commencing demonstration and training. Architect will comment on whether general scope and content of manual are acceptable.

D. Final Manual Submittal: Submit each manual in final form prior to requesting inspection for Substantial Completion and at least 15 days before commencing demonstration and training. Architect will return copy with comments.

1. Correct or revise each manual to comply with Architect's comments. Submit copies of each corrected manual within 15 days of receipt of Architect's comments and prior to commencing demonstration and training.

E. Comply with Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for schedule for submitting operation and maintenance documentation.

1.3 FORMAT OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Manuals, Electronic Files: Submit manuals in the form of a multiple file composite electronic PDF file for each manual type required.

1. Electronic Files: Use electronic files prepared by manufacturer where available. Where scanning of paper documents is required, configure scanned file for minimum readable file size.
2. **File Names and Bookmarks:** Bookmark individual documents based on file names. Name document files to correspond to system, subsystem, and equipment names used in manual directory and table of contents. Group documents for each system and subsystem into individual composite bookmarked files, then create composite manual, so that resulting bookmarks reflect the system, subsystem, and equipment names in a readily navigated file tree. Configure electronic manual to display bookmark panel on opening file.

**B. Manuals, Paper Copy:** Submit manuals in the form of hard-copy, bound and labeled volumes.

1. **Binders:** Heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf or post-type binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.

2. **Drawings:** Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
   
   a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
   
   b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual, insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

### 1.4 REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

**A. Organization of Manuals:** Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system. Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:

1. Title page.
2. Table of contents.

**B. Title Page:** Include the following information:

1. Subject matter included in manual.
2. Name and address of Project.
3. Name and address of Owner.
4. Date of submittal.
5. Name and contact information for Contractor.
6. Name and contact information for Construction Manager.
7. Name and contact information for Architect.
8. Name and contact information for Commissioning Authority.
9. Names and contact information for major consultants to the Architect that designed the systems contained in the manuals.
10. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.

**C. Table of Contents:** List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.

**D. Manual Contents:** Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.
E. Identification: In the documentation directory and in each operation and maintenance manual, identify each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment with same designation used in the Contract Documents. If no designation exists, assign a designation according to ASHRAE Guideline 4, "Preparation of Operating and Maintenance Documentation for Building Systems."

1.5 EMERGENCY MANUALS

A. Emergency Manual: Assemble a complete set of emergency information indicating procedures for use by emergency personnel and by Owner’s operating personnel for types of emergencies indicated.

B. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each of the following:

1. Type of emergency.
2. Emergency instructions.
3. Emergency procedures.

C. Type of Emergency: Where applicable for each type of emergency indicated below, include instructions and procedures for each system, subsystem, piece of equipment, and component:

1. Fire.
2. Flood.
5. Power failure.
7. System, subsystem, or equipment failure.
8. Chemical release or spill.

D. Emergency Instructions: Describe and explain warnings, trouble indications, error messages, and similar codes and signals. Include responsibilities of Owner’s operating personnel for notification of Installer, supplier, and manufacturer to maintain warranties.

E. Emergency Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:

1. Instructions on stopping.
2. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
3. Operating instructions for conditions outside normal operating limits.
4. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
5. Special operating instructions and procedures.

1.6 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT OPERATION MANUALS

A. Systems and Equipment Operation Manual: Assemble a complete set of data indicating operation of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system. Include information required for daily operation and management, operating standards, and routine and special operating procedures.

B. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:

2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor has delegated design responsibility.
3. Operating standards.
4. Operating procedures.
5. Operating logs.
6. Wiring diagrams.
7. Control diagrams.
8. Piped system diagrams.
9. Precautions against improper use.
10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.

C. Descriptions: Include the following:

1. Product name and model number. Use designations for products indicated on Contract Documents.
2. Manufacturer's name.
3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
4. Equipment function.
5. Operating characteristics.
6. Limiting conditions.
7. Performance curves.
8. Engineering data and tests.
9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.

D. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:

1. Startup procedures.
2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
4. Regulation and control procedures.
5. Instructions on stopping.
7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
9. Special operating instructions and procedures.

E. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.

F. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed, and identify color coding where required for identification.

1.7 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Systems and Equipment Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of data indicating maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system. Include manufacturers' maintenance documentation, preventive maintenance procedures and frequency, repair procedures, wiring and systems diagrams, lists of spare parts, and warranty information.

B. Content: For each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system, include source information, manufacturers' maintenance documentation, maintenance procedures, maintenance and service schedules, spare parts list and source information, maintenance service contracts, and warranties and bonds as described below.
C. Manufacturers' Maintenance Documentation: Include the following information for each component part or piece of equipment:

1. Standard maintenance instructions and bulletins; include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.

   a. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are not available and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.

2. Drawings, diagrams, and instructions required for maintenance, including disassembly and component removal, replacement, and assembly.

3. Identification and nomenclature of parts and components.

4. List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.

D. Maintenance Procedures: Include the following information and items that detail essential maintenance procedures:

1. Test and inspection instructions.

2. Troubleshooting guide.

3. Precautions against improper maintenance.

4. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.

5. Aligning, adjusting, and checking instructions.

6. Demonstration and training video recording, if available.

E. Maintenance and Service Schedules: Include service and lubrication requirements, list of required lubricants for equipment, and separate schedules for preventive and routine maintenance and service with standard time allotment.

F. Spare Parts List and Source Information: Include lists of replacement and repair parts, with parts identified and cross-referenced to manufacturers' maintenance documentation and local sources of maintenance materials and related services.

G. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

H. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.

1.8 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.
B. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.

C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:

1. Product name and model number.
2. Manufacturer’s name.
3. Color, pattern, and texture.
5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.

D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer’s written recommendations and the following:

1. Inspection procedures.
2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.
5. Repair instructions.

E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.

F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for project record documents, including the following:

1. Record Drawings.
2. Record Specifications.
3. Record Product Data.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.

1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:

1. Number of Copies: Submit copies of record Drawings as follows:

   a. Initial Submittal:
      1) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned record prints and one of file prints.
      2) Submit Record Digital Data Files.
      3) Architect will indicate whether general scope of changes, additional information recorded, and quality of drafting are acceptable.

   b. Final Submittal:
      1) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned Record Prints.
      2) Submit Record Digital Data Files and three sets of Record Digital Data File plots.

B. Record Specifications: Submit annotated PDF electronic files of Project's Specifications, including addenda and contract modifications.

C. Record Product Data: Submit annotated PDF electronic files and directories of each submittal.

1. Where record Product Data are required as part of operation and maintenance manuals, submit duplicate marked-up Product Data as a component of manual.

1.3 RECORD DRAWINGS

A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings, incorporating new and revised drawings as modifications are issued.

1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to provide information for preparation of corresponding marked-up record prints.
a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
b. Accurately record information in an acceptable drawing technique.
c. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
d. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
e. Cross-reference record prints to corresponding photographic documentation.

2. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Dimensional changes to Drawings.
b. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
c. Depths of foundations.
d. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
e. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
f. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
g. Actual equipment locations.
h. Duct size and routing.
i. Locations of concealed internal utilities.
j. Changes made by Change Order or Construction Change Directive.
k. Changes made following Architect’s written orders.
l. Details not on the original Contract Drawings.
m. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
n. Record information on the Work that is shown only schematically.

3. Mark the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings completely and accurately. Use personnel proficient at recording graphic information in production of marked-up record prints.

4. Mark record sets with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.

5. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawings.

6. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.

B. Record Digital Data Files: Immediately before inspection for Certificate of Substantial Completion, review marked-up record prints with Architect. When authorized, prepare a full set of corrected digital data files of the Contract Drawings, as follows:

1. Format: Same digital data software program, version, and operating system as the original Contract Drawings.
2. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on record prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
3. Refer instances of uncertainty to Architect for resolution.

a. See Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination" for requirements related to use of Architect’s digital data files.

C. Format: Identify and date each record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.

1. Record Prints: Organize record prints into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
2. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.

3. Record Digital Data Files: Organize digital data information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the Contract Drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each digital data file.

4. Identification: As follows:
   a. Project name.
   b. Date.
   c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
   d. Name of Architect.
   e. Name of Contractor.

1.4 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

   A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and contract modifications.

   1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
   2. Mark copy with the proprietary name and model number of products, materials, and equipment furnished, including substitutions and product options selected.
   3. Record the name of manufacturer, supplier, Installer, and other information necessary to provide a record of selections made.
   4. For each principal product, indicate whether record Product Data has been submitted in operation and maintenance manuals instead of submitted as record Product Data.
   5. Note related Change Orders, record Product Data, and record Drawings where applicable.

1.5 RECORD PRODUCT DATA

   A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for project record document purposes. Post changes and revisions to project record documents as they occur; do not wait until end of Project.

   B. Preparation: Mark Product Data to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies substantially from that indicated in Product Data submittal.

   1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
   2. Include significant changes in the product delivered to Project site and changes in manufacturer’s written instructions for installation.
   3. Note related Change Orders, record Specifications, and record Drawings where applicable.

   C. Format: Include record Product Data directory organized by Specification Section number and title, electronically linked to each item of record Product Data.

1.6 MAINTENANCE OF RECORD DOCUMENTS

   A. Maintenance of Record Documents: Store record documents in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use project record documents for construction purposes. Maintain record documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to project record documents for Architect’s reference during normal working hours.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 017900 - DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Administrative and procedural requirements for instructing Owner's personnel, including the following:

1. Instruction in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Facilitator Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in training or educating maintenance personnel in a training program similar in content and extent to that indicated for this Project, and whose work has resulted in training or education with a record of successful learning performance.

B. Instructor Qualifications: A factory-authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.

1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate instruction schedule with Owner's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting Owner's operations and to ensure availability of Owner's personnel.

1. Coordinate demonstration and training with Owner's Commissioning Agent.

B. Coordinate instructors, including providing notification of dates, times, length of instruction time, and course content.

C. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not submit instruction program until operation and maintenance data have been reviewed and approved by Architect.

1.4 INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

A. Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and for equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections.

B. Training Modules: Develop a learning objective and teaching outline for each module. Include a description of specific skills and knowledge that participant is expected to master. For each module, include instruction for the following as applicable to the system, equipment, or component:

1. Basis of System Design, Operational Requirements, and Criteria: Include the following:

   a. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
   b. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
   c. Operating standards.
   d. Regulatory requirements.
   e. Equipment function.
   f. Operating characteristics.
2. Documentation: Review the following items in detail:
   a. Emergency manuals.
   b. Systems and equipment operation manuals.
   c. Systems and equipment maintenance manuals.
   d. Product maintenance manuals.
   e. Project Record Documents.
   f. Identification systems.
   g. Warranties and bonds.
   h. Maintenance service agreements and similar continuing commitments.

3. Emergencies: Include the following, as applicable:
   a. Instructions on meaning of warnings, trouble indications, and error messages.
   b. Instructions on stopping.
   c. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
   d. Operating instructions for conditions outside of normal operating limits.
   e. Sequences for electric or electronic systems.
   f. Special operating instructions and procedures.

4. Operations: Include the following, as applicable:
   a. Startup procedures.
   b. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
   c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
   d. Regulation and control procedures.
   e. Control sequences.
   f. Safety procedures.
   g. Instructions on stopping.
   h. Normal shutdown instructions.
   i. Operating procedures for emergencies.
   j. Operating procedures for system, subsystem, or equipment failure.
   k. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
   l. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
   m. Special operating instructions and procedures.

5. Adjustments: Include the following:
   a. Alignments.
   b. Checking adjustments.
   c. Noise and vibration adjustments.
   d. Economy and efficiency adjustments.

6. Troubleshooting: Include the following:
   a. Diagnostic instructions.
   b. Test and inspection procedures.
7. Maintenance: Include the following:
   a. Inspection procedures.
   b. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
   c. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
   d. Procedures for routine cleaning.
   e. Procedures for preventive maintenance.
   f. Procedures for routine maintenance.
   g. Instruction on use of special tools.

8. Repairs: Include the following:
   a. Diagnosis instructions.
   b. Repair instructions.
   c. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
   d. Instructions for identifying parts and components.
   e. Review of spare parts needed for operation and maintenance.

1.5 PREPARATION
   A. Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a training manual organized in coordination with requirements in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data."
   B. Set up instructional equipment at instruction location.

1.6 INSTRUCTION
   A. Facilitator: Engage a qualified facilitator to prepare instruction program and training modules, to coordinate instructors, and to coordinate between Contractor and Owner for number of participants, instruction times, and location.
   B. Engage qualified instructors to instruct Owner's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.
   C. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed-on times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season.
      1. Schedule training with Owner with at least 10 days’ advance notice.
   D. Training Location and Reference Material: Conduct training on-site in the completed and fully operational facility using the actual equipment in-place. Conduct training using final operation and maintenance data submittals.
   E. Cleanup: Collect used and leftover educational materials and remove from Project site or give to Owner if directed. Remove instructional equipment. Restore systems and equipment to condition existing before initial training use.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 031000 - CONCRETE FORMING AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

A. This section includes formwork for cast-in-place concrete, including water stops, and installation of embedded items.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Concrete Reinforcement - Section 032000
B. Cast-In-Place Concrete - Section 033000
C. Under-Slab Vapor Retarder – Section 072600
D. Insulated Concrete Forming – Section 031119

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with the American Concrete Institute Standard, ACI 347-04, Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork.

1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
   1. ASTM D 226-09 Specification for Asphalt - Saturated Organic Felt used in Roofing and Waterproofing
   2. ASTM D 1751-04 Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types)

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Preformed Construction Joint: 24-gage steel, galvanized, shaped to form a continuous tongue and groove key.

B. Preformed Control Joint: Rigid plastic or metal strip with removable top section.

C. Expansion Joint Material: Asphalt saturated fiberboard, ½ inch thick, meeting the requirements of ASTM D 1751.

D. Felt: Asphalt-saturated organic felt, weighing 30 pounds per 100 square feet, meeting the requirements of ASTM D 226.

E. Recycled Content: Minimum 5 percent post-consumer content, or minimum 20 percent pre-consumer recycled content at contractor’s option.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate the installation of joint materials and moisture barriers with placement of forms and reinforcing steel. Set screeds accurately. Embedded items shall be accurately aligned and adequately supported. Verify installation of mechanical, plumbing, and electrical items to be embedded in concrete. Correct any unsatisfactory condition before proceeding further.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. General: Set anchorage devices and other embedded items accurately. Use setting drawings, diagrams, templates and printed instructions provided by supplier. Secure embedded items such that they are not displaced during placement of concrete.

3.3 JOINTS

A. Construction Joints in Slabs on Grade: Provide construction joints in slabs on grade. Discontinue every other horizontal bar through slab on grade construction joints unless noted otherwise.

B. Preformed Construction Joint for Slabs on Grade: Secure with galvanized steel stakes, 1/8 inch thick by 1-1/8 inches wide with ½ inch deep rib and tapered point. Splice adjoining joints with 24 gage steel, galvanized splice plates.

C. Isolation Joints in Slabs on Grade: Construct isolation joints in interior slabs using 30 lb. felt. Provide isolation joints at points of contact between slabs on grade and vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams and elsewhere as indicated. Construct isolation joints on exterior slabs abutting vertical surfaces with ½ inch thick expansion joint material.

D. Control Joints in Slabs-on-Grade:

1. Preformed Strip: Insert premolded rigid plastic, or metal strip into fresh concrete. Cut groove for strip using 10-foot long straight edge cutting tool. Depths of strip shall be one fourth of slab thickness. Press strip into groove such that top of strip is level with the concrete surface. Pull off removable top section, if any, prior to troweling.

2. Saw Cut: Contractor may saw cut control joints instead of using preformed strips. Saw cut joints shall be 1/8 inch wide. Saw cut depth should equal 1/4 of slab depth. Cut joints after concrete has hardened sufficiently to prevent raveling; usually 4 to 12 hours after slab has been cast and finished. Use diamond or silicone-carbide blades.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 031119 - INSULATING CONCRETE FORMING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Comply with the requirements for Division 1.

2. Furnish all labor, materials, tools and equipment to perform the complete erection/ installation of the Insulating Concrete Form System (ICF), installation of reinforcing steel, placement of concrete within formwork, and final cleanup.

3. Adequate bracing and false work shall be provided by the Installing Contractor to comply with all applicable Codes.

B. Products Supplied But Not Installed Under This Section:

1. EPS compatible modified bituminous sheet waterproofing membrane.

2. EPS compatible parge coat.

C. Products Installed But Not Supplied Under This Section:

1. Sleeves
2. Inserts
3. Anchors
4. Bolts
5. Reinforcing Steel
6. Window & Door Opening Bucks
7. Concrete

D. Related Requirements:

1. Section 03 20 00- Concrete Reinforcing
2. Section 03 30 00- Cast-In-Place Concrete
3. Section 05 00 00- Metals
4. Section 06 00 00- Wood & Plastics
5. Section 07 13 00- Sheet Waterproofing
6. Section 07 24 00- Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems
7. Section 07 46 00- Siding
8. Section 08 00 00- Openings
9. Sections 09 22 00 through 09 25 00- Supports for Plaster and Gypsum Board, Gypsum Plastering, Portland Cement Plastering, Other Plastering
10. Sections 09 70 00 through 09 80 00- Wall Finishes/Acoustical Treatment
1.2  PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

A. Alternates:

1. Materials shall be only as specified in Paragraphs 2.02 & 2.03 as per Manufacturer specified in Paragraph 2.01. No alternate materials shall be accepted for this Section.

1.3  REFERENCES

A. Abbreviations and Acronyms:

1. EPS- Acronym for “Expanded Polystyrene” when referencing the insulating foam component of the Insulating Concrete Form System.

2. ICF- Acronym for “Insulating (or Insulated) Concrete Form”

B. Definitions:

1. Form Alignment System- a form alignment & scaffold system designed exclusively for use with Insulating Concrete Forms.

2. Trained Installer- An installation contractor, who has received instructional training in the installation of the specified Insulating Concrete Form System and is capable of providing written verification of his designation as such by the specified manufacturer of the system being installed.

3. Technical Associate- A technical representative, usually a staff member of a Distribution Firm, who has received instructional training in the installation of Insulating Concrete Form system and is in the capacity of supervising an installation crew on site.

4. Window or Door Opening Buck- a pre-manufactured or site constructed frame assembly consisting of wood or plastic material (or combination thereof) used to frame a rough opening within the forming system that will retain concrete around the opening. The frame can also provide for subsequent anchorage of doors and windows within the wall assembly.

5. One-Sided Form. Sub-component(s) of an Insulated Concrete Form system that enables the ICF Wall to be formed with concrete exposed to one side of the wall while retaining insulation to the opposite side.

C. Reference Standards:

1. American Concrete Institute (ACI)

   a. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary
   c. ASTM C203: Standard Test Methods for Breaking Load and Flexural Properties of Block-Type Thermal Insulation
   d. ASTM C272: Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Core Materials for Structural Sandwich Constructions
   e. ASTM C303: Standard Test Method for Dimensions and Density of Preformed Block and Board-Type Thermal Insulation
   g. ASTM C578: Standard Specification for Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation
   h. ASTM D1621: Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties Of Rigid Cellular Plastics
   i. ASTM D1622: Standard Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics
   j. ASTM D2126: Standard Test Method for Response of Rigid Cellular Plastics to Thermal and Humid Aging
   m. ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements
   p. ASTM E2634: Standard Specification for Flat Wall Insulating Concrete Form (ICF) Systems

   a. AC12: Acceptance Criteria for Foam Plastic Insulation
   b. AC15: Concrete Floor, Roof and Wall Systems and Concrete Masonry Wall Systems
   c. AC 353: Stay-in-place, Foam Plastic Insulating Concrete Form (ICF) Systems for Solid Concrete

4. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
c. NFPA 286: Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Evaluating Contribution of Wall and Ceiling Interior Finish to Room Fire Growth

5. Southwest Research Institute (SwRI)
   a. SwRI 99-02: Crawl Space Insulation Evaluation Protocol

6. Uniform Building Code (UBC)
   a. UBC 26-3: Room Fire Test Standard for Interior Foam Plastic Systems
   c. UBC 26-9: Method of Test for the Evaluation of Flammability Characteristics of Exterior, Non-load-bearing Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components Using the Intermediate-Scale, Multi-Story Test Apparatus

7. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL)
   a. UL 263: Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials

1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Pre-installation Meetings:

1. Ensure those materials listed under Sub-Sections 2.01 though 2.03 are provided to Trained Installer prior to commencement of work under this Section.

2. Trained Installer for this section shall provide list of known special requirements for interface of materials provided in this section as such may pertain to co-ordination with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, interior and exterior finish sub trades prior to commencement of work.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Bid Submission Documents:

1. Contractor shall submit with bid proposal for this section written confirmation of:
   a. Name of ICF Product forming the basis for the material cost of the bid.
   b. Name of ICF Product forming the basis for the labor cost of the bid.
      If two different ICF products are involved in above, contractor shall specify BOTH material AND Labor bids associated with each material.
2. Contractor shall submit with bid proposal for this section, written verification of credentials of the subcontractor responsible for the form system installation (trained installer) designated to be installing the ICF product as follows:

   a. That the installing contractor is either:
      1) An experienced ICF Contractor (trained installer) with minimum 3 years experience in commercial ICF construction or;
      2) A qualified masonry or traditional concrete forming contractor with minimum 5 years experience in commercial construction applications.

   b. That the installing contractor has demonstrated experience on supervising commercial construction projects of with gross floor areas of 50,000 ft² (4,645 m²) or greater. (Submit project name(s)/ location(s)).

B. Test and Evaluation Reports:

   1. Technical Associate for form system shall submit on request, relevant laboratory tests or data that validate product compliance with performance criteria specified prior to commencement of work under this Section (See Section 2.03 B Regulatory Requirements).

   2. Submit copy of valid product evaluation report, demonstrating compliance with this specification and applicable codes for site condition. (See Section 2.03 B Regulatory Requirements).

C. Manufacturers’ Instructions:

   1. Submit copy of manufacturer’s product installation manual

D. Form Alignment System Engineering:

   1. For wall heights above 12 feet (3.6m) of unsupported wall height, the contractor shall provide scaffold engineering for support of the Form Alignment System or shall ensure this engineering is included by the engineer of record for support of the form system and the Form Alignment System assemblies during construction.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty Documentation:

   1. Product warranty documentation specified under Section 1.11 shall be supplied to contractor (for subsequent provision to building owner) upon completion of building construction.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance:

   1. Trained Installer shall supply to contractor (for subsequent provision to building owner) copy of pertinent documentation as relates to instruction on post repair, renovation, modification or service work with respect to the form system once occupancy commences.
1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualification- Installers / Applicators / Erectors:

1. Contractor shall engage the services of a Trained Installer or Technical Associate for the duration of the work under this Section who has been trained in procedures pertaining to the correct installation of the specified form system (Trained installer may already be the designated ICF Installing Contractor if providing credentials as such).

2. Trained Installer/Technical Associate shall furnish proof of training documentation to Contractor prior to commencement of work under this Section.

B. Mock-ups:

1. Construct sample wall mock-up panel to include full wall system and details, located where directed by Consultant. Panel may form part of finished work if approved by Consultant.

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Delivery and Acceptance Requirements:

1. Trained Installer/Technical Associate to meet with Contractor prior to material delivery on site to co-ordinate provision of access, storage area, and protection of insulating concrete form product and spatial requirements for Form Alignment System placement steel storage & forming.

2. Deliver products in original factory packaging, bearing identification of product, manufacturer and batch/lot number.

3. Trained Installer shall furnish product packaging labels to contractor as required to maintain traceability of product for duration of contract.

4. Bulk of form shipment shall be delivered as pre-assembled units and folded flat to maximize shipping space. Only form panels and insert webs as may be required for floor interfaces or specialized construction on site are to be shipped unassembled but in labeled packages for traceability.

B. Storage and Handling Requirements:

1. Handle and store products in location to prevent damaging and soiling.

2. Maintain form materials and accessories in original packaging (or provide similar protection to unpackaged form materials -should on-site storage prior to installation extend beyond 3 months).

3. Form units and related form installation materials and equipment to be stored flat until time of use.

4. Plywood Panels for One-Sided Form System to be stored flat on skids off ground and tarped to protect from weather rain exposure.
1.10 SITE CONDITIONS

A. Ambient Conditions:

1. Use appropriate measures for protection and supplementary heating when required to ensure proper curing conditions in accordance with manufacturer’s recommendations if installation is carried out during periods of weather where temperatures are below minimum specified by governing Building Code for concrete and masonry.

1.11 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty:

1. Technical Associate shall supply written copy of specific warranties of the product.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturer List:

1. Provide insulating concrete form system materials from one of the following Manufacturers assuring that system selected complies in all respects with performance requirements of Section 2.03.

   i. NUDURA® Integrated Building Technology Insulated Concrete Form System c/w “One-Series” One-Sided Form System Components

B. Substitution Limitations:

1. Forming System shall carry an active listing/classification for fire resistance rating of the completed wall assembly as endorsed by Underwriters Laboratories® UL per testing to the ANSI/UL-263 Standard.

2. Form System supplied shall provide full height webs fastening strips in contact throughout height of the wall assembly at 8-inches (203 mm) o/c placement within system to assure minimum settlement during concrete placement and maximum sleeve insertion diameter possible between webs.

3. Form system shall provide dovetail flutes to both sides of its interior cavity to enable structural bonding of concrete to foam once concrete is cured.

4. Manufacturer shall provide testing to demonstrate One-Sided form system components are capable of sustaining form pressures of min. 550 lbs/ft²

2.2 INSULATING CONCRETE FORMING SYSTEM (ICF)

A. Where project scope permits, form units shall be supplied through an authorized distributor of the Manufacturer listed for the bid. The distributor shall be capable of providing product on site within 24 hours notice.
B. The Manufacturer’s authorized distributor shall have available local to the region, technical sales staff that can be contacted or even contracted (under separate contract) as may be required to provide timely on site problem resolution as installation or product supply issues may arise.

C. Where local distribution cannot service to the requirements of the contract scope and product is to be supplied directly by the manufacturer, the manufacturer shall provide on-site technical assistance as specified under Clause D of this section.

D. Where product is supplied direct, technical assistance supplied by the manufacturer shall include the provision of a technical consultant direct from or contracted by the manufacturer for first week of contract that form product is to be erected on the site to coordinate form system installation, crew organization and set-up. During installation, (as agreed to with terms of contractor), the manufacturer’s technical consultant shall provide periodic site visits (as may required under separate contract) at key stages of form installation, to assure continued product installation quality.

2.3 DESCRIPTION

A. General: (Standard ICF Form System): Occurs at selected interior bearing walls, enclosure walls, portal partial height walls, training area site wall, and all exterior walls.

1. Typical 14” nominal thickness ICF (Face of Foam to Face of Foam - 13-1/4” or 13-1/2”) - see wall type drawings for thicknesses that vary

2. Typical 2 5/8” faces of Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) Foam

3. Typical 8” Nominal Concrete Reinforced Core - see wall type drawings for thicknesses that vary

4. Insulating concrete form system shall consist of two (2) flame resistant panels of expanded polystyrene (EPS) connected by either high-density polypropylene hinged pin foldable webs or EPS embedded polystyrene fastening strips interconnected with slide in format - high density polypropylene web connectors. EPS foam panels shall feature continuous vertical dove tail grooves on interior panel surfaces to provide integral surface bonding to concrete core once filled and concrete is cured. Dove tail grooves shall also facilitate structural linkage with end cap forms placed into the form cavity where required as part of the overall architectural design layout.

5. All web fastening strips to run full height of form and be fitted top and bottom with reversible fitting, “triple-tooth” interlocking mechanisms to enable positive vertical interlocking of forms with each other. Wall system webs to provide minimum 1 ½” (38mm) wide fastening strips at 8-inches (203mm) on center approx 5/8-inch (15.9 mm) below insulation face to facilitate finish fastening of both interior and exterior finishes.

6. Insulating concrete form system shall be capable of forming ALL of following concrete core thicknesses: 4, 6, 8, 10 or 12-inches (102, 152, 203,254 or 305 mm) wall sections (as required for various locations throughout project scope with standard form line-up).

7. Insulating concrete form system shall provide a minimum insulation panel thickness of 2 5/8-inches (66.7mm) throughout ALL forms and panels forming the form system product inventory (with exception of variance required for brick ledge and tapered top forms).
8. All form units of wall forming system shall be capable of being shipped to site in folded condition to minimize shipping cost and site storage space requirement and be capable of being deployed to installation ready condition by simply unfolding the unit in a single pull motion or pull motion combined with insertion of a single web (at corner condition).

9. Standards, corner forms and stand alone panels of form system shall provide fully reversible interlocks along top and bottom edges to assure minimum product waste on site. EPS foam panels shall be molded with 1-inch (25mm) wide by ½-inch (12.7mm) high/deep alternating male/female reversible projection/socket interlocks positioned in pairs along both top and bottom edges of all panels.

10. Wall system shall be capable of providing horizontal and vertical lock positioning of steel within form cavity to conform to all reinforcing requirements of ACI 318.

B. General: One-Sided Form System

1. One-Sided Insulating concrete form system shall consist of one (1) flame resistant panel of expanded polystyrene (EPS) connected by EPS embedded polystyrene fastening strips interconnected with slide in format - high density polypropylene web connectors, which in turn, are connected to High Impact Polystyrene (HIPS) molded multi-tie connectors fitted with 3/4” (19.1 mm) dia. Reinforced screw port attachment points (2 per panel height). EPS foam panels shall feature continuous vertical dove tail grooves on interior panel surfaces to provide integral surface bonding to concrete core once filled and concrete is cured.

2. On EPS Panel Side only, all web fastening strips to run full height of form and be fitted top and bottom with reversible fitting, “triple-tooth” interlocking mechanisms to enable positive vertical interlocking of forms with each other. Wall system webs to provide minimum 1 ½” (38mm) wide fastening strips at 8-inches (203mm) on center approx.. 5/8-Inch (15.9 mm) below insulation face to facilitate finish fastening of either interior or exterior finishes.

3. Concrete revealed side of form shall consist of re-useable custom cut/drilled ¾” (19mm) thick form grade plywood sheathing sized to match ICF Form Standard panel size fitted with 1/8” (3.2 mm) x ¾” (19 mm) diameter HDPP plastic tapered setback plugs.

4. One-sided concrete form system shall be capable of forming ALL of following concrete core thicknesses: 6 5/8, 8 5/8, 10 5/8, 12 5/8 or 14 5/8 -inches (168, 219, 270, 321 or 372 mm) wall sections (as required for various locations throughout project scope with standard form line-up)

5. One-sided concrete form system shall provide a minimum insulation panel thickness of 2 5/8-inches (66.7 mm) throughout ALL insulated panels forming the form system product inventory (with exception of variance required for brick ledge and tapered top form panel additions to system).

6. All form components of One-sided form system shall be shipped to site in knock down condition to minimize shipping cost and site storage space requirements. Insulation Panels shall be protected in shrink wrap and insert webs provided in boxes for protected storage on site.
7. Standard insulation panels of one-sided form system shall provide fully reversible interlocks along top and bottom edges to assure minimum product waste on-site. EPS foam panels shall be molded with 1-inch (25mm) wide by ½-inch (12.7mm) high/deep alternating male/female reversible projection/socket interlocks positioned in pairs along both top and bottom edges of all panels.

8. One-sided form system shall be capable of providing horizontal and vertical lock positioning of steel within form cavity to conform to all reinforcing requirements of ACI 318.

9. In addition to ACI 303.1 limits on form-facing panel deflection, the finish of the exposed concrete side of the form shall be limited in concrete surface irregularities designated by ACI 347R as abrupt or gradual and shall be Architectural Grade Class A (1/8”) at all locations.

C. Mfr: NuDura (Basis of Design)

Product 1: ICF Series (R-24)
Locations: CONDITIONED BUILDING TYPICAL, retaining wall at training ground, GENERATOR and TRASH enclosures

Product 2: One Series
Locations: At APPARATUS BAY, CREW ENTRY, CREW HALL, STUDY and MAIN ENTRY with exposed Concrete facing interior. At DRILL tower with exposed Concrete facing both exterior and interior.

Contact: Keegan Still
Product Development & Technical Support
Nudura – Vancouver, BC
kstill@nudura.com
Work: (705) 726-9499

D. Regulatory Requirements:

1. Form system manufacturer shall provide on request, written documentation verifying active compliance to ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria AC-353 “Stay-in-place, Foam Plastic Insulating Concrete Form (ICF) Systems for Solid Concrete”, with valid listing in the report verifying qualification of form system for use in Types I through V construction as qualified under the governing Building Code for this project and additional compliances as outlined in Section 2.03.1.B.3 (below).

2. As alternate to above, Form system manufacturer shall provide IAS Accredited 3rd Party Certification confirming compliance to ASTM E 2634 – “Standard Specification for Flat Wall Insulating Concrete Forms” and verification that the system meets all testing and documentation requirements for use in Types I through V construction as qualified under the governing Building Code for this project as well as additional compliances as outlined in Section 2.03.1.B.3 (below)

3. Documentation as provided per Section 2.03.1.B.1 or 2 above: shall verify compliance to the following regulatory documents and standards:
a) Form system structural, and general performance assessment of properties of EPS foam and polypropylene materials assessment in accordance with the following standards:

1. ASTM C578: Standard Specification for Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation (which includes results for);
   
   c. ASTM C203: Standard Test Methods for Breaking Load and Flexural Properties of Block-Type Thermal Insulation
   d. ASTM C272: Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Core Materials for Structural Sandwich Constructions
   e. ASTM C303: Standard Test Method for Dimensions and Density of Preformed Block and Board-Type Thermal Insulation
   g. ASTM D1621: Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties Of Rigid Cellular Plastics
   h. ASTM D1622: Standard Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics
   i. ASTM D2126: Standard Test Method for Response of Rigid Cellular Plastics to Thermal and Humid Aging

b) Finish attachment testing in accordance with:
   1. ASTM D1761: Standard Test Methods for Mechanical Fasteners in Wood (Modified for Polypropylene Web assessment)

c) Surface Burning, Flash Ignition and Self Ignition Temperature Characteristics assessment of both plastic web and EPS form materials in accordance with:
   1. ASTM D635: Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position

d) Verification of performance and compliance of finishes for provision thermal barrier protection to foam plastic.
   1. NFPA 286: Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Evaluating Contribution of Wall and Ceiling Interior Finish to Room Fire Growth or...
   2. UBC 26-3: Room Fire Test Standard for Interior Foam Plastic Systems

e) Crawl Space Installation Evaluation in accordance with:
   1. SwRI 99-02: Crawl Space Insulation Evaluation Protocol

f) Fire Resistance Rated Construction assessment in accordance with:
1. UL 263: Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials  
   (See also Sections 2.01 and 2.04.A. 4 through 9)

   g) Non-Combustible Construction assessment (i.e. approved non-combustible material finish 
      requirement documentation) in accordance with:
   2. NFPA 268: Standard Test Method for Determining Ignitibility of Exterior Wall 
      Assemblies Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source.

   h) Assessment of non-combustible finishes verifying exterior protection of foam plastic insulation 
      in accordance with one of the following standards:
         Exterior Non-Load-Bearing Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components.
      2. UBC 26-4: Method of Test for the Evaluation of Flammability Characteristics of Exterior, 
         Non-load-bearing Wall Panel Assemblies Using Foam Plastic Insulation or...
      3. UBC 26-9: Method of Test for the Evaluation of Flammability Characteristics of Exterior, 
         Non-load-bearing Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components Using the 
         Intermediate-Scale, Multi-Story Test Apparatus

   i) Additional Testing and engineering documentation to verify qualification of EPS foam panels as 
      a Vapor Retarder in conjunction with testing to:
      1. ASTM E-96 Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials

   j) Testing and engineering documentation to verify qualification of fully assembled wall system as 
      an air barrier element in accordance with:
      1. ASTM E1677 Standard Specification for an Air Retarder (AR) Material or System for Low-
         Rise Framed Building Walls

   k) Testing and engineering documentation to verify qualification of the form system as meets the 
      minimum STC performance requirements of 50 in accordance with:
      1. ASTM E 90: Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound 
         Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements, or;
         between Rooms in Buildings.

   E. Sustainability Characteristics:
      1. When required by Architect/Engineer, Technical Associate for the form system shall provide, written 
         documentation verifying product recycle content and manufacturing location compliances with 
         respect to USGBC/LEED® document submissions.

2.4 PERFORMANCE / DESIGN CRITERIA

A. Capacities:

   1. Selected system in conjunction with concrete and designated exterior and interior finishes shall 
      provide minimum insulation level of R 23.59 (hr.ft².F/Btu) or (RSI 4.158 (m².K/W) -U Factor 0.2405 
      W/m².K) across full line of form unit cavity widths.
2. **EPS** foam panels forming part of wall system shall provide maximum vapor permeation rate of 0.78 Perm-in.\(^2\) (36 ng/Pa.s.m\(^2\)) based on 2 5/8-inches (66.7 mm) singles thickness of foam on interior surface of concrete core.

3. Finished wall assembly formed by system shall provide minimum sound transmission class (STC) sound attenuation performance as follows:
   - 4-inch (100mm) core form (if specified):
     - 1) STC 42 (when installed with ½-inch (12.7 mm) gypsum board both sides)
       (Not to be used for demising walls unless specified otherwise by architect)
     - 2) STC 52 (when installed as specified by manufacturer with additional hat channel and acoustic material with 5/8-inch (15.9 mm) finish on one side (½-inch (12.7 mm) gypsum board opp.).
   - 6-inch (152mm) core form
     - 1) STC 50 (with regular ½-inch (12.7 mm) gypsum board both sides)

4. Finished insulating concrete form wall assembly shall be capable of providing fire resistance ratings as listed in this section. Manufacturers of the specified wall assembly number (BXUV.U930) shall be actively listed and classified with Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Listings shall be verifiable under Certifications Directory of UL at:

   http://database.ul.com/cgi-bin/XYV/template/LISEXT/1FRAME/index.html

5. Fire resistance ratings shall be established by testing in full accordance with ANSI/UL 263 – 13th edition when installed as per the listed classification (BXUV.U930)
   - a) 4-inch (100mm) core form - 2 hour fire resistance rating
   - b) 6-inch (152mm) core form and above - 4 hour fire resistance rating

6. Per BXUV.U930 Note 2- Wall reinforcement shall consist of minimum No. 4 Bar 60 ksi (grade 400 metric) yield strength installed at 16-inches (400 mm) o/c vertically and 18-inches (457mm) o/c horizontally.

7. Per BXUV.U930 Note 3- Concrete shall be minimum 2900 psi (20MPa) compressive strength at 28 days and shall be a minimum density of 145 lbs +/- 5lbs /ft\(^3\) (2,323 kg/m\(^3\) +/- 80 kg/m\(^3\)) using regular siliceous concrete aggregate.

8. Per BXUV.U930 Note 4- Finished wall assembly shall provide above noted fire resistance ratings using unclassified or classified ½-inch (12.7mm) gypsum board finish (interior surface only for exterior walls and both sides for interior demising walls).

9. When reinforced per BXUV.U930 Note 2, 6-inch (152 mm) load bearing wall must demonstrate being able to be loaded to a minimum axially applied load of 40,000 lbs/lf (5,532 kg/m) for full 4-hour burn duration under above test conditions.

2.5 MATERIALS

A. Insulating Concrete Forming:
1. Provide Insulating Concrete Forming as listed in Appendix A as may be required for proper execution of the work.

B. Concrete:

1. Concrete supplied under Section 06 03 00 shall be of strength as specified by the design engineer (measured at 28 days). Recommended maximum aggregate size to be ¼-inch (12.7mm) aggregate for 4 & 6-inch (102 & 152mm) cavity forms and, ⅜-inch (19mm) aggregate for 8-inch (203 mm) cavity forms and higher.

2. Recommended concrete slump is 4 to 6-inches +/- 1-inch (102 to 152mm +/- 25mm) (subject to design revision to suit application).

3. Where required by engineer of record, recommended slump specification shall be attained through addition of super plasticizer/mid-range water reducing agents to achieve design mix strength and concrete flow-ability.

C. Reinforcing Steel:

1. Reinforcing steel shall be as specified in Section 03 21 00 and shall be supplied under that Section for placement by the Form System’s Trained Installer.

D. Waterproofing:

1. Where specified, waterproofing shall be self-adhesive modified bituminous sheet waterproofing membrane as supplied by concrete form system manufacturer specific to the form system specified under this section. Material to be supplied under this Section & installed as specified under Section 07 13 52 (Modified Bituminous Sheet Waterproofing).

2. Waterproofing material shall be EPS foam compatible.

E. Parging:

1. Where called for on drawings, parging (acrylic stucco type) shall be as recommended and supplied by Concrete Form Manufacturer under this section and installed as specified under Section 09 24 00 (Portland Cement Plaster).

2. Alternate EIFS supplied and installed under Section 07 24 00 (Exterior Insulation and Finish System).

2.6 ACCESSORIES

Form Alignment System

1. The Trained Installer shall furnish and utilize the Wall Access and Form Alignment System (as supplied by the Manufacturer or approved equivalent) to facilitate construction of the wall assembly, and to provide adjustment for ensuring plumbness and straightness of the wall system during construction, just prior to concrete placement and immediately after concrete placement while form system is still adjustable to final finished position.
2. *Form Alignment System* shall be OSHA compliant. *Technical Associate* shall supply engineering documentation pertaining to the “base” *Form Alignment System* components to verify compliance upon request.

3. As specified under Section 1.05 Submittals, for wall heights above 12-feet (3.6 m), the contractor shall provide scaffold engineering for *Form Alignment System* support or shall ensure this engineering is included by the engineer of record for support of the form system during construction.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLERS

A. Substitution Limitations:

1. Per Section 1.05 Submittals – Bid Submittal requirements, the installing contractor for this section shall be:

   a) An experienced ICF Contractor (*trained installer*) with minimum 3 years experience in commercial ICF construction or;

   b) A qualified masonry or traditional concrete forming contractor with minimum 5 years experience in commercial construction applications.

   c) A qualified master carpenter with minimum 5 years experience in commercial construction applications.

2. Per Section 1.05 Submittals – Bid Submittal requirements, the installing contractor shall have demonstrated experience on supervising commercial construction projects of with gross floor areas of 50,000 ft² (4,645 m²) or greater. (Submit project name(s)/ location(s)).

3.2 EXAMINATION

A. Verification of Conditions:

1. Inspect all areas included in Part 1 Section 1.01 Summary to establish extent of work and verify site access conditions.

2. Verify that site conditions are as set out in Part 1- Section 1.10 Site Conditions.

B. Evaluation and Assessment:

1. Examine footings installed under Section 03 30 53 are within +/-¼-inch (6mm) of level and that steps footing increments are 18-inches (457 mm) in height.

2. Where partial or half course is intended for starting course elevation, ensure step footing increment is equal to cut form unit less ½-inch (13 mm).
3. When specified, ensure reinforcing steel dowels are in place at specified centers along footing lengths.

4. Ensure reinforcement steel dowels have OSHA compliant protection installed until formwork is erected above dowel level.

3.3 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation:

1. Clean all debris from top of footings prior to commencement of insulating concrete form system installation.

2. Sequence installation of concrete formwork with related work specified in other sections to ensure that wall assemblies, including window and door accessories, trim, service penetrations, transition changes, and mechanical service are protected against damage from effects of weather, corrosion, and adjacent construction activity.

3.4 ERECTION / INSTALLATION / APPLICATION

A. Installation Procedures:

1. Installation of forms to be in strict accordance with manufacturer’s product installation manual as supplied in evidence to contractor under Part 1 Section 1.05 of this Section.

2. The trained installer shall ensure all manufacturer’s procedures for the following work are employed on site (as outlined in the manufacturer’s product Installation manual) Additional to all required procedures being followed, the trained Installer shall specifically assure cross checks with respect to layout, leveling and vertical alignment are executed as noted below in each section:

   a) First Course Placement – perform cross checks for accuracy of plan layout to survey pins, marks or grid lines as set by the contractor.

   b) Horizontal Reinforcement Placement – assure reinforcement diameter, grade and positioning is accurate to engineering specifications on structural drawings and installed in correct axis of wall for each course placed.

   c) Successive Course Placement – assure system is accurately leveled subsequent to 2\textsuperscript{nd} course placement.

   d) Door & Window Opening Construction – when specified, assure bucks have been prepared for anchorage with concrete and/or fitted with mesh attachments as may be required for subsequent exterior finishes such as acrylic stuccos or similar architectural coatings for non-combustible construction. Trained Installer shall also assure all top, bottom and stirrup steel fittings are installed per engineering specifications.

   e) Form Alignment System /Installation – assure Form Alignment System is regularly checked for crew safety, anchorage to form system as specified, vertical alignment checks at both pre-placement of concrete as well.

   f) Vertical Reinforcement Placement- assure reinforcement diameter, grade and positioning is accurate to engineering specifications on structural drawings and installed in correct axis of wall, prior to placement of concrete.
g) Pre-Concrete Placement Inspection: trained installer shall assure string lines are in place at the top of all pours and wall system aligned for placement, cross check and assure that all required service penetration sleeves, embed plates, anchor bolts, fittings, beam pocket preparations, as specified on drawings are in place prior to commencement of concrete placement.

h) Concrete Placement: trained installer shall assure concrete tickets retained for contractor records and that slump, strength and aggregate size are as specified per Section 2.04 of this Section. Trained installer to assure truck delivery timed for rate of placement and that placement does not exceed ACI recommended practices. Trained installer shall also assure that concrete during lift placement is mechanically and internally vibrated per ACI Standards to assure full monolithic concrete placement for all areas of formwork.

i) Form Alignment System and Scaffold Access Assembly, adjustment & removal. Trained installer shall assure entire wall lengths aligned to vertical plumb by string line and screeded to horizontal level as required for finished wall height prior to concrete set. Subsequent to initial concrete cure, contractor shall assure that scaffold access and Form Alignment System remains in place until removal is directed accordingly by the engineer of record for the project.

B. Interface with Other Work:

1. Service penetrations (electrical service conduits, water service pipes, air supply and exhaust ducts etc.) shall be installed at the required locations as indicated by the appropriate trade.

2. Service penetrations exceeding 16” x 16” (400 mm x 400 mm) in area shall be reinforced per engineer specifications.

3. Prior to concrete placement, install service penetration sleeves (supplied by others) at designated locations to create voids for service placement at later date.

4. Instructions for exterior finish application to be reviewed with each trade. Contractor shall contact Trained Installer for specific instructions where sub trade has insufficient information or specialty requirements not addressed in specification specific to ICF applications.

3.5 CLEANING

A. Waste Management

1. Clean up and properly dispose of all debris remaining on job site related to the installation of the insulated concrete forms.

3.6 PROTECTION

A. Assure final finishes are installed over form product or provide temporary coverage of installation to reduce EPS foam surface exposure to ultra violet light should final finish application be delayed longer than 18 months after form product installation.

B. Consult with exterior finish contractor concerning exposure of EPS to ultraviolet light to ensure proper finish to ICF walls.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 032000 - CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

A. This section includes fabrication and installation of deformed bar and welded wire fabric reinforcing steel.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Concrete Forming and Accessories - Section 031000.

B. Cast In Place Concrete - Section 033000.

C. Insulated Concrete Forming – Section 031119

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reference Standards:

1. American Concrete Institute (ACI)
   a. ACI 301-05 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings
   b. ACI 315-99 Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement
   c. ACI 318-05 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete

   a. ASTM A 82/ Standard Specification for Steel Wire, plain, A82M-07 for Concrete Reinforcement
   b. ASTM A 185/ Standard Specification for Steel Welded A185M-07 Wire Reinforcement, Plain, for Concrete
   c. ASTM A 615/ Standard Specification for Deformed and A 615M-09b Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement


1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for reinforcing steel. Comply with ACI 315 requirements showing layout, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, diagrams of bent bars, and arrangement of reinforcing steel. Shop Drawings shall not be made by reproduction of the Contract Drawings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

City of Santa Fe
Fire Department Station No. 2
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020
AOS Architects 072500 - 1
2.1 MATERIALS
   A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615, Grade 60. Stirrups and ties may be Grade 40.
   C. Supports for Reinforcing Steel: Wire bar type and precast concrete block type meeting the requirements of CRSI Manual of Standard Practice.

2.2 FABRICATION
   A. Fabricate reinforcing steel in accordance with fabricating tolerances in ACI 315.
   B. Do not fabricate reinforcing steel until shop drawings are approved.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PLACING BAR SUPPORTS
   A. General: Provide bar supports meeting the requirements of CRSI Specification for Placing Bar Supports.
   B. Slabs-on-grade: Use supports with sand plates or precast concrete blocks or horizontal runners where base material will not support chair legs.

3.2 PLACING REINFORCING STEEL
   A. General: Comply with CRSI Code of Standard Practice for "Placing Reinforcing Bars".
   B. Clean reinforcing steel of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other materials, which reduce or destroy bond with concrete.
   C. Accurately position, support and secure reinforcing steel against displacement by formwork, construction, or concrete placement operations. Place reinforcing steel to obtain minimum coverages. Arrange, space and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcing steel in position during concrete placement operations. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.

       Concrete Cover:
       Concrete cast against and permanently exposed to earth 3 inches
       Concrete exposed to earth or weather:
       Bars larger than No. 5 2 inches
       Bars No. 5 or smaller 1 ½ inches

   D. Rebar Splices: Locate at points of minimum stress or as shown on contract drawings. Unless noted otherwise, provide lap splices 30 bar diameters (18 inches minimum) in length.
   E. Welded Wire Fabric Splices: Lap one complete wire spacing.
   F. Corner Reinforcing: Provide corner bars of same size and spacing as horizontal reinforcing steel. Lap with horizontal reinforcing 30 bar diameters or 18 inches minimum length.
G. Reinforcing at Construction/Control Joints: Continue reinforcing steel through construction joints unless noted otherwise. Discontinue reinforcing steel 2 inches from preformed construction joints in slabs-on-grade. Cut alternate longitudinal bars at weakened plane control joints in walls.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 033000 - CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

A. This section covers cast-in-place concrete including finishing, surface repair and curing.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Concrete Forming and Accessories - Section 031000
B. Concrete Reinforcement - Section 032000
C. Under Slab Vapor Retarder – Section 072600
D. Insulated Concrete Forming – Section 031119

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reference Standards: Meet the requirements of the following codes, specifications and standards.

1. American Concrete Institute (ACI) Publications;
   a. ACI 301-05 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings
   c. ACI 318-05 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete.

2. ASTM International (ASTM);
   a. ASTM C 31/ C31M-10 Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field
   b. ASTM C 33/ C33M-11a Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates
   c. ASTM C 39/ C39M-11a Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens
   d. ASTM C 94/ C 94M-11b Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete
   e. ASTM C 131-06 Standard Test Method for Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine
   f. ASTM C 136-06 Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
   g. ASTM C 143 C 143M-10a Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete
h. ASTM C 150/ C150M-11 Standard Specification for Portland Cement

i. ASTM C 171-07 Standard Specification for Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete

j. ASTM C 172/ C172M-10 Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete

k. ASTM C 173/ C 173M-10b Standard Test Method for Air Content of FreshlyMixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method

l. ASTM C 231/ C231M-10 Standard Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method

m. ASTM C 260/ C260M-10a Standard Specification for Air Entraining Admixtures for Concrete

n. ASTM C 309-11 Standard Specification for Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete

o. ASTM C 330/ 330M-09 Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete


q. ASTM C 567-05a Standard Test Method for Determining Density of Structural Lightweight Concrete

r. ASTM C 618-08a Standard Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete

s. ASTM D 4318-10 Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils

B. Environmental Requirements: Manufacturer and Contractor shall conform to Federal, State, and Local V.O.C. (Volatile Organic Compound) Regulations in area where Project is located. Notify A/E in writing if variations to Specifications herein are required.

1. V.O.C. content shall be a maximum 250 (55) gm/liter, unless more stringent codes or laws apply.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer’s product data with application and installation instructions for proprietary materials and admixtures.

B. Concrete Mix Design:

1. Submit mix design in accordance with ACI-301, Section 4.
2. Submit with mix design results of laboratory tests performed within previous 12 months indicating aggregates from the proposed source comply with the requirements of ASTM C 33 or C 330 as applicable.

3. Submit the proposed area of use for each mix design submitted (footings, stemwalls, slabs, walls, columns, etc.).

C. Test Reports: Submit copies of test reports for concrete compressive strength, air content, temperature and slump. Submit copies of granular base course test reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."

B. Environmental Requirements: Manufacturer and Contractor shall conform to Federal, State, and Local V.O.C. (Volatile Organic Compound) Regulations in area where Project is located. Notify A/E in writing if variations to Specifications herein are required.

1. V.O.C. content shall be a maximum 250 (55) gm/liter, unless more stringent codes or laws apply.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II, low alkali. Use one brand of cement throughout project.


C. Water: Potable.


F. Fly-Ash: ASTM C 618, Class F.

G. Moisture-Retaining Cover: Provide waterproof paper, polyethylene film, or polyethylene-coated burlap meeting the requirements of ASTM C 171.

H. Liquid Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: Liquid type membrane-forming curing compound meeting the requirements of ASTM C 309; Type 1-D with fugitive dye for interior concrete and foundations; Type 2, white pigmented, for exposed exterior concrete except exposed exterior Architectural concrete, use Type 1-D.

Curing compound shall NOT be used on interior slabs, except exposed integrally colored concrete slabs. Curing compound to be used on integrally colored concrete slabs shall be approved by the manufacturer of the color.

I. Vapor Retarder shall comply with Section 07 26 00 of these Specifications.
J. Concrete Sealer: Sikafloor 3S.

K. Integrally Colored Concrete:

- **Mfr/Products:** Sikafloor SOLARCHROME® Integral Coloring Treatment for High SRI Concrete
- **Wall Locations:** SHAFT/DRILL tower all-around interior/exterior, APPARATUS BAY at interior One Side ICF face, and CREW HALL, STUDY, MAIN ENTRY – all at One Side ICF as occurs.
- **Wall Color:** SR 0.273 | SRI 30 **Cool Taupe with Gray Cement** (Confirm)
- **Floor Locations:** MAIN HALL, CAPT OFF, CHARGE, WARM & COOL LAUNDRIES, WARM LOCKER, BATH HALL, CREW ENTRY, CREW HALL, BUNK HALL, COOL ELECT, MECH, IT, EMS, AIR, TOOL, SHAFT, DRILL, RADIO, FIRE PPE, HOT LAUNDRY, HOT JC, CASACADE, and MAIN ELECT spaces
- **Floor Color:** SR 0.460 | SRI 54 **Sago Palm with White Cement** (Confirm)
- **Floor Finish:** Polished concrete finish at all integrally colored concrete floors – see finish schedule for locations

2.2 **PROPORTIONING AND DESIGN OF MIXES**

A. Prepare design mixes for each type and strength of concrete by either laboratory trial mixture or field experience methods as specified in ACI 301, Section 4. If trial mixture method is used, employ an independent testing facility, acceptable to Architect, for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs.

B. Submit written reports to Architect, or Engineer, of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of work. Do not begin concrete production until mixes have been approved.

C. Refer to the General Structural Notes for concrete strengths.

D. Slabs-on-ground or on vapor retarder shall have a water/total cementitious ratio not to exceed 0.45.

E. Fly ash shall be used in all concrete.

F. Admixtures

1. Use water reducing admixture conforming to ASTM C 494, Type A, in all concrete unless approved otherwise by the Structural Engineer.

2. All other admixtures shall have the written approval of the Architect or Structural Engineer.

3. Calcium chloride is not permitted.

4. All admixtures, except high range water reducers, shall be added to the concrete at the batch plant.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **COORDINATION**
A. Coordinate the installation of joint materials and moisture barriers with placement of forms and reinforcing steel. Set screeds accurately. Embedded items shall be accurately aligned and adequately supported. Verify installation of mechanical, plumbing, and electrical items to be embedded in concrete. Correct any unsatisfactory condition before proceeding further.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Before placing concrete, clean and roughen surface of previously placed concrete. Clean reinforcing steel. Remove debris, providing clean-outs at bottom of forms when necessary. Moisten surfaces to receive concrete unless otherwise prepared. Remove excess water before placing concrete.

3.3 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. General: Comply with ACI 301.

B. Place concrete continuously in layers not deeper than 24 inches. Concrete shall not be placed against concrete which has hardened sufficiently to cause the formation of seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints. Deposit concrete as nearly as practicable to its final location to avoid segregation. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete.

C. Maintain reinforcing in proper position during concrete placement operations.

D. Consolidate concrete, immediately after placing, by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand-spading, rodding or tamping. Use equipment and procedures for consolidation of concrete in accordance with ACI recommended practices.

E. Bring slab surfaces to correct level with straightedge and strikeoff. Use bull floats or darbies to smooth surface. Do not disturb slab surfaces prior to beginning finishing operations.

F. Cold Weather Concreting: Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength caused by frost, freezing or low temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1.

G. Hot Weather Concreting: When hot weather conditions exist that would impair quality and strength of concrete, reduce delivery time of ready mix concrete, lower the temperature of materials, or add retarder to ensure that the concrete is plastic. Retempering with water is not allowed. Comply with ACI 305R.

3.4 FINISH OF FORMED SURFACES

A. Rough Form Finish: Provide where formed concrete surfaces are not exposed to view. Tie holes and surface imperfections shall be repaired and patched and fins and other projections exceeding ¼ inch in height rubbed down or chipped off.

3.5 FINISH OF HORIZONTAL SURFACES

A. At tops of foundation walls and grade beams finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

3.6 SLAB FINISHES

A. Float Finish: Begin floating when surface water has disappeared and when concrete has stiffened sufficiently to permit operation of power-driven or hand floats. Consolidate surface with power-driven
floats, or by hand-floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Check and level surface plane to a tolerance not exceeding ¼ inch in 10 feet when tested with a 10 foot straightedge.

B. Scratch Finish: Apply scratch finish to slab surfaces that are to receive floor topping. Roughen surface before final set, using stiff brushes, or brooms.

C. Trowel Finish: Apply trowel finish to all slab surfaces unless noted otherwise. After floating, begin first trowel finish using a power-driven or hand trowel. Finish concrete surface by a final hand-trowel operation, free of trowel marks, and uniform in texture and appearance. The final surface finish for slabs-on-grade shall have a minimum FF = 25 and a minimum FL = 20 per ACI requirements.

D. Broom Finish: Apply on exterior slabs, ramps, steps, and sidewalks. Immediately after concrete has received a float finish, draw a broom or burlap belt across the surface to give a coarse transverse scored texture.

3.7 CONCRETE CURING AND PROTECTION

A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Continue curing for at least 7 days.

B. Moisture-retaining Cover curing: All interior concrete slabs, except exposed integrally colored concrete slabs, are to be cured with a moisture retaining cover for the first 7 days. After that time, the cover shall be removed and the slab should be allowed to dry. Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width with sides and ends lapped at least 3 inches and sealed. Repair any holes or tears in cover during curing period.

C. Curing compound: At contractor’s option, exterior concrete slabs may be cured using curing compound. All vertical concrete (walls, beams, etc...) shall be cured using curing compound – apply compound to the vertical surface as soon as the forms are removed. Apply curing compound uniformly in accordance with the manufacturer’s printed instructions. Curing compound shall NOT be used on interior slabs, except exposed integrally colored concrete slabs.

D. Exposed integrally colored concrete slabs: Use curing compound recommended by the concrete supplier. Apply with an airless sprayer.

3.8 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Patching Surface Imperfections: Remove loose material and patch surface imperfections and holes left by tie rods with cement mortar. Surface imperfections include honeycomb, excessive air voids, sand streaking and cracks.

3.9 FOR EXPOSED-TO-VIEW SURFACES

A. Blend white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match color surrounding. Provide test areas at inconspicuous location to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike-off slightly higher than surrounding surface.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. The Owner shall employ the services of a qualified testing laboratory to perform tests and submit test reports.
B. Sampling Fresh Concrete: ASTM C 172.

C. Slump: ASTM C 143; one test for each set of compressive strength test specimens.

D. Air Content: ASTM C 173 or C 231 for each set of compressive strength test specimens.

E. Concrete Temperature: Test hourly when air temperature is 40 degrees F. and below, when 80 degrees F and above; and when compression test specimens are made.

F. Compression Test Specimen: ASTM C 31, one set of 4 standard cylinders for each compressive strength test, unless otherwise directed. Mold and store cylinders for laboratory cured test specimens except when field cure test specimens are required. Mold one set of standard cylinders for volume of concrete specified below or fraction thereof.

1. Slabs on Grade 30 cubic yards
2. Footings and walls 50 cubic yards
3. All other locations (unless noted otherwise) 30 cubic yards

G. Compressive Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; test 1 specimen at 7 days, 2 specimens at 28 days, and retain one specimen in reserve for later testing. Additional Tests: The testing laboratory will make additional tests of in-place concrete when test results indicate specified concrete strengths and other characteristics have not been attained in the structure as directed by the Architect. The testing laboratory may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42 or by other methods as directed by the Architect or Engineer. The Owner shall pay for such tests conducted, and any other additional testing as may be required, when unacceptable concrete is verified.

END OF SECTION 033000
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

A. This section includes the fabrication and erection of structural steel.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications of Fabricator: Fabricator shall have a minimum of 5 years experience in the fabrication of structural steel of structures of similar size. Fabricator shall have AISC or IAS certification or other certification as approved by the building official and the engineer of record. If the fabricator does not have approved certification, special inspection shall be done on the fabrication process and on the fabricated material as required by Section 1704.2, Inspection of Fabricators of the International Building Code. The non-certified fabricator shall engage a special inspector that meets the requirements of IBC section 1704.1 and is acceptable to the building official and the engineer of record. Provide documentation verifying certification or provide special inspector information for approval prior to issuance of a building permit.

B. Qualifications of Erector: Erector shall have a minimum of 5 years experience in the erection of structural steel of structures of similar size.

C. Qualifications of Field Welders: Welders shall be certified in accordance with AWS D1.1 within the last 12 months.

D. Reference Standards:

1. ASTM International (ASTM)
   a. ASTM A 36/ A36M-08 Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel
   b. ASTM A 53/ A 53M-10 Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-coated Welded and Seamless
   d. ASTM A 307-10 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile Strength
   e. ASTM A 325-10 Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength
   f. ASTM A 490-11 Specification for Structural Bolts, Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength
   g. ASTM A 500/ Standard Specification for Cold-Formed A500M-10a Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes
h. ASTM A 992/ A 992M-11 Standard Specification for Structural Steel Shapes
i. ASTM C 1107/ C1107M-11 Standard Specification for Packaged Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (non-shrink)
j. ASTM F1554-07ae1 Standard Specification for Anchor Bolts, Steel, 36, 55, and 105-ksi Yield Strength.

   a. AWS D1.1 Structural Welding Code-Steel

   a. Specification for Structural Steel Buildings
   b. AISC Code of Standard Practice
   c. Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings including erection plans, complete details and schedules for fabrication and assembly of structural steel members. Include details of cuts, connections, camber, holes, and other pertinent data. Indicate welds by standard AWS symbols, and show size, length, and type of each weld. Shop drawings shall not be made by reproduction of the Contract Drawings.

B. Provide setting drawings and directions for installation of anchor bolts and other anchorages to be installed by others.

C. Welder Certification: Submit affidavit stating that all welders are certified in accordance with AWS and provide copies of welder’s certificates.

D. Galvanizing process and re-galvanizing field repair materials and process.

1.5 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Support structural steel above ground on skids, pallets, platforms, or other supports.

B. Protect steel from damage.

C. Store packaged materials in original unbroken package or container.

D. Do not store materials on structure in a manner that might cause distortion or damage to members or supporting structures.

E. Replace damaged shapes or members.

F. Waste Management and Disposal; As specified in Division 01 Section “Construction Waste Management” and as follows: Collect cut offs and scrap and place in designated area for recycling in accordance with the Waste Management Plan and local recycler standards.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. All Wide Flange Shapes shall conform to ASTM A 992, Grade 50 unless noted otherwise.

B. All Angles, Channels, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36.

C. Structural Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, Type E or S, Grade B Fy=35 ksi

D. Rectangular or Square Hollow Structural Section: ASTM A 500, Grade B, Fy = 46 ksi.

E. Round Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A 500, Grade B, Fy-42 ksi.

F. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554, Grade 36

G. High Strength Tension Control Threaded Fasteners: Meet requirements of ASTM A 325 or ASTM A 490.

H. Headed Anchor Shear Studs: By the Nelson Division of TRW.

I. Welding Electrodes: E 70 Series.

J. Hot-Dip Galvanizing and re-galvanizing: Fabricators standard.

K. Non-Metallic, Non-Shrink Grout: Meets the requirements of ASTM C 1107.

L. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, non-staining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time. Grout shall have a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 6,000 psi.

1. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following or an approved equal:
   b. Crystex; L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc. Omaha, Nebraska.
   c. Sure-Grip High Performance Grout; Dayton superior Corp., Miamisburg, Ohio.
   d. Sonnogrtou 10K; Sonneborn Building Products, Shakopee, Minnesota.
   f. Enduro 50; Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc, Kansas City, Kansas.

2.2 FABRICATION

A. Fabrication shall be in accordance with the AISC "Code of Standard Practice for Buildings and Bridges".

B. Connections: Weld or bolt shop connections as indicated on the approved shop drawings. Design connections to support reactions and forces where indicated on the drawings.
C. Shop Welds: Shall be visually inspected by the Fabricator's quality control department.

2.3 SHOP PAINTING

A. General: All structural steel and steel connections (wood-to-wood, concrete-to-wood, etc...) shall be hot-dip galvanized or electro-galvanized.

PART 3  - EXECUTION

3.1 COORDINATION

A. Field Measurements: Verify all elevations, locations, and dimensions of surfaces to receive structural steel.

B. Anchor Bolts and Other Embedded Items: Verify locations and positions of anchor bolts and other embedded items used to support structural steel.

All Anchor bolts for column base plates, anchors and bearing plates for beams shall be located prior to installation by a Registered Professional surveyor. The Professional Surveyor shall use project control points, such as bench marks, grid lines, or building corners established and accurately maintained by the General Contractor for vertical and horizontal control of location. Templates shall be used to locate groupings of bolts or anchors and shall be confirmed as to orientation and hole geometry accuracy.

Anchor bolts and bearing plates with anchors shall be stabilized against movement, vertical and horizontal, prior to and during concrete casting of concrete supporting these devices.

Upon completion of the concrete casting the Professional Surveyor shall verify vertical and horizontal locations and orientation of anchor bolts or bearing plates with anchors. A report shall be furnished to the Engineer of Record (through the General Contractor and Architect) noting non compliant locations. The EOR, will furnish remedial actions required to correct the non compliant anchor bolt or bearing plate locations. Allow ten days for the EOR’s report on remedial actions necessary.

It shall be the General Contractor's responsibility to have this work performed.

C. Correct any unsatisfactory conditions prior to erection of structural steel.

3.2 PREPARATION

B. Clean surfaces to receive structural steel prior to erection.

3.3 ERECTION

A. General: Erect structural steel in accordance with AISC "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges".

B. Field Assembly: Assemble structural steel accurately to the lines and elevations shown on the drawings. Align and adjust components accurately before fastening.
C. Temporary Bracing: Provide temporary bracing or guys to secure structural steel against wind, seismic, or construction loads. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to maintain stability of the structure during erection.

D. Field Bolted Connections: Install high strength tension control bolts in accordance with AISC Specifications for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 and A490 Bolts and the manufacturer’s instructions. Where clearance within a connection does not permit the use of tension control bolts, standard A325 bolts shall be used and inspected in accordance with the AISC Specification for Structural Joints. All bolts shall be hot-dip galvanized.

E. Field Welding: Perform all welds in accordance with AWS.

F. Welded Connections: Field welds shall be visually inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

   a. In addition to visual inspection, field welds will be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency’s option:
      i. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
      ii. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
      iii. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
      iv. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94

G. Gas Cutting: Do not use gas-cutting torches in field to cut structural framing.

H. Field Touch-up Galvanizing: Re-galvanize all exposed bolts, washers, and nuts after connections have been tightened and checked. RE-galvanize all exterior exposed field welds. Use approved galvanize repair paint.

I. Grout Placement: Comply with the manufacturer’s instructions.

J. Tighten anchor bolts after supported members have been positioned and plumbed.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 055000 - METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Miscellaneous steel framing and supports for applications where framing and supports are not specified in other Sections.
2. Metal fencing and enclosures, including swing gates.
3. Metal support frames for wood benchtops.
4. Metal ladders.
5. Ladder safety cages.
6. Metal ships’ ladders.
7. Miscellaneous steel trim including steel channel protection at folding door openings, steel angle corner guards, and steel edgings.
8. Metal bollards.
9. Metal downspout boots.
10. Loose bearing and leveling plates.

B. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the following:

1. Anchor bolts, steel pipe sleeves, slotted-channel inserts, and wedge-type inserts indicated to be cast into concrete or built into unit masonry.
2. Steel weld plates and angles for casting into concrete for applications where they are not specified in other Sections.

C. Related Requirements:

1. Section 055119 “Metal Grating Stairs“ for stair railings.
2. Section 055213 “Pipe and Tube Railings.”
3. Section 055313 “Bar Gratings.”
4. Section 064600 “Wood Trim” for wood benchtops.
5. Section 118129 “Facility Fall Protection” for roof access ladder fall protection systems and for climbing rope anchor assemblies fabricated from steel.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For paint products and grout.

B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.

C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For ladders, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements,” to design ladders.
B. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on exterior metal fabrications by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects.

1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

2.2 METALS

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.

B. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

C. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500/A 500M, cold-formed steel tubing.

D. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Standard Weight (Schedule 40) unless otherwise indicated.

E. Slotted Channel Framing: Cold-formed metal box channels (struts) complying with MFMA-4; of 1-5/8 by 1-5/8 inches (41 by 41 mm) size unless otherwise indicated; fabricated from one of the following unless otherwise indicated:

1. Galvanized steel, ASTM A 653/A 653M, structural steel, Grade 33 (Grade 230), with G90 (Z275) coating; 0.108-inch (2.8-mm) nominal thickness.
2. Cold-rolled steel, ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, structural steel, Grade 33 (Grade 230); 0.0966-inch (2.5-mm) minimum thickness; hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.

F. Cast Iron: Either gray iron, ASTM A 48/A 48M, or malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M, unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 FASTENERS

A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.

B. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Either threaded type or wedge type unless otherwise indicated; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron or ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed, all hot-dip galvanized per ASTM F 2329.

C. Post-Installed Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion anchors or chemical anchors.

1. Material for Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5, unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with Division 09 painting and coating Sections.
B. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107/C 1107M. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

C. Concrete: Comply with requirements in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for normal-weight, air-entrained, concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa).

2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.

B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.

C. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
   1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
   2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
   3. Remove welding flux immediately.
   4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended.

D. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners or welds where possible. Locate joints where least conspicuous.

E. Fabricate seams and other connections that are exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.

F. Where units are indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry, equip with integrally welded steel strap anchors not less than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends and corners of units and 24 inches (600 mm) o.c.

2.6 STEEL FENCES ASSEMBLIES

A. Steel Fence and Gates: Provide welded construction unless otherwise indicated, made from hot-dip galvanized steel tubing, bars and shapes, of configurations indicated.

B. Fabrication: Fabricate fence infill into sections of size indicated.

C. Gate Hardware: Latches permitting operation from both sides of gate, hinges, and keepers for each gate leaf more than 5 feet (1.52 m) wide. Provide center gate stops and cane bolts for pairs of gates. Fabricate latches with integral eye openings for padlocking; padlock accessible from both sides of gate.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

A. General: Provide steel framing and supports not specified in other Sections as needed to complete the Work.

B. Fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of welded construction unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive adjacent construction.
2.8  METAL LADDERS

A.  General:  Comply with ANSI A14.3.

B.  Steel Ladders:

1.  Space siderails 16 inches (406 mm) apart unless otherwise indicated.
2.  Siderails:  Continuous, 3/8-by-2-1/2-inch (9.5-by-64-mm) steel flat bars, with eased edges.
3.  Rungs:  3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter steel bars.
4.  Fit rungs in centerline of siderails; plug-weld and grind smooth on outer rail faces.
5.  Provide nonslip surfaces on top of each rung.
6.  Galvanize and prime ladders, including brackets.

2.9  LADDER SAFETY CAGES

A.  Fabricate ladder safety cages to comply with ANSI A14.3.  Assemble by welding or with stainless-steel fasteners.

B.  Provide primary hoops at tops and bottoms of cages and spaced not more than 20 feet (6 m) o.c.  Provide secondary intermediate hoops spaced not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. between primary hoops.

C.  Galvanize and prime steel ladder safety cages, including brackets and fasteners.

2.10  METAL SHIPS’ LADDERS

A.  Provide metal ships’ ladders where indicated.  Fabricate of open-type construction with channel or plate stringers and pipe and tube railings unless otherwise indicated.  Provide brackets and fittings for installation.

1.  Treads shall be not less than 5 inches (127 mm) exclusive of nosing or less than 8-1/2 inches (216 mm) including the nosing, and riser height shall be not more than 9-1/2 inches (241 mm).
2.  Fabricate ships' ladders, including railings from steel.

B.  Galvanize and prime steel ships' ladders, including treads, railings, brackets, and fasteners.

2.11  MISCELLANEOUS STEEL TRIM

A.  Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of profiles shown with continuously welded joints and smooth exposed edges.  Miter corners and use concealed field splices where possible.

B.  Provide cutouts, fittings, and anchorages as needed to coordinate assembly and installation with other work.

C.  Galvanize and prime miscellaneous steel trim.

2.12  METAL BOLLARDS

A.  Fabricate metal bollards from Schedule 40 steel pipe.

B.  Galvanize and prime bollards.
2.13 METAL DOWNSPOUT BOOTS
   A. Provide downsput boots made from cast iron in heights indicated with inlets of size and shape to suit downsputs. Provide units with flanges and holes for countersunk anchor bolts.
      1. Outlet: Discharge into pipe.
      2. Design and Configuration: As selected by Architect from full range of industry options.

2.14 LOOSE BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES
   A. Provide loose bearing and leveling plates for steel items bearing on masonry or concrete construction. Drill plates to receive anchor bolts and for grouting.

2.15 STEEL WELD PLATES AND ANGLES
   A. Provide steel weld plates and angles not specified in other Sections, for items supported from concrete construction as needed to complete the Work. Provide each unit with no fewer than two integrally welded steel strap anchors for embedding in concrete.

2.16 FINISHES, GENERAL
   A. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.

2.17 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES
   A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for steel and iron hardware and with ASTM A 123/A 123M for other steel and iron products.
   B. Shop prime iron and steel items unless they are to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, or unless otherwise indicated.
   C. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
   D. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL
   A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
   B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.

D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened in in-place construction.

E. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.

3.2 INSTALLING GATES

A. Install gates level, plumb, and secure for full opening without interference. Attach hardware using tamper-resistant or concealed means. Install ground-set items in concrete for anchorage. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and lubricate where necessary.

3.3 INSTALLING METAL BOLLARDS

A. Anchor bollards in place with concrete footings. Place concrete and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Support and brace bollards in position until concrete has cured.

B. Fill bollards solidly with concrete, mounding top surface to shed water.

3.4 INSTALLING BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES


B. Set bearing and leveling plates on wedges, shims, or leveling nuts. After bearing members have been positioned and plumbed, tighten anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of bearing plate before packing with nonshrink grout. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.

B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 055119 - METAL GRATING STAIRS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Industrial-type stairs with steel-grating treads and railings attached to metal grating stairs.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For metal grating stairs, paint products, and grout.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments.

C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For stairs, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design stairs and railings.

B. Structural Performance of Stairs: Metal stairs shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:

1. Uniform Load: 100 lbf/sq. ft. (4.79 kN/sq. m).
2. Concentrated Load: 300 lbf (1.33 kN) applied on an area of 4 sq. in. (2580 sq. mm).
3. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
4. Stair Framing: Capable of withstanding stresses resulting from railing loads in addition to loads specified above.
5. Limit deflection of treads, platforms, and framing members to L/360.

C. Structural Performance of Railings: Railings shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:

1. Handrails and Top Rails of Guards:
   a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. (0.73 kN/m) applied in any direction.
   b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf (0.89 kN) applied in any direction.
   c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.

2. Infill of Guards:
   a. Concentrated load of 50 lbf (0.22 kN) applied horizontally on an area of 1 sq. ft. (0.093 sq. m).
   b. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
2.2 METALS

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces unless otherwise indicated. For components exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.

B. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

C. Rolled-Steel Floor Plate: ASTM A 786/A 786M, rolled from plate complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M or ASTM A 283/A 283M, Grade C or D.

D. Steel Bars for Grating Treads: ASTM A 36/A 36M or steel strip, ASTM A 1011/A 1011M or ASTM A 1018/A 1018M.

E. Wire Rod for Grating Crossbars: ASTM A 510 (ASTM A 510M).

F. Cast Iron: Either gray iron, ASTM A 48/A 48M, or malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M, unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 FASTENERS

A. Provide zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 12 for exterior use. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with Section 099000 "Painting and Coating."

2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

A. Provide complete stair assemblies, including metal framing, hangers, clips, brackets, bearing plates, and other components necessary to support and anchor stairs and platforms on supporting structure.

1. Join components by welding unless otherwise indicated.
2. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.

B. Weld connections to comply with the following:

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. Weld exposed corners and seams continuously unless otherwise indicated.
5. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds to comply with NOMMA's "Voluntary Joint Finish Standards" for Type 4 welds: good quality, uniform undressed weld with minimal splatter.

C. Fabricate joints that are exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
2.6 STEEL-FRAMED STAIRS

A. NAAMM Stair Standard: Comply with "Recommended Voluntary Minimum Standards for Fixed Metal Stairs" in NAAMM AMP 510, "Metal Stairs Manual," Industrial Class, unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

B. Stair Framing:
   1. Fabricate stringers of steel channels.
      a. Provide closures for exposed ends of channel stringers.
   2. Construct platforms of steel channel headers and miscellaneous framing members as needed to comply with performance requirements.
   3. Weld or bolt stringers to headers; weld or bolt framing members to stringers and headers.

C. Metal Bar-Grating Stairs: Form treads and platforms to configurations shown from metal bar grating; fabricate to comply with NAAMM MBG 531, "Metal Bar Grating Manual."
   1. Fabricate treads and platforms from welded steel grating with openings in gratings no more than 1/2 inch (12 mm) in least dimension.
   3. Finish: Galvanized.
   4. Fabricate grating treads with rolled-steel floor plate nosing and with steel angle or steel plate carrier at each end for stringer connections. Secure treads to stringers with bolts.

2.7 STAIR RAILINGS

A. Steel Tube Railings: Fabricate railings to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, details, finish, and member sizes, including wall thickness of tube, post spacings, and anchorage, but not less than that needed to withstand indicated loads.
   1. Rails and Posts: 1-5/8-inch- (41-mm-) diameter top and bottom rails and 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) square posts.

B. Welded Connections: Fabricate railings with welded connections. Cope components at connections to provide close fit, or use fittings designed for this purpose. Weld all around at connections, including at fittings.
   1. Finish welds to comply with NOMMA's "Voluntary Joint Finish Standards" for Type 1 welds: no evidence of a welded joint as shown in NAAMM AMP 521.

C. Form changes in direction of railings by bending.

D. For changes in direction made by bending, use jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required. Maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.

E. Close exposed ends of railing members with prefabricated end fittings.
F. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails unless otherwise indicated.

G. Connect posts to stair framing by direct welding unless otherwise indicated.

H. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, end closures, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors for interconnecting components and for attaching to other work.

2.8 FINISHES

A. Finish metal stairs after assembly.

B. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for steel and iron hardware and with ASTM A 123/A 123M for other steel and iron products.

C. Apply shop primer to surfaces of metal stair components, except those to be embedded in concrete or masonry unless otherwise indicated. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal stairs. Set units accurately in location, alignment, and elevation, measured from established lines and levels and free of rack.

B. Field Welding: Comply with requirements for welding in "Fabrication, General" Article.

3.2 INSTALLING RAILINGS

A. Adjust railing systems before anchoring to ensure matching alignment at abutting joints. Space posts at spacing indicated or, if not indicated, as required by design loads. Plumb posts in each direction. Secure posts and rail ends to building construction as follows:

1. Anchor posts to steel by welding or bolting to steel supporting members.

B. Attach handrails to wall with wall brackets. Locate brackets as indicated or, if not indicated, at spacing required to support structural loads. Secure wall brackets to building construction as required to comply with performance requirements.

3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

B. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 055213 - PIPE AND TUBE RAILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Steel pipe screen assemblies and railings other than stair railings.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 055119 “Metal Grating Stairs” for stair railings.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For grout and anchoring cement products.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For railings, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For delegated-design professional engineer.

B. Welding certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code – Steel."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design railings, including attachment to building construction.

B. Structural Performance: Railings, including attachment to building construction, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:

1. Handrails and Top Rails of Guards:

   a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ ft. (0.73 kN/m) applied in any direction.
   b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf (0.89 kN) applied in any direction.
   c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.

2. Infill of Guards:

   a. Concentrated load of 50 lbf (0.22 kN) applied horizontally on an area of 1 sq. ft. (0.093 sq. m).
   b. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
2.2 METALS, GENERAL

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth surfaces, without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, stains, discolorations, or blemishes.

B. Brackets, Flanges, and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of same type of material and finish as supported rails unless otherwise indicated.
   1. Provide type of bracket with flange tapped for concealed anchorage to threaded hanger bolt unless otherwise indicated and that provides 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) clearance from inside face of handrail to finished wall surface.

2.3 STEEL RAILINGS

A. Tubing: ASTM A500/A500M (cold formed) or ASTM A513/A513M, Type 5.

B. Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Type F or Type S, Grade A, Standard Weight (Schedule 40), unless another grade and weight are required by structural loads.
   1. Provide galvanized finish.

C. Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A36/A36M.

D. Cast Iron Fittings: Either gray iron, ASTM A48/A48M, or malleable iron, ASTM A47/A47M, unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 FASTENERS

A. Fastener Materials:

B. Post-Installed Anchors: Fastener systems with working capacity greater than or equal to the design load, according to an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC193.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select in accordance with AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.

B. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion, complying with ASTM D1187/D1187M.

C. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout, complying with ASTM C1107/C1107M. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

D. Anchoring Cement: Factory-packaged, nonshrink, nonstaining, hydraulic-controlled expansion cement formulation for mixing with water at Project site to create pourable anchoring, patching, and grouting compound.
1. Water-Resistant Product: Provide formulation that is resistant to erosion from water exposure without needing protection by a sealer or waterproof coating and that is recommended by manufacturer for exterior use.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately.
   1. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (1 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
   2. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.

B. Form work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces.

C. Welded Connections: Cope components at connections to provide close fit, or use fittings designed for this purpose. Weld all around at connections, including at fittings.
   1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
   2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
   3. Remove flux immediately.
   4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds to comply with NOMMA's "Voluntary Joint Finish Standards" for Finish #1 welds; ornamental quality with no evidence of a welded joint.

D. Form changes in direction by bending unless otherwise indicated.

E. Bend members in jigs to produce uniform curvature for each configuration required. Maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.

F. Close exposed ends of hollow railing members with prefabricated cap and end fittings of same metal and finish as railings.

G. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails unless otherwise indicated. Close ends of returns unless clearance between end of rail and wall is 1/4 inch (6 mm) or less.

H. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors to interconnect railing members to other work unless otherwise indicated.

I. Provide inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting railings to concrete or masonry work.
   1. Fabricate anchorage devices capable of withstanding loads imposed by railings.
   2. Coordinate anchorage devices with supporting structure.

J. For removable railing posts, fabricate slip-fit sockets from stainless steel tube or pipe whose ID is sized for a close fit with posts; limit movement of post without lateral load, measured at top, to not more than one-fortieth of post height.
   1. Provide socket covers designed and fabricated to resist being dislodged.
   2. Provide chain with eye, snap hook, and staple across gaps formed by removable railing sections at locations indicated. Fabricate from same metal as railings.
2.7 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

A. Galvanized Railings:
   1. Hot-dip galvanize steel railings, including hardware, after fabrication.
   2. Comply with ASTM A123/A123M for hot-dip galvanized railings.
   4. Fill vent and drain holes that are exposed in the finished Work, unless indicated to remain as weep holes, by plugging with zinc solder and filing off smooth.

B. For galvanized railings, provide hot-dip galvanized fittings, brackets, fasteners, sleeves, and other ferrous components.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing railings.
   1. Fit exposed connections together to form tight, hairline joints.
   2. Install railings level, plumb, square, true to line; without distortion, warp, or rack.
   3. Set railings accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; measured from established lines and levels.
   4. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of railing components that are coated or finished after fabrication and that are intended for field connection by mechanical or other means without further cutting or fitting.
   5. Set posts plumb within a tolerance of 1/16 inch in 3 feet (2 mm in 1 m).
   6. Align rails so variations from level for horizontal members and variations from parallel with rake of steps and ramps for sloping members do not exceed 1/4 inch in 12 feet (6 mm in 3.5 m).

B. Control of Corrosion: Prevent galvanic action and other forms of corrosion by insulating metals and other materials from direct contact with incompatible materials.

3.2 ANCHORING POSTS

A. Form or core-drill holes not less than 5 inches (125 mm) deep and 3/4 inch (20 mm) larger than OD of post for installing posts in concrete. Clean holes of loose material, insert posts, and fill annular space between post and concrete with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout or anchoring cement, mixed and placed to comply with anchoring material manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Leave anchorage joint exposed with anchoring material flush with adjacent surface.

C. Install removable railing sections, where indicated, in slip-fit stainless steel sockets cast in concrete.

3.3 ATTACHING RAILINGS

A. Attach handrails to walls with wall brackets unless otherwise indicated. Provide brackets with 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) clearance from inside face of handrail and finished wall surface.

B. Secure wall brackets to building construction as follows:
   1. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
3.4  CLEANING

A.  Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas, and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A780/A780M.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 055313 - BAR GRATINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Metal bar gratings and metal frames and supports for gratings, including the following applications:
   1. Boot wash stations.
   2. Catwalk platforms.
   3. Entrance grilles.

B. Related Requirements:
   1. Section 051000 “Structural Steel” for primary framing for grating platforms.
   2. Section 055119 “Metal Grating Stairs” for bar grating stairs.
   3. Section 055213 “Pipe and Tube Railings” for metal railings for grating platforms.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For clips and anchorage devices for gratings.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   1. Alabama Metal Industries Corporation, a Gibraltar Industries company.
   2. All American Grating.
   5. Fisher & Ludlow.
   7. Grupo Metelmex, S.A. de C.V.
   8. Harso Industrial IKG, a division of Harso Corporation.
   9. MLP Steel Company; Laurel Steel Products Division.
  10. Ohio Gratings, Inc.
  11. Seidelhuber Metal Products; Division of Brodhead Steel Products.

2.2 METAL BAR GRATINGS

A. Metal Bar Grating Standards: Comply with NAAMM MBG 531, "Metal Bar Grating Manual."

B. Welded Steel Grating:
   1. Bearing Bar Spacing: As indicated on Drawings.
   2. Bearing Bar Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
   3. Bearing Bar Thickness: As indicated on Drawings.
   4. Crossbar Spacing: As indicated on Drawings.
5. **Traffic Surface:** Applied abrasive finish consisting of aluminum-oxide aggregate in an epoxy-resin adhesive.
6. **Steel Finish:** Hot-dip galvanized with a coating weight of not less than 1.8 oz./sq. ft. (550 g/sq. m) of coated surface.

2.3 **FERROUS METALS**

A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

B. Steel Bars for Bar Gratings: ASTM A 36/A 36M or steel strip, ASTM A 1011/A 1011M or ASTM A 1018/A 1018M.

C. Wire Rod for Bar Grating Crossbars: ASTM A 510 (ASTM A 510M).

D. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, structural quality, Grade 33 (Grade 230), with G90 (Z275) coating.

2.4 **FASTENERS**

A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941 (ASTM F 1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.

B. Post-Installed Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion or chemical anchors capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488/E 488M, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

2.5 **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS**

A. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with paints specified to be used over it.

2.6 **FABRICATION**

A. Cut, drill, and punch material cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (1 mm) unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.

B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints.

2.7 **GRATING FRAMES AND SUPPORTS**

A. Fabricate from metal shapes, plates, and bars of welded construction to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive gratings. Miter and weld connections for perimeter angle frames. Cut, drill, and tap units to receive hardware and similar items.

1. Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate from same basic metal as gratings.
2. Equip units indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry with integrally welded anchors. Unless otherwise indicated, space anchors 24 inches (600 mm) o.c. and provide minimum anchor units in the form of steel straps 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) wide by 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick by 8 inches (200 mm) long.
B. Galvanize steel frames and supports.

2.8 STEEL FINISHES

A. Finish gratings, frames, and supports after assembly.

B. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for steel and iron hardware and with ASTM A 123/A 123M for other steel and iron products.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing gratings. Set units accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; measured from established lines and levels and free of rack.

B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints.

1. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade the surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.

3.2 INSTALLING METAL BAR GRATINGS

A. General: Install gratings to comply with recommendations of referenced metal bar grating standards that apply to grating types and bar sizes indicated, including installation clearances and standard anchoring details.

B. Attach removable units to supporting members with type and size of clips and fasteners indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by grating manufacturer for type of installation conditions shown.

3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

END OF SECTION
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

A. Furnish and install all tongue and groove, structural plywood, blocking, supports, non-structural nailers, and stripping as required for securing other work, shown on Drawings. Furnish all hardware, miscellaneous rough carpentry and related accessories as indicated on the Drawings or specified herein for a complete installation.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Codes and Standards: All lumber shall conform to all requirements of the International Building Code. All framing lumber and plywood shall be appropriately grade marked with an agency certified by the American Lumber Standards Committee Board of Review for lumber or the American Plywood Association for plywood.

B. Coordination: Contractor shall coordinate location of blocking with other related trades. Other Contractors will furnish exact locations of grounds and blockings to this Contractor for proper installation of their Work.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit copies of manufacturer's product data indicating specifications and installation requirements for rough hardware items specified, i.e., connectors, joist hangers, etc.

B. Letters: Submit letter of compliance that all lumber is grade-marked in compliance with specified products and that lumber is of species and fiber stress specified.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Lumber:

1. Standard Grade Hem-Fir: Non-structural furring, concealed blocking and stripping, and miscellaneous nailers, grade marked with WWPA stamp.

B. Framing Lumber:

1. Studs, sills, plates, ledgers, stiffeners, bridging, etc. Size and spacing as indicated and as required, shall be:

   Species: Spruce-Pine-Fir: Grade No. 2 or better

   \[
   \begin{align*}
   F_b &= 875 \text{ psi} \\
   F_t &= 450 \text{ psi} \\
   F_v &= 70 \text{ psi} \\
   F_c &= 425 \text{ psi} \text{ perpendicular to grain} \\
   F_c &= 725 \text{ psi} \text{ parallel to grain}
   \end{align*}
   \]
Ec = 1,300,000 psi

2. Wood members 2" to 4" thick, 5" and wider.

   Species: Hem-Fir: Grade No. 1 or better

   Fb = 1200 psi
   Ft = 800 psi
   Fv = 75 psi
   Fc = 425 psi perpendicular to grain
   Fc = 1050 psi parallel to grain
   Ec = 1,500,000 psi

3. Beam and Stringers.

   Species: Hem-Fir: Grade No. 1 or Douglas Fir-Larch: Dense No. 2

   Fb = 1050 psi
   Ft = 525 psi
   Fv = 70 psi
   Fc = 405 psi perpendicular to grain
   Fc = 750 psi parallel to grain
   Ec = 1,300,000 psi

C. Plywood:

   1. Roof Sheathing: APA Structural I, exterior 1/2" thick. Span rating not less than 32/16.

D. Fasteners:

   1. Nails: Meeting the requirements of ASTM F1667

      a. Common wire nails. Use galvanized box nails where rough carpentry is exposed to moisture.

      b. Non-corrosive finish nails of either stainless steel, aluminum or high quality hot-dipped galvanized shall be used on all exposed decorative lumber and redwood flooring.


   4. Connectors, Joist Hangers, Anchors, Etc.: Type and size to meet job conditions and as indicated on the Drawings, or as required, as manufactured by Simpson Co., San Leandro, California 94577 or acceptable substitution.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION
A. Provide and securely fasten wood nailing strips, plates, blocking, etc., at proper levels in stud partitions, to anchor all items which require use of wood blocking to fasten or support components and accessories, and as nailers used in conjunction with roofing membrane, sheet metal and flashing and roofing accessories.

B. Workmanship and General Framing

1. Selection of Lumber Pieces: Carefully select all members, selecting pieces so that knots and obvious defects will not interfere with placing bolts, nailing or making connections. Lumber may be rejected by Architect, whether or not is has been installed, for excessive warp, twist, bow, crook, mildew, fungus, or mold, as well as for improper cutting and fitting.

2. Shimming: Do not shim sills, joists, short studs, trimmers, headers, lintels, or other framing components.

3. All members bearing on concrete or exposed to exterior elements shall be fire-resistant pressure treated wood.

4. Framing: Set all horizontal or sloped members with crown up. Do not notch, bore, or cut members for pipes, ducts, conduits, or other reasons except as indicated on Drawings or approved by Architect.

5. Bearings: Make all bearings full unless indicated otherwise. Finish all bearing surfaces on which structural members are resting to give sure and even support. Where framing members slope, cut or notch ends as required for uniform bearing surface.

6. Blocking: Install all blocking required to support all items of finish and to cut off all concealed draft openings, both vertical and horizontal, between ceiling and floor areas. Fire stops shall be two (2) inches (nominal) thick, by full width of opening being blocked. Provide fire stop in accordance with the Uniform Building Code, Chapter 25.

7. Bridging: Cross bridging shall be of not less than two (2) inches by three (3) inches nominal wood or of metal cross bridging of equal strength. Space lines of bridging at eight (8) feet max.

8. Nailing:
   a. All nailing shall be in accordance with the Contract Drawings.
   b. For conditions not covered in the Contract Drawings, provide penetration into piece receiving the point of not less than 1/2 the length of the nail or spike.
   c. Do all nailing without splitting wood. Pre-bore as required. Replace all split members at Contractor’s expense.

9. Bolting: Drill holes 1/16 inch larger in diameter than bolts being used. Drill straight and true from one side only.
   a. Bolt threads shall not bear on wood. Use washers under head and nut where both bear on wood. Use washers under all nuts.

10. Screws: Pre-bore holes in accordance with the National Design Specification for Wood Construction.
SECTION 061719 – CROSS LAMINATED TIMBER (CLT)

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Cross Laminated Timber (CLT) Panels as shown on drawings.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Submittal Procedures.

B. Wood and Steel Connector Details.

C. Beam Construction Details.

D. Glue Laminated Materials.

E. General provisions of the Contract.

1.3 REFERENCES

A. CAN/CSA O122-06, ANSI D3737-07 Structural Glued Laminated Timber.

B. CSA O86-14, Engineering Design in Wood, including Annex B.


D. CSA O177-16, Qualification Code for Manufacturers of Structural Glued Laminated Timber.


1.4 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Design to include fall restraint recommendations.

B. Unsolicited alternative proposals, and unsolicited substitutions of materials, structure, connections or otherwise, must be submitted with sketches and calculations sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of New Mexico and will require reviews by the consultants. Detailed reviews such as these, including changes to construction drawings and coordination, will be undertaken on an additional fee basis, at the Contractor’s cost. This cost must be included in the proposal by the Contractor. Such reviews does not guarantee acceptance of the unsolicited alternative proposal(s).

1.5 SUBMITTALS
A. CLT supplier to provide a fully accurate three-dimensional (3D) model of the interfaces (supports, abutments, etc.), CLT panels, secondary timber members, plus all connections prior to submission of shop drawings. Model to be generated using CADWorks (compatible with AutoCAD 2011), AutoCad 2011, CATIA version 5 release 18 or approved alternate. 3D model to use as-built foundation X, Y, Z coordinates for CLT panel bases.

B. Shop Drawings – Clearly indicate stress grade, service grade, appearance grade, connection details, shop applied finishes, shop and erection details, including cuts, holes, fastenings, camber and connection hardware.

C. Submit PDF shop drawings showing all applicable details and material specifications to the Engineer for review prior to fabrication. Shop drawings shall be accompanied by a certificate of conformance to manufacturing standard.

D. Drawings to be signed by a Registered Professional Structural Engineer. Registered in the State of New Mexico for items designed by supplier.

E. Do not fabricate until shop drawings are reviewed without further changes.

1.6 MANUFACTURER’S QUALIFICATIONS

A. To be certified by the American Plywood Association – Engineered Wood Systems (APA EWS) and bonded with polyurethane resin (white) adhesive meeting the requirements of ANSI A190.1-1992, DIN 68 141 and EN 301 and 302.

B. Cross Laminated Timber (CLT) manufacturer certified by CSA Administrative Board, Structure Glued Laminated Timber Division in accordance with CAN/CSA O177 – to manufacture:
   i. Class 1 interior softwood glued laminated members.
   ii. Class X exterior softwood glued laminated members.

C. Submit certificate in accordance with CAN/CSA O177.

1.7 DELIVERY AND HANDLING

A. Arrange delivery of panels in accordance with construction schedule to designated delivery location.

B. Affix authorized label to all panels supplied. Also identify each panel with mark number.

C. Protect corners with wood blocking.

1.8 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

A. Slit underside of membrane covering during storage at site. Do not deface members.
B. Store CLT panels, blocked off ground and separated with striping, so air may circulate around all faces of members.

C. Cover top and sides with opaque moisture resistant membrane if outside.

D. Maintain protection of CLT panels during construction.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Laminating Stock for Cross Laminated Timber (CLT) panels: Spruce Pine #1/2 to CSA-0122 – 06 or CSA 086 – 09.

B. Adhesives: To CSA 0122.10, and Sections 2.1.3 and 3.3 (ASTM D7247 heat durability) of AITC 405.

C. Acceptable Product: Purbond HB E452 (or approved equivalent).

D. Finish of CLT panels: coating per section 9900, field applied.

E. Fire-Retardant Wood Treatment: Occurs above 40 feet high.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Steel Connectors: Hot dipped galvanized.

B. Wrapping material: Weatherproof, lightproof, stain free material. Cut holes on site on underside of wrapping to avoid accumulation of condensation.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate Cross Laminated Timber (CLT) panels in accordance with ANSI/APA PRG 320/2012 except where specified otherwise and to following classifications. Use multiple layers of 19mm (3/4 in) minimum to 38mm (1 ½) maximum thick laminations. Exceptions only with written consent of the Consultant.

B. CLT grade: as indicated on drawings and referenced by APA/PRG 320 and APA PR-L314C.

C. Appearance Classification:

   a. Non-exposed – where panels are concealed.
      • Shake and checks allowed, shall not exceed 915mm or ⅜ the length
      • Heart or Blue Stain allowed, not limited.
      • Knots – firm and tight (NLGA #2)
      • Pitch streaks not limited
      • Minimal wane on face
• Side pressure on exposed face not required
b. Exposed – where panels are in view in final construction. Exposed face to utilize “J” grade SPF lumber, or L3&Btr D. fir
  • Shake and checks allowed up to 610mm (24in) long, none through
  • Up to maximum of 5% Blue stain allowed, heart stain permitted.
  • Knots – firm and tight (NLGA #2)
  • Pitch streaks no limited
  • Wane on face not permitted
  • Side Pressure on exposed faces required

D. Visual grade Cross Laminated Timber (CLT) panels to be fabricated with chamfers, Non-Visual grade panels can be supplied without chamfers (90 degree corners).

F. Cross Laminated Timber (CLT) panels to be joined at edges using a continuous spline. All required fastener and spline geometry by manufacturer. To be pre-approved by Engineer prior to fabrication.

G. Mark panels for identification during erection, ensure that marks will be concealed in final assembly for appearance grade panels. Clearly mark top surface.

H. All structural steel connecting CLT panels to each other and to supporting panels shall be detailed, supplied and test fitted in the shop by the CLT supplier.

Part 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION
A. Prior to fabrication, check all dimensions relating to this section of work. Report any discrepancies to Engineer.
B. Prior to site erection, examine all site conditions and ensure an acceptable condition.

3.2 ERECTION
A. Erect CLT panels in accordance with final reviewed shop drawings.
B. Make adequate provision for possible erection stresses. Set panels level and plumb to correct positions. Securely brace panels and anchor in place to maintain plumb until permanently secured by finished structure.
C. Fit CLT panels closely and accurately, without trimming, cutting or other modifications, unless approved in writing by Engineer.
D. Site cutting or boring of CLT panels, other than shown on shop drawings not permitted without written consent of Engineer.
SECTION 061753 - SHOP-FABRICATED WOOD TRUSSES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1  RELATED DOCUMENTS
   A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2  SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes:
      1. Wood roof trusses.
      2. Wood truss bracing.
      3. Metal truss accessories.
   B. Related Requirements:
      1. Section 06 16 00 "Sheathing" for roof sheathing and subflooring.
   C. Allowances: Provide wood truss bracing under the Metal-Plate-Connected Truss Bracing Allowance as specified in Section 01 21 00 "Allowances."

1.3  DEFINITIONS
   A. Metal-Plate-Connected Wood Trusses: Planar structural units consisting of metal-plate-connected members fabricated from dimension lumber and cut and assembled before delivery to Project site.

1.4  ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: For wood-preservative-treated lumber metal-plate connectors, metal truss accessories, and fasteners.
      1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
      2. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to truss fabricator.
      3. Include copies of warranties from chemical treatment manufacturers for each type of treatment.
   B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for trusses.
      1. Show location, pitch, span, camber, configuration, and spacing for each type of truss required.
      2. Indicate sizes, stress grades, and species of lumber.
3. Indicate locations of permanent bracing required to prevent buckling of individual truss members due to design loads.

4. Indicate locations, sizes, and materials for permanent bracing required to prevent buckling of individual truss members due to design loads.

5. Indicate type, size, material, finish, design values, orientation, and location of metal connector plates.

6. Show splice details and bearing details.

C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For metal-plate-connected wood trusses indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer in the state of New Mexico responsible for their preparation.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For metal connector-plate manufacturer professional engineer and fabricator.

B. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum specific gravity. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and specific gravity.

C. Product Certificates: For metal-plate-connected wood trusses, signed by officer of truss fabricating firm.

D. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
   1. Wood-preservative-treated lumber.
   2. Fire-retardant-treated wood.
   3. Metal-plate connectors.
   4. Metal truss accessories.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Metal Connector-Plate Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer that is a member of TPI and that complies with quality-control procedures in TPI 1 for manufacture of connector plates.
   1. Manufacturer’s responsibilities include providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility.
   2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.

B. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that participates in a recognized quality-assurance program that complies with quality-control procedures in TPI 1 and that involves third-party inspection by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to Architect and authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agency providing classification marking for fire-retardant treated material, an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that periodically
performs inspections to verify that the material bearing the classification marking is representative of the material tested.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Handle and store trusses to comply with recommendations in TPI BCSI, "Building Component Safety Information: Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining, & Bracing Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses."
   1. Store trusses flat, off of ground, and adequately supported to prevent lateral bending.
   2. Protect trusses from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored.
   3. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

B. Inspect trusses showing discoloration, corrosion, or other evidence of deterioration. Discard and replace trusses that are damaged or defective.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 01 40 00 "Quality Requirements," to design metal-plate-connected wood trusses.

B. Structural Performance: Provide metal-plate-connected wood trusses capable of withstanding design loads within limits and under conditions indicated. Comply with requirements in TPI 1 unless more stringent requirements are specified below.
   1. Design Loads: As indicated.
   2. Maximum Deflection Under Design Loads:

C. Comply with applicable requirements and recommendations of the following publications:
   1. TPI 1, "National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction."
   2. TPI DSB, "Recommended Design Specification for Temporary Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses."

2.2 DIMENSION LUMBER

A. Certified Wood: For metal-plate-connected wood trusses and permanent bracing, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."

B. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
   1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
   2. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by grading agency.
   3. Provide dressed lumber, S4S.
   4. Provide dry lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content at time of dressing.

C. Minimum Chord Size for Roof Trusses: 2 by 4 inches nominal for both top and bottom chords.

D. Minimum Specific Gravity for Top Chords: 0.50.

E. Permanent Bracing: Provide wood bracing that complies with requirements for miscellaneous lumber in Section 06 10 00 “Rough Carpentry”.

2.3 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with the ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with the ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with the ground.
   1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
   2. For exposed trusses indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, use chemical formulations that do not require incising, contain colorants, bleed through, or otherwise adversely affect finishes.

B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.

C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
   1. For exposed trusses indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark end or back of each piece.
2.4 METAL CONNECTOR PLATES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
   1. Alpine Engineered Products, Inc.; an ITW company.
   2. Cherokee Metal Products, Inc.; Masengill Machinery Company.
   3. CompuTrus, Inc.
   4. Eagle Metal Products.
   6. MiTek Industries, Inc.; a subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway Inc.
   7. Robbins Engineering, Inc.
   8. Truswal Systems Corporation; an ITW company.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain metal connector plates from single manufacturer.

C. General: Fabricate connector plates to comply with TPI 1.

D. Hot-Dip Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M; Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G60 (Z180) coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch (0.9 mm) thick.
   1. Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.

E. Hot-Dip Heavy-Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M; Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G185 (Z550) coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch (0.9 mm) thick.
   1. Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where indicated.

F. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304 Type 316, and not less than 0.035 inch (0.88 mm) thick.
   1. Use for exterior locations, wood-preservative-treated lumber, and where indicated.

2.5 FASTENERS

A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
   1. Provide fasteners for use with metal framing anchors that comply with written recommendations of metal framing manufacturer.
   2. Where trusses are exposed to weather, in ground contact, made from pressure-preservative treated wood, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.
2.6 METAL FRAMING ANCHORS AND ACCESSORIES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

B. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:

1. Cleveland Steel Specialty Co.
2. KC Metals Products, Inc.
3. Phoenix Metal Products, Inc.
4. Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.
5. USP Structural Connectors.

C. Allowable Design Loads: Provide products with allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, that meet or exceed those of products of manufacturers listed. Manufacturer’s published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency.


1. Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.

E. Hot-Dip Heavy-Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M; Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G185 (Z550) coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch (0.9 mm) thick.

1. Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where indicated.

F. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304 or Type 316.

1. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.

G. Truss Tie-Downs: Bent strap tie for fastening roof trusses to wall studs below, 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide by 0.050 inch (1.3 mm) thick. Tie fastens to one side of truss, top plates, and side of stud below.

H. Truss Tie-Downs (Hurricane or Seismic Ties): Bent strap tie for fastening roof trusses to wall studs below, 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) wide by 0.062 inch (1.6 mm) thick. Tie fits over top of truss and fastens to both sides of truss, top plates, and one side of stud below.

I. Truss Tie-Downs (Hurricane or Seismic Ties): Bent strap tie for fastening roof trusses to wall studs below, 2-1/2 inches (63 mm) wide by 0.062 inch (1.6 mm) thick. Tie fits over top of truss and fastens to both sides of truss, inside face of top plates, and both sides of stud below.

J. Roof Truss Clips: Angle clips for bracing bottom chord of roof trusses at non-load-bearing walls, 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) wide by 0.050 inch (1.3 mm) thick. Clip is fastened to truss through slotted holes to allow for truss deflection.
K. Floor Truss Hangers: U-shaped hangers, full depth of floor truss, with 1-3/4-inch (44-mm-) long seat; formed from metal strap 0.062 inch (1.6 mm) thick with tabs bent to extend over and be fastened to supporting member.

L. Roof Truss Bracing/Spacers: U-shaped channels, 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide by 1 inch (25 mm) deep by 0.040 inch (1.0 mm) thick, made to fit between two adjacent trusses and accurately space them apart, and with tabs having metal teeth for fastening to trusses.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS
A. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20, with dry film containing a minimum of 94 percent zinc dust by weight.
B. Protective Coatings: SSPC-Paint 22, epoxy-polyamide primer or SSPC-Paint 16, coal-tar epoxy-polyamide paint.

2.8 FABRICATION
A. Cut truss members to accurate lengths, angles, and sizes to produce close-fitting joints.
B. Fabricate metal connector plates to sizes, configurations, thicknesses, and anchorage details required to withstand design loads for types of joint designs indicated.
C. Assemble truss members in design configuration indicated; use jigs or other means to ensure uniformity and accuracy of assembly with joints closely fitted to comply with tolerances in TPI 1. Position members to produce design camber indicated.
   1. Fabricate wood trusses within manufacturing tolerances in TPI 1.
D. Connect truss members by metal connector plates located and securely embedded simultaneously in both sides of wood members by air or hydraulic press.

2.9 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL
A. Special Inspections: Owner will engage a qualified special inspector to perform special inspections.
   1. Provide special inspector with access to fabricator’s documentation of detailed fabrication and quality-control procedures that provide a basis for inspection control of the workmanship and the fabricator’s ability to conform to approved construction documents and referenced standards.
   2. Provide special inspector with access to places where wood trusses are being fabricated to perform inspections.
B. Correct deficiencies in Work that special inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION
A. Install wood trusses only after supporting construction is in place and is braced and secured.
B. If trusses are delivered to Project site in more than one piece, assemble trusses before installing.
C. Hoist trusses in place by lifting equipment suited to sizes and types of trusses required, exercising care not to damage truss members or joints by out-of-plane bending or other causes.
D. Install and brace trusses according to TPI recommendations and as indicated.
E. Install trusses plumb, square, and true to line and securely fasten to supporting construction.
F. Space trusses as indicated; adjust and align trusses in location before permanently fastening.
G. Anchor trusses securely at bearing points; use metal truss tie-downs or floor truss hangers as applicable. Install fasteners through each fastener hole in metal framing anchors according to manufacturer's fastening schedules and written instructions.
H. Securely connect each truss ply required for forming built-up girder trusses.
   1. Anchor trusses to girder trusses as indicated.
I. Install and fasten permanent bracing during truss erection and before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of permanent bracing where terminating at walls or beams.
   1. Install bracing to comply with Section 06 10 00 "Rough Carpentry."
   2. Install and fasten strongback bracing vertically against vertical web of parallel-chord floor trusses at centers indicated.
J. Install wood trusses within installation tolerances in TPI 1.
K. Do not alter trusses in field. Do not cut, drill, notch, or remove truss members.
L. Replace wood trusses that are damaged or do not meet requirements.
   1. Damaged trusses may be repaired according to truss repair details signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for truss design, when approved by Architect.

3.2 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION
A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
B. Protect wood trusses from weather. If, despite protection, wood trusses become wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
C. Repair damaged galvanized coatings on exposed surfaces with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.
D. Protective Coating: Clean and prepare exposed surfaces of metal connector plates. Brush apply primer, when part of coating system, and one coat of protective coating.

1. Apply materials to provide minimum dry film thickness recommended by coating system manufacturer.
SECTION 061800 - GLUED-LAMINATED CONSTRUCTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY
A. Section includes framing using structural glued-laminated timber.
B. Related Sections:
   1. Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY for dimension lumber items associated with structural glued-laminated timber and tongue and groove sheathing.

1.3 DEFINITIONS
A. Structural Glued-Laminated (Glulam) Timber: An engineered, stress-rated timber product assembled from selected and prepared wood laminations bonded together with adhesives and with the grain of the laminations approximately parallel longitudinally.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS
A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
   1. Include data on lumber, adhesives, fabrication, and protection.
   2. For preservative-treated wood products, include chemical treatment manufacturer’s written instructions for handling, storing, installing, and finishing treated material.
   3. For connectors, include installation instructions.
B. Shop Drawings:
   1. Show layout of structural glued-laminated timber system and full dimensions of each member.
   2. Indicate species and laminating combination, adhesive type, and other variables in required work.
   3. Include large-scale details of connections.
C. Samples: Full width and depth, 24 inches (600 mm) long, showing the range of variation to be expected in appearance of structural glued-laminated timber, including variations due to specified treatment.
   1. Apply specified factory finish to three sides of half length of each Sample.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
A. Certificates of Conformance: Issued by a qualified testing and inspecting agency indicating that structural glued-laminated timber complies with requirements in AITC A190.1.
B. Material Certificates: For preservative-treated wood products, from manufacturer. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE
   A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide factory-glued structural units produced by an AITC- or APA-licensed firm that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
      1. Factory mark each piece of structural glued-laminated timber with AITC Quality Mark or APA-EWS trademark. Place mark on surfaces that will not be exposed in the completed Work.
   B. Quality Standard: Comply with AITC A190.1.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
   A. General: Comply with provisions in AITC 111.
   B. Individually wrap members using plastic-coated paper covering with water-resistant seams.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS
2.1 STRUCTURAL GLUED-LAMINATED TIMBER
   A. General: Provide structural glued-laminated timber that complies with AITC 117 or research/evaluation reports acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
      1. Provide structural glued-laminated timber made from single species.
      2. Provide structural glued-laminated timber made from solid lumber laminations; do not use laminated veneer lumber.
      3. Provide structural glued-laminated timber made with wet-use adhesive complying with AITC A190.1.
      4. Adhesive shall not contain urea-formaldehyde resins.
      5. Adhesives shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
   B. Certified Wood: Glulams shall be produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
   C. Species and Grades for Structural Glued-Laminated Timber: Douglas fir-larch that complies with structural properties indicated on the drawings.
      1. Lay-up: Balanced.
      2. Species and Combination Symbol: Douglas fir-larch.
   D. Appearance Grade: Architectural, complying with AITC 110.
      1. For Premium and Architectural appearance grades, fill voids as required by AITC 110. For Premium appearance grade, use clear wood inserts, of matching grain and color, for filling voids and knot holes more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) wide.
   E. Preservative Treatment after Fabrication: Where preservative-treated structural glued-laminated timber is indicated, pressure treat after fabrication according to AWPA C28.
      1. Use oxine copper (copper-8-quinolinolate) in a light petroleum solvent.
2. Use copper naphthenate in a light petroleum solvent.
3. Use pentachlorophenol in light petroleum solvent.
4. Use preservative solution without substances that might interfere with application of indicated finishes.
5. Do not incise structural glued-laminated timber.

F. End Sealer: Manufacturer's standard, transparent, colorless wood sealer that is effective in retarding the transmission of moisture at cross-grain cuts and is compatible with indicated finish.

G. Penetrating Sealer: Manufacturer's standard, transparent, penetrating wood sealer that is compatible with indicated finish.

H. Sealers shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

I. Fire-Retardant Wood Treatment: Occurs above 40 feet high.

2.2 TIMBER CONNECTORS

A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate from the following materials in dimensions and configurations needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article.:
   1. Structural-steel shapes, plates, and flat bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M.
   2. Round steel bars complying with ASTM A 575, Grade M 1020.
   3. Hot-rolled steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Structural Steel, Type SS, Grade 33.

B. Provide bolts, 1 inch (19 mm) unless otherwise indicated, complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); nuts complying with ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M); and, where indicated, flat washers.

C. Finish steel assemblies and fasteners with rust-inhibitive primer, 2-mil (0.05-mm) dry film thickness.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Shop fabricate for connections to greatest extent possible, including cutting to length and drilling bolt holes.
   1. Dress exposed surfaces as needed to remove planing and surfacing marks.

B. Camber: Fabricate horizontal and inclined members of less than 1:1 slope with either circular or parabolic camber equal to 1/500 of span.

C. End-Cut Sealing: Immediately after end cutting each member to final length and after preservative treatment, apply a saturation coat of end sealer to ends and other cross-cut surfaces, keeping surfaces flood coated for not less than 10 minutes.

D. Seal Coat: After fabricating, sanding, and end-coat sealing, apply a heavy saturation coat of penetrating sealer on surfaces of each unit, except for preservative-treated wood where treatment included a water repellent.
2.4 FACTORY FINISHING
   A. Wiped Stain Finish: Manufacturer's standard, dry-appearance, penetrating acrylic stain and sealer; oven
dried and resistant to mildew and fungus.
      1. Color: To match interior window sill stain color.
   B. Clear Finish: Manufacturer's standard, two-coat, clear varnish finish; resistant to mildew and fungus.
   C. Finishing materials shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department
of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources
Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION
   A. Examine substrates in areas to receive structural glued-laminated timber, with Installer present, for
compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of
structural glued-laminated timber.
   B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION
   A. General: Erect structural glued-laminated timber true and plumb, and with uniform, close-fitting joints.
Provide temporary bracing to maintain lines and levels until permanent supporting members are in
place.
      1. Lift with padded slings and protect corners with wood blocking.
      2. Install structural glued-laminated timber to comply with Shop Drawings.
      3. Install timber connectors as indicated.
   B. Cutting: Avoid cutting after fabrication. Where field fitting is unavoidable, comply with requirements
for shop fabrication.
      1. Where preservative-treated members must be cut during erection, apply a field-treatment
preservative to comply with AWPA M4.
         a. Use inorganic boron (SBX) treatment for members not in contact with the ground and
continuously protected from liquid water.
         b. Use copper naphthenate treatment for members in contact with the ground or not
continuously protected from liquid water.

3.3 ADJUSTING
   A. Repair damaged surfaces and finishes after completing erection. Replace damaged structural glued-
laminated timber if repairs are not approved by Architect.

3.4 PROTECTION
   A. Do not remove wrappings on individually wrapped members until they no longer serve a useful purpose
including protection from weather, sunlight, soiling, and damage from work of other trades.
1. Coordinate wrapping removal with finishing work specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" and Section 099123 "Interior Painting." Retain wrapping where it can serve as a painting shield.

2. Slit underside of wrapping to prevent accumulation of moisture inside the wrapping.
SECTION 064100 - ARCHITECTURAL CASEWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Architectural casework and other custom-fabricated woodwork, including the following:
   a. Hardwood-plywood casework with shop-veneered hollow-core flush wood doors.
   b. Plastic-laminate-faced casework, including cabinets and desk/side table assemblies.
   c. Plastic-laminate countertops with hardwood edgeband for architectural casework.
   d. Solid-surface-material countertops for architectural casework.
   e. Quartz agglomerate countertops and waterfall ends for architectural casework.

2. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing architectural casework unless concealed within other construction before casework installation.


B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 081416 “Flush Wood Doors” for hollow-core doors in architectural casework.

2. Section 087100 “Door Hardware” for hardware for flush wood doors in architectural casework.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product, including panel products, cabinet hardware and accessories, and finishing materials and processes.

B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples:

1. Lumber for transparent finish, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.

2. Panel products with shop-applied transparent finish, for each finish system and color, with exposed surface finished.

3. Plastic laminates, for each color, pattern, and surface finish.

4. Countertop materials, for each color, pattern, and surface finish.

5. Exposed cabinet hardware and accessories, one unit for each type and finish.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed architectural casework similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

1.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install casework until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ARCHITECTURAL CASEWORK, GENERAL

A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of architectural casework indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.

1. The Contract Documents contain selections chosen from options in the quality standard and additional requirements beyond those of the quality standard. Comply with those selections and requirements in addition to the quality standard.

2.2 WOOD CASEWORK FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

A. Grade: Custom.

B. Type of Construction: Face frame.

C. Wood for Exposed Surfaces:

2. Cut: Plain sliced/plain sawn.

D. Semiexposed Surfaces: Provide Same species and cut indicated for exposed surfaces.

2.3 PLASTIC-LAMINATE-FACED CASEWORK

A. Grade: Custom.

B. Type of Construction: Face frame.

C. Cabinet, Door, and Drawer Front Interface Style: Flush overlay.

D. Laminate Cladding for Exposed Surfaces:

1. Horizontal Surfaces: Grade HGS.
2. Vertical Surfaces: Grade VGS or Grade HGS.

E. Materials for Semiexposed Surfaces:

1. Surfaces Other Than Drawer Bodies: Thermostat decorative panels.
2. Drawer Sides and Backs: Thermostat decorative panels with PVC or polyester edge banding.
3. Drawer Bottoms: Thermostat decorative panels.
2.4 PLASTIC-LAMINATE COUNTERTOPS

A. Grade: Custom.

B. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: Grade HGS.

C. Edge Treatment: Lumber edge for transparent finish matching wood species and cut on cabinet surfaces.

D. Core Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm) panels in double thickness.

E. Paper Backing: Provide paper backing on underside of countertop substrate.

2.5 SOLID-SURFACE-MATERIAL COUNTERTOPS

A. Grade: Custom.

B. Solid-Surface-Material Type: Provide Standard Type.

   1. Integral Sink Bowls: Comply with ISSFA-2 and ANSI Z124.3, Type 5 or Type 6, without a precoated finish.

C. Countertops: 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) thick, solid surface material with front edge built up with same material.

D. Fabrication: Fabricate tops in one piece with shop-applied edges unless otherwise indicated. Comply with solid-surface-material manufacturer’s written instructions for adhesives, sealers, fabrication, and finishing.

   1. Install integral sink bowls in countertops in the shop.

2.6 QUARTZ AGGLOMERATE COUNTERTOPS

A. Grade: Custom.

B. Configuration: Provide countertops with the following front and backsplash style:

   1. Front: As indicated on Drawings.
   2. Backsplash: Straight, slightly eased at corner.

C. Countertops: 2.0-cm thick, quartz agglomerate with front edge built up with same material.

D. Backsplashes: 2.0-cm thick, quartz agglomerate.

E. Fabrication: Fabricate tops in one piece with shop-applied edges unless otherwise indicated. Comply with quartz agglomerate manufacturer’s written instructions for adhesives, sealers, fabrication, and finishing.

   1. Fabricate with loose backsplashes for field assembly.
2.7 CASEWORK MATERIALS

A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.

1. Wood Moisture Content: 4 to 9 percent.

B. Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.

1. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Grade 130, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
2. Veneer-Faced, Hardwood-Veneer Core Panel Products (Hardwood Plywood): HPVA HP-1, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde.
3. Thermoset Decorative Panels (Melamine): Medium-density fiberboard finished with thermally fused, melamine-impregnated decorative paper and complying with requirements of NEMA LD 3, Grade VGL, for test methods 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 3.8, and 3.10.

C. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: NEMA LD 3, Grade as indicated.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Wilsonart International; Div. of Premark International, Inc. in colors as follows:
   a. Typical Locations: Shadow D96-60.

D. Solid Surface Material: Homogeneous solid sheets of filled plastic resin complying with ANSI SS1.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Wilsonart International; Div. of Premark International, Inc. in color as follows:
   a. Bathroom Counters: Dusk Ice 9203CE.

E. Quartz Agglomerate: Solid sheets consisting of quartz aggregates bound together with a matrix of filled plastic resin and complying with the "Physical Characteristics of Materials" Article of ANSI SS1.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Wilsonart International; Div. of Premark International, Inc. in color as follows:

2.8 CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

A. General: Provide cabinet hardware and accessory materials associated with architectural casework except for items specified in Section 087100 "Door Hardware."

B. Frameless Concealed Hinges (European Type): BHMA A156.9, B01602, 170 degrees of opening, self-closing.

C. Back-Mounted Pulls: BHMA A156.9, B02011.

1. Wire Pulls: Back mounted, solid metal, 4 inches (100 mm) long, 5/16 inch (8 mm) in diameter.
D. Adjustable Shelf Standards and Supports: BHMA A156.9, B04071; with shelf rests, B04081.

E. Shelf Rests: BHMA A156.9, B04013; metal.

F. Drawer Slides: BHMA A156.9.
   1. Grade 1HD-100 and Grade 1HD-200: Side mounted; full-overtravel-extension type; zinc-plated-steel ball-bearing slides.
   2. For drawers more than 6 inches (150 mm) high and not more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-100.
   3. For drawers more than 6 inches (150 mm) high or more than 24 inches (600 mm) wide, provide Grade 1HD-200.

G. Door and Drawer Silencers: BHMA A156.16, L03011.

H. Grommets for Cable Passage through Countertops: 2-inch (51-mm) OD, molded-plastic grommets and matching plastic caps with slot for wire passage.
   1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.

I. Exposed Hardware Finishes: For exposed hardware, provide finish that complies with BHMA A156.18 for BHMA finish number indicated.
   1. Satin Stainless Steel: BHMA 630.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.

B. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.

C. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.

2.10 FABRICATION

A. Complete fabrication, including assembly, finishing, and hardware application, to maximum extent possible before shipment to Project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.

B. Shop-cut openings to maximum extent possible to receive hardware, appliances, plumbing fixtures, electrical work, and similar items. Locate openings accurately and use templates or roughing-in diagrams to produce accurately sized and shaped openings. Sand edges of cutouts to remove splinters and burrs.

2.11 SHOP FINISHING

A. General: Finish architectural casework at fabrication shop as specified in this Section. Defer only final touchup, cleaning, and polishing until after installation.
B. Preparation for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing architectural casework, as applicable to each unit of work.

1. Backpriming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of casework.

C. Transparent Finish:

1. Grade: Premium.
2. Finish: One of the following:
   a. System - 4, water-based latex acrylic.
   b. System - 5, conversion varnish.
   c. System - 7, catalyzed vinyl.
   d. System - 9, UV curable acrylated epoxy, polyester, or urethane.
   e. System - 10, water-based UV curable.

3. Wash Coat for Closed-Grain Woods: Apply wash-coat sealer to casework made from closed-grain wood before staining and finishing.


5. Sheen: Satin, 31-45 gloss units measured on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Before installation, condition casework to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Grade: Install casework to comply with same grade as item to be installed.

B. Install casework level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).

C. Scribe and cut casework to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.

D. Anchor casework to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork.

E. Cabinets: Install without distortion so doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Complete installation of hardware and accessory items as indicated.

1. Install cabinets with no more than 1/8 inch in 96-inch (3 mm in 2400-mm) sag, bow, or other variation from a straight line.

2. Fasten wall cabinets through back, near top and bottom, and at ends not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. with No. 10 wafer-head screws sized for not less than 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) penetration into wood framing, blocking, or hanging strips; or No. 10 wafer-head sheet metal screws through metal backing or metal framing behind wall finish.
F. Countertops: Anchor securely by screwing through corner blocks of base cabinets or other supports into underside of countertop.

1. For solid-surface-material countertops, pre-drill holes for screws as recommended by manufacturer.
2. Install countertops with no more than 1/8 inch in 96-inch (3 mm in 2400-mm) sag, bow, or other variation from a straight line.

G. Touch up finishing work specified in this Section after installation of woodwork. Fill nail holes with matching filler where exposed.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 064600 - WOOD TRIM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Interior standing and running trim.
2. Wood bench tops made with dimension lumber.
3. Plywood wainscot assemblies, including metal perimeter trim.
4. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing woodwork items unless concealed within other construction before woodwork installation.
5. Shop priming of wood trim and panels.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 055000 “Metal Fabrications” for metal support frames for wood benchtops.
2. Section 099300 “Transparent Wood Finishing” for field finishing wood trim and wainscot panels.

1.2 DEFINITION

A. The term “wood trim” as used in this Section refers to trim and other forms of architectural woodwork specified in this Section.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product, including panel products.

B. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.

C. Samples: Lumber and panel products for transparent finish, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that employs skilled workers who custom fabricate products similar to those required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install interior wood trim until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD TRIM, GENERAL

A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of wood trim indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.

2.2 INTERIOR TRIM FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

A. Grade: Custom.

B. Wood Species and Cut:

2. Cut: Plain sliced/plain sawn.

2.3 DIMENSION LUMBER FOR BENCH TOPS

A. General: Dress lumber, S4S; DOC PS 20.

1. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 19 percent unless otherwise indicated.

B. Dimension Lumber: Hand-select material for uniformity of appearance and freedom from characteristics, on exposed surfaces and edges, that would impair finish appearance, including decay, honeycomb, knot-holes, shake, splits, torn grain, and wane.

2. Grade: Clear Vertical Grain.

2.4 PLYWOOD WAINSCOTS

A. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1; ACX.

1. Nominal Thickness: 3/4 inch.

B. Aluminum Angle Perimeter Trim: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5/T52.

1. Finish: Mill.

2.5 MATERIALS

A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of wood trim and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.

1. Wood Moisture Content: 4 to 9 percent.

B. Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.

C. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
D. Fasteners for Aluminum Trim: Aluminum or Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners.

E. Adhesives: Do not use adhesives that contain urea formaldehyde.

F. VOC Limits for Installation Adhesives and Sealants: Use products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

1. Wood Glues: 30 g/L.
2. Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L.
3. Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L.
4. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.

2.6 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate wood trim to dimensions, profiles, and details indicated. Ease edges to radius indicated for the following:

1. Edges of Solid-Wood (Lumber) Members: 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
2. Edges of Rails and Similar Members More Than 3/4 Inch (19 mm) Thick: 1/8 inch (3 mm).

B. Backout or groove backs of flat trim members and kerf backs of other wide, flat members except for members with ends exposed in finished work.

C. Mill joints in metal trim to a tight, hairline fit. Miter corner joints.

2.7 SHOP PRIMING

A. Interior Wood Trim and Panels for Transparent Finish: Shop seal with stain (if required), other required pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified in Section 099300 "Transparent Wood Finishing."

B. Preparations for Finishing: Comply with referenced quality standard for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, sealing concealed surfaces, and similar preparations for finishing wood trim, as applicable to each unit of work.

1. Backpriming: Apply one coat of sealer or primer, compatible with finish coats, to concealed surfaces of wood trim. Apply two coats to surfaces installed in contact with concrete or masonry and to end-grain surfaces.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Before installation, condition wood trim to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Grade: Install wood trim to comply with same grade as item to be installed.

B. Install wood trim level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).

C. Scribe and cut wood trim to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.
D. Anchor wood trim to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Use fine finishing nails or finishing screws for exposed fastening, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork.

1. For shop-finished items, use filler matching finish of items being installed.

E. Standing and Running Trim: Install with minimum number of joints possible, using full-length pieces (from maximum length of lumber available) to greatest extent possible. Do not use pieces less than 96 inches (2400 mm) long except where shorter single-length pieces are necessary. Scarf running joints and stagger in adjacent and related members.

1. Install standing and running trim with no more variation from a straight line than 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm).

F. Plywood Wainscot Panels: Install with “A” side exposed to view, with uniform tight joints between panels. Install aluminum trim at perimeter of wainscot panel installation.

1. Attach panels to concrete substrate with adhesive and fasteners recommended for plywood panels and substrate conditions. Space fasteners as recommended by panel manufacturer.
2. Conceal fasteners to greatest practical extent.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 071326 - SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Self-adhering sheet waterproofing applied to insulated concrete forms (ICFs).

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
   1. Review waterproofing requirements including surface preparation, substrate condition and pretreatment, forecasted weather conditions, special details and sheet flashings, installation procedures, testing and inspection procedures, and protection and repairs.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by waterproofing manufacturer.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer’s Warranty: Manufacturer’s standard materials-only warranty in which manufacturer agrees to furnish replacement waterproofing material for waterproofing that does not comply with requirements or that fails to remain watertight within specified warranty period.
   1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SHEET WATERPROOFING

A. Self-Adhering Sheet: Manufacturer’s standard self-adhering sheet with release liner on adhesive side; suitable for direct application to expanded polystyrene (EPS) foam ICFs; and formulated for application with primer that complies with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide NUDURA Corporation (nudura.com); NUDURA® Waterproofing Membrane.

2.2 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Furnish auxiliary materials recommended by waterproofing manufacturer for intended use and compatible with sheet waterproofing.
1. Furnish liquid-type auxiliary materials that comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Primer: Liquid primer recommended for substrate by sheet-waterproofing material manufacturer.

C. Metal Termination Bars: Aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch (25 by 3 mm) thick, predrilled at 9-inch (229-mm) centers.

D. Protection Course: Type and thickness recommended by waterproofing manufacturer for applications indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SHEET WATERPROOFING APPLICATION

A. Prepare surfaces and install waterproofing sheets according to waterproofing manufacturer’s written instructions.

B. Apply primer to substrates at required rate and allow it to dry. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by sheet waterproofing in same day. Reprime areas exposed for more than 24 hours.

C. Apply and firmly adhere sheets over area to receive waterproofing. Accurately align sheets and maintain uniform 3-inch (76-mm) minimum lap widths and end laps. Overlap and seal seams, and stagger end laps to ensure watertight installation.

1. When ambient and substrate temperatures range between 25 and 40 deg F (minus 4 and plus 5 deg C) or as recommended by waterproofing manufacturer, install self-adhering sheets produced for low-temperature application. Do not use low-temperature sheets if ambient or substrate temperature is higher than 60 deg F (16 deg C) or as recommended by waterproofing manufacturer.

D. Horizontal Application: Apply sheets from low to high points of decks to ensure that laps shed water.

E. Seal edges of sheet-waterproofing terminations with mastic recommended by waterproofing manufacturer.

F. Install sheet-waterproofing and auxiliary materials to tie into adjacent waterproofing.

G. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in waterproofing not complying with requirements. Slit and flatten fishmouths and blisters. Patch with sheet waterproofing extending 6 inches (150 mm) beyond repaired areas in all directions.

H. Immediately install protection course with butted joints over waterproofing membrane.

3.2 PROTECTION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING

A. Correct deficiencies in or remove waterproofing that does not comply with requirements; repair substrates, reapply waterproofing, and repair sheet flashings.

B. Clean spillage and soiling from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 071800 - TRAFFIC COATINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
A. Section Includes: Traffic coatings for exterior pedestrian traffic applications.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS
A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS
A. Product Data: For each type of product, including installation instructions.
B. Shop Drawings: For traffic coatings.
   1. Include details for treating substrate joints and cracks, flashings, deck penetrations, and other termination conditions.
C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
A. Product Certificates: For each type of traffic coating.
B. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
A. Maintenance Data: For traffic coatings to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE
A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

1.7 WARRANTY
A. Manufacturer’s Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace traffic coating that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
   1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL
A. Material Compatibility: Provide primers; base-, intermediate-, and topcoat; and accessory materials that are compatible with one another and with substrate under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
2.2 TRAFFIC COATING

A. Traffic Coating: Manufacturer’s standard, traffic-bearing, seamless, high-solids-content, cold liquid-applied, elastomeric, waterproofing membrane system with integral wearing surface for pedestrian traffic; according to ASTM C 957.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Crossfield Products Corp.; Dex-O-Tex Auto-Dex V, or comparable product by one of the following:
   a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC - Building Systems.
   b. Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing Inc.
   c. Euclid Chemical Company (The); an RPM company.
   d. Key Resin Company.
   e. Pecora Corporation.
   f. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
   g. Tremco Incorporated; an RPM company.

B. Primer: Liquid primer recommended for substrate and conditions by traffic-coating manufacturer.

C. Preparatory and Base Coats: Polyurethane or epoxy.

D. Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane or epoxy.

1. Aggregate Content: As recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated.

E. Topcoat: Polyurethane or epoxy.

1. Aggregate Content: As recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated and as required to achieve slip-resistant finish.
2. Color: Grey.

F. Aggregate: Manufacturer’s standard aggregate for each use indicated of particle sizes, shape, and minimum hardness recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

G. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide traffic-coating materials with the fire-test-response characteristics as determined by testing identical products per test method below for deck type and slopes indicated by an independent testing and inspecting agency that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Class A roof covering per ASTM E 108.

2.3 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Joint Sealants: ASTM C 920.

B. Sheet Flashing: Nonstaining sheet material recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

C. Adhesive: Contact adhesive recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

D. Reinforcing Strip: Fiberglass mesh recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. General: Clean and prepare substrates according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer’s written instructions to produce clean, dust-free, dry substrate for traffic-coating application.

1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

B. Mask adjoining surfaces not receiving traffic coatings to prevent overspray, spillage, leaking, and migration of coatings. Prevent traffic-coating materials from entering deck substrate penetrations and clogging weep holes and drains.

C. Concrete Substrates: Mechanically abrade surface to a uniform profile acceptable to manufacturer, according to ASTM D 4259. Do not acid etch.

1. Remove grease, oil, paints, and other penetrating contaminants from concrete.
2. Remove concrete fins, ridges, and other projections.
3. Remove laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, concrete hardeners, form-release agents, and other incompatible materials that might affect coating adhesion.
4. Remove remaining loose material to provide a sound surface, and clean surfaces according to ASTM D 4258.

3.2 TERMINATIONS AND PENETRATIONS

A. Prepare vertical and horizontal surfaces at terminations and penetrations through traffic coatings and at expansion joints, drains, and sleeves according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer’s written instructions.

B. Provide sealant cants at penetrations and at reinforced and nonreinforced, deck-to-wall butt joints.

C. Terminate edges of deck-to-deck expansion joints with preparatory base-coat strip.

D. Install sheet flashings at deck-to-wall expansion and dynamic joints, and bond to deck and wall substrates according to manufacturer’s written recommendations.

3.3 JOINT AND CRACK TREATMENT

A. Prepare, treat, rout, and fill joints and cracks in substrates according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer’s written recommendations. Before coating surfaces, remove dust and dirt from joints and cracks according to ASTM D 4258.


B. Apply reinforcing strip in traffic-coating system where recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

3.4 TRAFFIC-COATING APPLICATION

A. Apply traffic coating according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Apply number of coats of specified compositions for each type of traffic coating at locations as indicated on Drawings.
C. Apply traffic coatings to prepared wall terminations and vertical surfaces to height indicated; omit aggregate on vertical surfaces.

3.5 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

A. Protect traffic coatings from damage and wear during remainder of construction period.

B. Clean spillage and soiling from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 072100 - THERMAL INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Extruded polystyrene foam-plastic board insulation under slabs-on-grade.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
B. Evaluation Reports: For foam-plastic insulation, from ICC-ES.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE FOAM-PLASTIC BOARD

A. Extruded Polystyrene Board, Type VI: ASTM C 578, Type VI, 40-psi (276-kPa) minimum compressive strength; maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.

2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. DiversiFoam Products.
   b. Dow Chemical Company (The).
   c. Owens Corning.
   d. Pactiv Corporation.
   e. Soprema, Inc.

B. Extruded Polystyrene Board, Type V: ASTM C 578, Type V, 100-psi (690-kPa) minimum compressive strength; maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.

1. Application: Under slabs-on-grade at vehicular area.
2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. Dow Chemical Company (The).
   b. Owens Corning.
2.2 MINERAL-WOOL BLANKETS

A. Mineral-Wool Blanket, Unfaced: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing); consisting of fibers; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively, per ASTM E 84; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. ROCKWOOL™ (rockwool.com).
   b. Thermafiber, Inc.; an Owens Corning company.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Insulation for Miscellaneous Voids:

1. Spray Polyurethane Foam Insulation: ASTM C 1029, Type II, closed cell, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.

B. Insulation Anchors, Spindles, and Standoffs: As recommended by manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Comply with insulation manufacturer’s written instructions applicable to products and applications.

B. Install insulation that is undamaged, dry, and unsoiled and that has not been left exposed to ice, rain, or snow at any time.

C. Extend insulation to envelop entire area to be insulated. Fit tightly around obstructions and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections that interfere with placement.

D. Water-Piping Coordination: If water piping is located within insulated exterior walls, coordinate location of piping to ensure that it is placed on warm side of insulation and insulation encapsulates piping.

E. Provide sizes to fit applications and selected from manufacturer’s standard thicknesses, widths, and lengths. Apply single layer of insulation units unless multiple layers are otherwise shown or required to make up total thickness or to achieve R-value.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF SLAB INSULATION

A. On vertical slab edge and foundation surfaces, set insulation units using manufacturer’s recommended adhesive according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

1. If not otherwise indicated, extend insulation a minimum of 24 inches (610 mm) below exterior grade line.

B. On horizontal surfaces, loosely lay insulation units according to manufacturer’s written instructions. Stagger end joints and tightly abut insulation units.

1. If not otherwise indicated, extend insulation a minimum of 24 inches (610 mm) in from exterior walls.
3.3 INSTALLATION OF INSULATION IN FRAMED CONSTRUCTION

A. Blanket Insulation: Install in cavities formed by framing members according to the following requirements:

1. Use insulation widths and lengths that fill the cavities formed by framing members. If more than one length is required to fill the cavities, provide lengths that will produce a snug fit between ends.
2. Place insulation in cavities formed by framing members to produce a friction fit between edges of insulation and adjoining framing members.
3. Maintain 3-inch (76-mm) clearance of insulation around recessed lighting fixtures not rated for or protected from contact with insulation.
4. For wood-framed construction, install blankets according to ASTM C 1320 and as follows:
   a. With faced blankets having stapling flanges, lap blanket flange over flange of adjacent blanket to maintain continuity of vapor retarder once finish material is installed over it.

B. Miscellaneous Voids: Install insulation in miscellaneous voids and cavity spaces where required to prevent gaps in insulation using the following materials:

1. Spray Polyurethane Insulation: Apply according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 072500 - WEATHER BARRIERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Building wrap serving as water-resistive barrier and stucco release membrane.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Evaluation Reports: For water-resistive barrier and flexible flashing, from ICC-ES.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER

A. Building Wrap: ASTM E 1677, Type I air barrier; with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, when tested according to ASTM E 84; UV stabilized; and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide DuPont Company; Tyvek® StuccoWrap®.

2. Water-Vapor Permeance: Not less than 50 perms (2867 ng/Pa x s x sq. m) per ASTM E 96/E 96M, Desiccant Method (Procedure A).

B. Building-Wrap Tape: Pressure-sensitive plastic tape recommended by building-wrap manufacturer for sealing joints and penetrations in building wrap.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER INSTALLATION

A. Cover sheathing with water-resistive barrier as follows:

1. Cut back barrier 1/2 inch (13 mm) on each side of the break in supporting members at expansion- or control-joint locations.

2. Apply barrier to cover vertical flashing with a minimum 4-inch (100-mm) overlap unless otherwise indicated.

B. Building Wrap: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.

1. Seal seams, edges, fasteners, and penetrations with tape.

2. Extend into jamb of openings and seal corners with tape.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 072600 - UNDER-SLAB VAPOR RETARDER FOR CONCRETE SLABS-ON-GRADE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Products Supplied Under This Section

1. Vapor Retarder, seam tape, mastic, pipe boots for installation under concrete slabs.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Cast-in-place Concrete - Section 033000
B. Concrete Forming and Accessories - Section 032000
C. Earthwork for Building Construction - Section 312311

1.3 REFERENCES

A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

1. ASTM E 96/ E96M-10 Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
2. ASTM E 154-08a Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Earth Under Concrete Slabs
3. ASTM E 1643-11 Standard Practice for Selection, Design, Installation and Inspection of Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Earth or Granular Fill Under Concrete Slabs
4. ASTM E 1745-11 Standard Specification for Plastic Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill Under Concrete Slabs

B. American Concrete Institute (ACI)

1. ACI 302.2R-06, Guide for Concrete Slabs that Receive Moisture-Sensitive Flooring Materials.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Quality Control / Assurance

1. Comply with Section 01 33 00 – Submittal Procedures.
2. Independent laboratory test results showing compliance with ASTM & ACI Standards.
3. Manufacturer’s samples, literature
4. Manufacturer’s installation instructions for placement, seaming and pipe boot installation
B. Delivery, Storage, and Handling

1. Deliver materials to site in manufacturer’s original, unopened containers and packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name and manufacturer.

2. Store materials in a clean dry area in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3. Stack membrane on smooth ground or wood platform to eliminate warping.

4. Protect materials during handling and application to prevent damage or contamination.

5. Ensure membrane is stamped with manufacturer’s name, product name and membrane thickness at intervals of no more than 85” (220 cm).

C. Environmental requirements

1. Product not intended for uses subject to abuse or permanent exposure to the elements.

2. Do not apply on frozen ground.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Vapor Retarder (Performance-Based Specifications)

1. Vapor Retarder must have the following qualities at minimum and meet floor finish manufacturer’s warranty requirements.

   a. Water Vapor Retarder ASTM E1745: Meets or exceeds Class A

   b. Maximum Permeance ASTM E96: 0.01 Perms or as required to meet Flooring Manufacturer’s Warranties.

   c. Tensile Strength ASTM E154, Section 9: not less than 45 LBS. Force/Inch

   d. Puncture Resistance ASTM D1709, Method B.

   e. Thickness of Retarder (plastic) ACI 302.1R-96: Not less than 15 mils

   f. Material: Virgin Polyethylene or Polyolefin

2. Vapor Retarder Products, may be by one of the following manufacturers or an approved equal, as long as the requirements above are met.


2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Seam Tape

1. Tape must have the following qualities:
   a. Water Vapor Transmission Rate ASTM E 96 0.3 perms or lower

B. Vapor Proofing Mastic

1. Mastic must have the following qualities:
   a. Water Vapor Transmission Rate ASTM E 96 0.3 perms or lower

C. Pipe Boots

1. Construct pipe boots from vapor Retarder material, pressure sensitive tape and/or mastic per manufacturer’s instructions.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine surfaces to receive membrane. Ensure compaction requirements have been completed and geotechnical firm has confirmed compaction requirements have been met. Notify Architect if surfaces are not acceptable. Do not begin surface preparation or application until unacceptable conditions have been corrected.

3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION

A. Prepare surfaces in accordance with manufacturers instructions.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install Vapor Retarder:

1. Installation shall be in accordance with manufacturer’s instructions and ASTM E 1643.
   a. Unroll Vapor Retarder with the longest dimension parallel with the direction of the pour.
   b. Lap Vapor Retarder over footings and seal to foundation walls.
   c. Overlap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer’s tape.
   d. Seal all penetrations (including pipes) per manufacturer’s instructions.

...
e. No penetration of the Vapor Retarder is allowed except for reinforcing steel and permanent utilities.

f. Repair damaged areas by cutting patches of Vapor Retarder, overlapping damaged area 6 inches and taping all four sides with tape.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 074114 - STANDING-SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Standing-seam metal roof panels.
2. Board insulation in metal roof panel assemblies.
3. Insulation cover board.
4. Roofing underlayment.
5. Coordination with PV solar panel mounting systems that are not included in the Contract.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1. Meet with Owner, Architect, Owner's insurer if applicable, metal panel Installer, metal panel manufacturer's representative, structural-support Installer, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects metal panels, including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment.
2. Review methods and procedures related to metal panel installation, including manufacturer's written instructions.
3. Examine support conditions for compliance with requirements, including alignment between and attachment to structural members.
4. Review flashings, special details, drainage, penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affect metal panels.
5. Review temporary protection requirements for metal panel systems during and after installation.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: Include fabrication and installation layouts of metal panels; details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, anchorages, attachment system, trim, flashings, closures, and accessories; and special details.

C. Samples: For each type of metal panel indicated.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

B. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For metal panels to include in maintenance manuals.
1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty on Panel Finishes: Manufacturer’s standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace metal panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.

1. Finish Warranty Period: 40 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Structural Performance: Provide metal panel systems capable of withstanding the effects of the following loads, based on testing according to ASTM E 1592:

1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Other Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings.

B. Design Requirements: Design standing-seam metal roof panel systems, including clips that secure panels to building construction, to accommodate future installation of photovoltaic (PV) solar panel mounting systems provided by Owner, of the following type:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: UNIRAC® (Unirac.com); SOLARMOUNT system with standing seam clamps.

C. Air Infiltration: Air leakage of not more than 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. (0.3 L/s per sq. m) when tested according to ASTM E 1680 at the following test-pressure difference:


D. Water Penetration under Static Pressure: No water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 1646 at the following test-pressure difference:


E. Wind-Uplift Resistance: Provide metal roof panel assemblies that comply with UL 580 for wind-uplift-resistance class indicated.

1. Uplift Rating: UL 90.

F. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
2.2 **STANDING-SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS**

A. **General:** Provide factory-formed metal roof panels designed to be installed by lapping and interconnecting raised side edges of adjacent panels with joint type indicated and mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips in side laps. Include clips, cleats, pressure plates, and accessories required for weathertight installation.

1. **Steel Panel Systems:** Unless more stringent requirements are indicated, comply with ASTM E 1514.
2. **Source Limitations:** Obtain sheet metal for flashing and trim from same manufacturer as metal roof panels, to produce matching appearance.

B. **Vertical-Rib, Snap-Joint, Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels:** Formed with vertical ribs at panel edges and a flat pan between ribs; designed for sequential installation by mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips located under one side of panels, engaging opposite edge of adjacent panels, and snapping panels together.

1. **Basis-of-Design Roof Panel Product:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide AEP Span; Design Span® hp, or comparable product by the following:
   a. CENTRIA Architectural Systems.

2. **Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet:** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 (Class AZM150) coating designation; structural quality. Prefinished by the coil-coating process to comply with requirements indicated.
   a. **Basis-of-Design Metal Finish Product:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Steelscape® (steelscape.com); Eternal Collection® Tinted ZINCALUME®.
   b. **Nominal Thickness:** 0.0296 inch (22 gauge).
   c. **Texture:** Smooth.
   d. **Exterior Finish:** Three-coat fluorocarbon; with color and finish as indicated by manufacturer’s designation.
      1) **Tint:** Semi-transparent metallic blue.
      2) **Color:** Urban Slate.
      3) **Product Code:** 21585.
      4) **Sheen:** 20-40 gloss units measured on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

3. **Clips:** As determined by roof panel manufacturer to accommodate thermal movement and future PV panel systems.
   a. **Material:** Zinc-coated (galvanized) or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet.

4. **Panel Coverage:** 16 inches (406 mm).
5. **Panel Height:** 1.75 inches (44 mm).
6. **Panel Lengths:** Full length of each roof area.

2.3 **UNDERLayment MATERIALS**

A. **Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Underlayment:** Provide self-adhering, cold-applied, sheet underlayment, a minimum of 30 mils (0.76 mm) thick, consisting of slip-resistant, polyethylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
2. Low-Temperature Flexibility: Passes after testing at minus 20 deg F (29 deg C); ASTM D 1970.
3. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. Carlisle Residential; a division of Carlisle Construction Materials; WIP 300HT.
   b. GCP Applied Technologies; Grace Ice and Water Shield HT.
   c. Henry Company; Blueskin PE200 HT.

B. Roof Underlayment Accessories: Provide auxiliary materials and accessories as recommended by underlayment for conditions of installation.

C. Slip Sheet: Manufacturer's recommended slip sheet, of type required for application.

2.4 INSULATION BOARD

A. Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C 1289, Type II, Class 1, Grade 3, felt or glass-fiber mat facer on both major surfaces.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. Atlas EPS; a Division of Atlas Roofing Corporation.
   c. Carlisle SynTec Incorporated.
   d. CertainTeed Corporation.
   e. Firestone Building Products.
   f. Hunter Panels.
   g. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
   h. Rmax, Inc.

2. Compressive Strength: 25 psi (172kPa).
3. Size: 48 by 96 inches (1219 by 2438 mm).
4. Thickness and R-Value:
   a. Base Layer: 2 inches (51 mm).
   b. Upper Layer: As required to produce overall insulation thicknesses and R-value indicated.

2.5 INSULATION ACCESSORIES

A. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Approvals 4470, designed for fastening roof insulation and cover boards to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.

B. Cover Board: ASTM C 1177/C 1177M, glass-mat, water-resistant gypsum board or ASTM C 1278/C 1278M fiber-reinforced gypsum board.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. CertainTeed Corporation; GlasRoc Roof Board.
   b. Georgia-Pacific Building Products; Dens Deck.
   c. USG Corporation; Securock Glass Mat Roof Board.
   d. USG Corporation; Securock Glass-Fiber Roof Board.
2. Thickness: 1/2 inch (13 mm).

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Miscellaneous Metal Subframing and Furring: ASTM C 645; cold-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet, ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (2275 hot-dip galvanized) coating designation or ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 (Class AZM150) coating designation unless otherwise indicated. Provide manufacturer’s standard sections as required for support and alignment of metal panel system.

B. Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete, weathertight panel system including trim, fasciae, corner units, clips, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal panels unless otherwise indicated.

1. Closures: Provide closures at eaves and ridges, fabricated of same metal as metal panels.
2. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.
3. Closure Strips: Closed-cell, expanded, cellular, rubber or crosslinked, polyolefin-foam or closed-cell laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch- (25-mm-) thick, flexible closure strips; cut or pre-molded to match metal panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.

C. Flashing and Trim: Provide flashing and trim formed from same material as metal panels as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, eaves, rakes, corners, bases, framed openings, ridges, fasciae, and fillers. Finish flashing and trim with same finish system as adjacent metal panels.

D. Panel Fasteners: Self-tapping screws designed to withstand design loads.

E. Panel Sealants: Provide sealant type recommended by manufacturer that are compatible with panel materials, are nonstaining, and do not damage panel finish.

1. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing; 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide and 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick.
2. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920; as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.

2.7 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate and finish metal panels and accessories at the factory, by manufacturer’s standard procedures and processes, as necessary to fulfill indicated performance requirements demonstrated by laboratory testing. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements.

B. Provide panel profile, including major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs, if any, for full length of panel.

C. Fabricate metal panel joints with factory-installed captive gaskets or separator strips that provide a weathertight seal and prevent metal-to-metal contact, and that minimize noise from movements.

D. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Fabricate flashing and trim to comply with manufacturer’s recommendations and recommendations in SMACNA’s “Architectural Sheet Metal Manual” that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated.
E. **Gutters and Downspouts:** Formed from same material as roof panels according to SMACNA’s “Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.” Finish to match metal roof panels.

F. **Hanging Gutters:**
   1. Fabricate to cross section required, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other accessories as required.
   2. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch (2400-mm) long sections.
   3. Furnish flat-stock gutter brackets and flat-stock gutter spacers and straps fabricated from same metal as gutters, of size recommended by cited sheet metal standard, but with thickness not less than twice the gutter thickness.
   4. Fabricate expansion joints, expansion-joint covers, gutter bead reinforcing bars, and gutter accessories from same metal as gutters. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.
   5. **Expansion Joints:** Butt type with cover plate or built in.
   6. **Fabricate from the following material:**
      a. **Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume):** 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.

G. **Downspouts:** Fabricate round downspouts to dimensions indicated on Drawings, complete with mitered elbows. Furnish with metal hangers from same material as downspouts and anchors. Shop fabricate elbows. **Fabricate from the following material:**
   1. **Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume):** 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.

H. **Roof Curbs:** Fabricated from same material as roof panels, 0.048-inch (1.2-mm) nominal thickness; with bottom of skirt profiled to match roof panel profiles and with welded top box and integral full-length cricket. Fabricate curb subframing of 0.060-inch (1.52-mm-) nominal thickness, angle-, C-, or Z-shaped steel sheet. **Fabricate curb and subframing to withstand indicated loads of size and height indicated.** Finish roof curbs to match metal roof panels.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

3.1 **PREPARATION**

A. **Miscellaneous Supports:** Install subframing, furring, and other miscellaneous panel support members and anchorages according to ASTM C 754 and metal panel manufacturer’s written recommendations.

3.2 **INSULATION INSTALLATION**

A. **Installation Over Wood Panel Decking:**
   1. **Install base layer of insulation with end joints staggered not less than 12 inches (305 mm) in adjacent rows.**
      a. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections.
      b. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in width.
      c. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) with insulation.
      d. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch (6 mm) of projections and penetrations.
      e. Mechanically attach base layer of insulation using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified board-type roof insulation to wood panel decks.
2. Install upper layers of insulation with joints of each layer offset not less than 12 inches (305 mm) from previous layer of insulation.
   a. Install with long joints continuous and with end joints staggered not less than 12 inches (305 mm) in adjacent rows.
   b. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections.
   c. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in width.
   d. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) with insulation.
   e. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch (6 mm) of projections and penetrations.
   f. Mechanically attach each layer of insulation using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified board-type roof insulation to wood panel decks.

3.3 COVER BOARD INSTALLATION
   A. Install cover boards over insulation with long joints in continuous straight lines with end joints staggered between rows. Offset joints of insulation below a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm) in each direction.
   1. Trim cover board neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
   2. Cut and fit cover board tight to nailers, projections, and penetrations.
   3. Mechanically attach cover board using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified cover board to wood panel decks with 3/8-inch penetration into deck.

3.4 UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLATION
   A. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment: Apply primer if required by manufacturer. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation. Apply at locations indicated below, wrinkle free, in shingle fashion to shed water, and with end laps of not less than 6 inches (152 mm) staggered 24 inches (610 mm) between courses. Overlap side edges not less than 3-1/2 inches (90 mm). Roll laps with roller. Cover underlayment within 14 days.
   1. Apply over the entire surface of insulation cover board.

   B. Slip Sheet: Apply slip sheet over underlayment before installing metal roof panels.

   C. Flashings: Install flashings to cover underlayment to comply with requirements specified in Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

3.5 METAL PANEL INSTALLATION
   A. Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panel Installation: Fasten metal roof panels to supports with concealed clips at each standing-seam joint at location, spacing, and with fasteners recommended in writing by manufacturer.
   1. Install clips to supports with self-tapping fasteners.
   2. Install pressure plates at locations indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
   3. Snap Joint: Nest standing seams and fasten together by interlocking and completely engaging factory-applied sealant.

   B. Accessory Installation: Install accessories with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting, and provide for thermal expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.
C. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer’s written installation instructions, and SMACNA’s “Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.” Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.

D. Hanging Gutters:
   1. Join sections with joints sealed with sealant.
   2. Provide for thermal expansion.
   3. Attach gutters at eave or fascia to firmly anchor them in position.
   4. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant.
   5. Slope to downspouts.
   6. Install gutter with expansion joints at locations indicated on Drawings, but not exceeding 50 feet (15.2 m) apart. Install expansion-joint caps.

E. Downspouts:
   1. Join sections with 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) telescoping joints.
   2. Provide hangers with fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely to walls.
   3. Locate hangers at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches (1500 mm) o.c.
   4. Connect downspouts to underground drainage system.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as metal panels are installed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer’s written installation instructions. On completion of metal panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by metal panel manufacturer. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 075419 - PVC ROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Adhered polyvinyl chloride (PVC) roofing system.
2. Roof insulation.
3. Cover board.
4. Walkways.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Roofing Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1. Meet with Owner, Architect, Owner’s insurer if applicable, testing and inspecting agency representative, roofing Installer, roofing system manufacturer's representative, deck Installer, air barrier Installer, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing, including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment.
2. Review methods and procedures related to roofing installation, including manufacturer’s written instructions.
3. Review and finalize construction schedule, and verify availability of materials, Installer’s personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
4. Examine deck substrate conditions and finishes for compliance with requirements, including flatness and fastening.
5. Review structural loading limitations of roof deck during and after roofing.
6. Review base flashings, special roofing details, roof drainage, roof penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affects roofing system.
7. Review governing regulations and requirements for insurance and certificates if applicable.
8. Review temporary protection requirements for roofing system during and after installation.
9. Review roof observation and repair procedures after roofing installation.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1. For insulation and roof system component fasteners, include copy of SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listing.

B. Shop Drawings: Include roof plans, sections, details, and attachments to other work, including the following:

1. Layout and thickness of insulation.
2. Base flashings and membrane terminations.
3. Flashing details at penetrations.
4. Tapered insulation thickness and slopes.
5. Insulation fastening patterns for corner, perimeter, and field-of-roof locations.
C. Samples for Verification: For the following products:
   1. Roof membrane and flashing, of color required.
   2. Walkway pads, of color required.

D. Wind Uplift Resistance Submittal: For roofing system, indicating compliance with wind uplift performance requirements.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Manufacturer Certificates:
      a. Submit evidence of compliance with performance requirements.
   2. Special Warranty Certificate: Signed by roof membrane manufacturer, certifying that all materials supplied under this Section are acceptable for special warranty.

B. Product Test Reports: For roof membrane and insulation, tests performed by independent qualified testing agency indicating compliance with specified requirements.

C. Evaluation Reports: For components of roofing system, from ICC-ES.

D. Field quality-control reports.

E. Sample Warranties: For manufacturer's special warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For roofing system to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified firm that is approved, authorized, or licensed by roofing system manufacturer to install manufacturer's product and that is eligible to receive manufacturer's special warranty.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of roofing system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
   1. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Accelerated Weathering: Roof membrane shall withstand 2000 hours of exposure when tested according to ASTM G 152, ASTM G 154, or ASTM G 155.
B. Impact Resistance: Roof membrane shall resist impact damage when tested according to ASTM D 3746, ASTM D 4272/D 4272M, or the "Resistance to Foot Traffic Test" in FM Approvals 4470.

C. Material Compatibility: Roofing materials shall be compatible with one another and adjacent materials under conditions of service and application required, as demonstrated by roof membrane manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

D. Wind Uplift Resistance: Design roofing system to resist the following wind uplift pressures when tested according to FM Approvals 4474, UL 580, or UL 1897:

1. Zone 1 (Roof Area Field): 37.6 lbf/sq. ft.
2. Zone 2 (Roof Area Perimeter): 63.2 lbf/sq. ft.
   a. Location: From roof edge to 6.0 ft. inside roof edge.
3. Zone 3 (Roof Area Corners): 95 lbf/sq. ft.
   a. Location: 6.0 ft. in each direction from building corner.

E. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: ASTM E 108 or UL 790, Class B; for application and roof slopes indicated; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.

2.2 POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) ROOFING

   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Carlisle SynTec Incorporated; Sure-Flex™ PVC Fully Adhered Roofing System, or comparable product by one of the following:
      a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
      b. Sika Sarnafil.
      c. Soprema, Inc.
      d. Versico Incorporated.
   2. Thickness: 60 mils (1.5 mm).

2.3 AUXILIARY ROOFING MATERIALS

A. General: Auxiliary materials recommended by roofing system manufacturer for intended use and compatible with other roofing components.
   1. Adhesives and Sealants: Comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Sheet Flashing: Manufacturer's standard sheet flashing of same material, type, reinforcement, thickness, and color as PVC sheet.

C. Prefabricated Pipe Flashings: As recommended by roof membrane manufacturer.

D. Bonding Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard.
E. Metal Termination Bars: Manufacturer’s standard, predrilled stainless steel or aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch (25 by 3 mm) thick; with anchors.

F. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Approvals 4470, designed for fastening roofing components to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.

G. Miscellaneous Accessories: Provide pourable sealers, preformed cone and vent sheet flashings, preformed inside and outside corner sheet flashings, T-joint covers, lap sealants, termination reglets, and other accessories.

2.4 ROOF INSULATION

A. Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C 1289, Type II, Class 1 Grade 2, felt or glass-fiber mat facer on both major surfaces.

2. Size: 48 by 48 inches.
3. Thickness:
   a. Base Layer: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
   b. Upper Layer: As required to produce roof slopes and overall insulation thicknesses indicated.

B. Tapered Insulation: Provide factory-tapered insulation boards.

1. Material: Match roof insulation.
3. Slope:
   a. Roof Field: 1/4 inch per foot (1:48) unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
   b. Saddles and Crickets: 1/2 inch per foot (1:24) unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

2.5 INSULATION ACCESSORIES

A. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Approvals 4470, designed for fastening roof insulation and cover boards to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.

B. Insulation Adhesive: Insulation manufacturer’s recommended adhesive formulated to attach roof insulation to substrate or to another insulation layer.

C. Cover Board: ASTM C 1177/C 1177M, glass-mat, water-resistant gypsum board.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Georgia-Pacific Corporation; Dens Deck Prime.
2. Thickness: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
2.6 WALKWAYS

A. Flexible Walkways: Factory-formed, nonporous, heavy-duty, slip-resisting, surface-textured walkway pads, approximately 3/16 inch (5 mm) thick and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.


PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

3.2 ROOFING INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Install roofing system according to roofing system manufacturer’s written instructions, SPRI’s Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements, and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29.

B. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing system at end of workday or when rain is forecast. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.

3.3 INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. Coordinate installing roofing system components so insulation is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of workday.

B. Comply with roofing system and insulation manufacturer’s written instructions for installing roof insulation.

C. Installation Over Wood Panel Decking:

1. Install base layer of insulation with joints staggered not less than 24 inches (610 mm) in adjacent rows.

   a. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
   b. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in width.
   c. At internal roof drains, slope insulation to create a square drain sump with each side equal to the diameter of the drain bowl plus 24 inches (610 mm).

      1) Trim insulation so that water flow is unrestricted.

   d. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) with insulation.
   e. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch (6 mm) of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
   f. Mechanically attach base layer of insulation using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified board-type roof insulation to wood panel decks.

      1) Fasten insulation to resist specified uplift pressure at corners, perimeter, and field of roof.
2. Install upper layers of insulation and tapered insulation with joints of each layer offset not less than 12 inches (305 mm) from previous layer of insulation.

   a. Staggered end joints within each layer not less than 24 inches (610 mm) in adjacent rows.
   b. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
   c. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in width.
   d. At internal roof drains, slope insulation to create a square drain sump with each side equal to the diameter of the drain bowl plus 24 inches (610 mm).

   1) Trim insulation so that water flow is unrestricted.

   e. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) with insulation.
   f. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch (6 mm) of nailers, projections, and penetrations.

   a. Adhere each layer of insulation to substrate using adhesive according to SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29, as follows:

      1) Set each layer of insulation in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF COVER BOARDS

   A. Install cover boards over insulation with long joints in continuous straight lines with end joints staggered between rows. Offset joints of insulation below a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm) in each direction.

      1. Trim cover board neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
      2. At internal roof drains, conform to slope of drain sump.

         a. Trim cover board so that water flow is unrestricted.

   3. Cut and fit cover board tight to nailers, projections, and penetrations.
   4. Adhere cover board to substrate using adhesive according to SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29, as follows:

      a. Set cover board in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.

3.5 ADHERED ROOFING INSTALLATION

   A. Adhere roof membrane over area to receive roofing according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.

   B. Unroll roof membrane and allow to relax before installing.

   C. Start installation of roofing in presence of roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel.

   D. Accurately align roof membrane, and maintain uniform side and end laps of minimum dimensions required by manufacturer. Stagger end laps.
E. Bonding Adhesive: Apply to substrate and underside of roof membrane at rate required by manufacturer, and allow to partially dry before installing roof membrane. Do not apply to splice area of roof membrane.

F. In addition to adhering, mechanically fasten roof membrane securely at terminations, penetrations, and perimeter of roofing.

G. Apply roof membrane with side laps shingled with slope of roof deck where possible.

H. Seams: Clean seam areas, overlap roofing, and hot-air weld side and end laps of roof membrane and sheet flashings to ensure a watertight seam installation.
   1. Test lap edges with probe to verify seam weld continuity. Apply lap sealant to seal cut edges of roof membrane and sheet flashings.
   2. Verify field strength of seams a minimum of twice daily, and repair seam sample areas.
   3. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in roof membrane that do not comply with requirements.

I. Spread sealant bed over deck-drain flange at roof drains, and securely seal roof membrane in place with clamping ring.

3.6 BASE FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. Install sheet flashings and preformed flashing accessories, and adhere to substrates according to roofing system manufacturer’s written instructions.

B. Apply bonding adhesive to substrate and underside of sheet flashing at required rate, and allow to partially dry. Do not apply to seam area of flashing.

C. Flash penetrations and field-formed inside and outside corners with cured or uncured sheet flashing.

D. Clean seam areas, overlap, and firmly roll sheet flashings into the adhesive. Hot-air weld side and end laps to ensure a watertight seam installation.

E. Terminate and seal top of sheet flashings and mechanically anchor to substrate through termination bars, unless otherwise indicated.

3.7 WALKWAY INSTALLATION

A. Flexible Walkways: Install walkway products according to manufacturer’s written instructions.
   1. Install flexible walkways at locations indicated on Drawings.
   2. Provide 6-inch (76-mm) clearance between adjoining pads.
   3. Heat weld to substrate or adhere walkway products to substrate with compatible adhesive according to roofing system manufacturer’s written instructions.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Final Roof Inspection: Arrange for roofing system manufacturer’s technical personnel to inspect roofing installation on completion, in presence of Architect, and to prepare inspection report.
   1. Notify Architect and Owner 48 hours in advance of date and time of inspection.
B. Repair or remove and replace components of roofing system where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.

C. Roofing system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
   1. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor’s expense, will be performed to determine if replaced or additional work complies with specified requirements.

3.9 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

A. Protect roofing system from damage and wear during remainder of construction period. When remaining construction does not affect or endanger roofing, inspect roofing system for deterioration and damage, describing its nature and extent in a written report, with copies to Architect and Owner.

B. Correct deficiencies in or remove roofing system that does not comply with requirements, repair substrates, and repair or reinstall roofing system to a condition free of damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion and according to warranty requirements.

C. Clean overspray and spillage from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 076200 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Manufactured reglets with counterflashing.
2. Formed roof-drainage sheet metal fabrications.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each of the following:

1. Underlayment materials.
2. Elastomeric sealant.
3. Butyl sealant.
4. Epoxy seam sealer.

B. Shop Drawings: For sheet metal flashing and trim.

1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
2. Detail fabrication and installation layouts, expansion-joint locations, and keyed details. Distinguish between shop- and field-assembled Work.
3. Include identification of material, thickness, weight, and finish for each item and location in Project.
4. Include details for forming, including profiles, shapes, seams, and dimensions.
5. Include details for joining, supporting, and securing, including layout and spacing of fasteners, cleats, clips, and other attachments. Include pattern of seams.
6. Include details of termination points and assemblies.
7. Include details of expansion joints and expansion-joint covers, including showing direction of expansion and contraction from fixed points.
8. Include details of roof-penetration flashing.
9. Include details of edge conditions, including eaves, rakes, flashings, and counterflashings.
10. Include details of special conditions.
11. Include details of connections to adjoining work.

C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, 12 inches (300 mm) long by actual width.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Certificates: For each type of roof edge flashing that is ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 tested.

B. Evaluation Reports: For roof edge flashing, from ICC-ES or an agency acceptable to authority having jurisdiction showing compliance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1.
1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For sheet metal flashing and trim.

B. Special warranty.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fabricator Qualifications: Employs skilled workers who custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim similar to that required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.

1. For roof edge flashings that are ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 tested, shop shall be listed as able to fabricate required details as tested and approved.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty on Finishes: Manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace sheet metal flashing and trim that shows evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.

1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:

   a. Color fading more than 5 Delta units when tested in accordance with ASTM D2244.
   b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested in accordance with ASTM D4214.
   c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.

2. Finish Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Sheet metal flashing and trim assemblies shall withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Completed sheet metal flashing and trim shall not rattle, leak, or loosen, and shall remain watertight.

B. Sheet Metal Standard for Flashing and Trim: Comply with NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing Manual: Architectural Metal Flashing, Condensation and Air Leakage Control, and Reroofing" and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" requirements for dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

C. SPRI Wind Design Standard: Manufacture and install roof edge flashings tested in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 and capable of resisting the following design pressure:

1. Zone 2 (Roof Edge Perimeter, Vertical Load Direction): 63.2 lbf/sq. ft.
   a. Location: From roof edge to 6.0 ft. inside roof edge.

2. Zone 3 (Roof Edge Corners, Vertical Load Direction): 95 lbf/sq. ft.
   a. Location: 6.0 ft. in each direction from building corner.
3. Zone 4 (Wall Edge Perimeter, Horizontal Load Direction): 40.8 lbf/sq. ft.
4. Zone 5 (Wall Edge Corners, Horizontal Load Direction): 50.4 lbf/sq. ft.

D. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes to prevent buckling, over stressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

2.2 SHEET METALS

A. General: Protect mechanical and other finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying strippable, temporary protective film before shipping.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain sheet metal for flashing and trim from same manufacturer as metal roof panels, to produce matching appearance.

C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet with Tinted Finish: Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 (Class AZM150) coating designation; structural quality. Prefinished by the coil-coating process to comply with requirements indicated.

1. Basis-of-Design Metal Finish Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Steelscape® (steelscape.com); Eternal Collection® Tinted ZINCALUME®.
2. Nominal Thickness: 0.0296 inch (22 gauge).
3. Texture: Smooth.
4. Exterior Finish: Three-coat fluorocarbon; with color and finish as indicated by manufacturer's designation.
   a. Tint: Semi-transparent metallic blue.
   d. Sheen: 20-40 gloss units measured on 60-degree gloss meter per ASTM D 523.

2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Sheet Underlayment: Minimum 30 mils (0.76 mm) thick, consisting of a slip-resistant polyethylene- or polypropylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl- or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing; specifically designed to withstand high metal temperatures beneath metal roofing. Provide primer in accordance with underlayment manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. Carlisle Residential; a division of Carlisle Construction Materials; WIP 300HT.
   b. GCP Applied Technologies Inc.; Grace Ice and Water Shield HT.
   c. Henry Company; Blueskin PE200 HT.
2. Low-Temperature Flexibility: ASTM D1970/D1970M; passes after testing at minus 20 deg F (29 deg C) or lower.

B. Slip Sheet: Rosin-sized building paper, 3 lb/100 sq. ft. (0.16 kg/sq. m) minimum.
2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, solder if applicable, protective coatings, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation and as recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal or manufactured item unless otherwise indicated.

B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads and recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal or manufactured item.

1. General: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex-washer head.
2. Fasteners for Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel or hot-dip galvanized steel in accordance with ASTM A153/A153M or ASTM F2329.

C. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide and 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick.

D. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C920, elastomeric silicone polymer sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.

E. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant; polyisobutylene plasticized; heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.

F. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion in accordance with ASTM D1187/D1187M.


H. Reglets: Units of type, material, and profile required, formed to provide secure interlocking of separate reglet and counterflashing pieces, and compatible with flashing indicated with factory-mitered and -welded corners and junctions.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. Cheney Flashing Company.
   b. Fry Reglet Corporation.
   c. Heckmann Building Products, Inc.
   d. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.
   e. Keystone Flashing Company, Inc.
   f. OMG EdgeSystems (formerly W.P. Hickman).

2. Material: Galvanized steel, 0.022 inch (0.56 mm) thick.
3. Stucco Type: Provide with upturned fastening flange and extension leg of length to match thickness of applied finish materials.
4. Concrete Type: Provide temporary closure tape to keep reglet free of concrete materials, special fasteners for attaching reglet to concrete forms, and guides to ensure alignment of reglet section ends.
5. Accessories:
   a. Counterflashing Wind-Restraint Clips: Provide clips to be installed before counterflashing to prevent wind uplift of counterflashing's lower edge.

6. Finish: Mill.

2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

A. Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with details indicated and recommendations in cited sheet metal standard that apply to design, dimensions, geometry, metal thickness, and other characteristics of item required.

1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in shop to greatest extent possible.
2. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.
3. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered and obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.
4. Form sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates without excessive oil-canning, buckling, and tool marks; true to line, levels, and slopes; and with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
5. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Do not use exposed fasteners on faces exposed to view.

B. Fabrication Tolerances:

1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim that is capable of installation to a tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m) on slope and location lines indicated on Drawings and within 1/8-inch (3-mm) offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

C. Expansion Provisions: Form metal for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim.

1. Form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) deep, filled with butyl sealant concealed within joints.
2. Use lapped expansion joints only where indicated on Drawings.

D. Sealant Joints: Where movable, nonexpansion-type joints are required, form metal in accordance with cited sheet metal standard to provide for proper installation of elastomeric sealant.

E. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.

F. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices of sizes as recommended by cited sheet metal standard for application, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

G. Seams: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with elastomeric sealant unless otherwise recommended by sealant manufacturer for intended use.

2.6 ROOF-DRAINAGE SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Canale Sleeves: Fabricate canale assemblies to dimensions required. Fabricate from the following material:

1. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume): 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.
2.7 LOW-SLOPE ROOF SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Roof Edge Flashing and Fascia Cap: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch (2400-mm) long, but not exceeding 12-foot (3.6-m) long sections. Furnish with 6-inch (150-mm) wide, joint cover plates. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.

1. Joint Style: Butted with expansion space and 6-inch (150-mm) wide, concealed backup plate.
2. Fabricate from the following materials:
   a. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume): 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.

B. Counterflashing: Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners. Fabricate from the following materials:

1. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume): 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.

C. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Fabricate from the following material:

1. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume): 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.

2.8 STEEP-SLOPE ROOF SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Fabricate from the following materials:

1. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel (Galvalume): 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF UNDERLAYMENT

A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Sheet Underlayment:

1. Install self-adhering, high-temperature sheet underlayment; wrinkle free.
2. Prime substrate if recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
3. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation; use primer for installing underlayment at low temperatures.
4. Apply in shingle fashion to shed water, with end laps of not less than 6 inches (150 mm) staggered 24 inches (600 mm) between courses.
5. Overlap side edges not less than 3-1/2 inches (90 mm). Roll laps and edges with roller.
6. Roll laps and edges with roller.
7. Cover underlayment within 14 days.

B. Install slip sheet, wrinkle free, over underlayment before installing sheet metal flashing and trim.

1. Install in shingle fashion to shed water.
2. Lapp joints not less than 4 inches (100 mm).

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with details indicated and recommendations of cited sheet metal standard that apply to installation characteristics required unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
1. Install fasteners, solder if applicable, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
2. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line, levels, and slopes. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and sealant, as applicable.
3. Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
4. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance.
5. Install continuous cleats with fasteners spaced not more than 12 inches (300 mm) o.c.
6. Space individual cleats not more than 12 inches (300 mm) apart. Attach each cleat with at least two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.
7. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim with limited oil-canning, and free of buckling and tool marks.
8. Do not field cut sheet metal flashing and trim by torch.

B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other, or where metal contacts pressure-treated wood or other corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action or corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by sheet metal manufacturer or cited sheet metal standard.

1. Underlayment: Where installing sheet metal flashing and trim directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install underlayment and cover with slip sheet.

C. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim.

1. Space movement joints at maximum of 10 feet (3 m) with no joints within 24 inches (600 mm) of corner or intersection.
2. Form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) deep, filled with sealant concealed within joints.
3. Use lapped expansion joints only where indicated on Drawings.

D. Fasteners: Use fastener sizes that penetrate wood blocking or sheathing not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) for nails and not less than 3/4 inch (19 mm) for wood screws or penetrate substrate not less than recommended by fastener manufacturer to achieve maximum pull-out resistance.

E. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible in exposed work and locate to minimize possibility of leakage. Cover and seal fasteners and anchors as required for a tight installation.

F. Seal joints as required for watertight construction.

1. Use sealant-filled joints unless otherwise indicated.
   a. Embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch (25 mm) into sealant.
   b. Form joints to completely conceal sealant.
   c. When ambient temperature at time of installation is between 40 and 70 deg F (4 and 21 deg C), set joint members for 50 percent movement each way.
   d. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures.
      1) Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F (4 deg C).

2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
3.3 INSTALLATION OF ROOF-DRAINAGE SYSTEM

A. Install sheet metal roof-drainage items to produce complete roof-drainage system in accordance with cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate installation of roof perimeter flashing with installation of roof-drainage system.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF ROOF FLASHINGS

A. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with performance requirements, sheet metal manufacturer’s written installation instructions, and cited sheet metal standard.

1. Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line, levels, and slopes.
2. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that are permanently watertight and weather resistant.

B. Roof Edge Flashing:

1. Install roof edge flashings in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1.
2. Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces in accordance with recommendations in cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Interlock bottom edge of roof edge flashing with continuous cleat anchored to substrate at staggered 3-inch (75-mm) centers.

C. Pipe or Post Counterflashing: Install counterflashing umbrella with close-fitting collar with top edge flared for elastomeric sealant, extending minimum of 4 inches (100 mm) over base flashing. Install stainless steel draw band and tighten.

D. Counterflashing: Coordinate installation of counterflashing with installation of base flashing.

1. Insert counterflashing in reglets or receivers and fit tightly to base flashing.
2. Extend counterflashing 4 inches (100 mm) over base flashing.
3. Lap counterflashing joints minimum of 4 inches (100 mm).

E. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Coordinate installation of roof-penetration flashing with installation of roofing and other items penetrating roof. Seal with elastomeric or butyl sealant and clamp flashing to pipes that penetrate roof.

3.5 INSTALLATION OF WALL FLASHINGS

A. Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture in accordance with cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate installation of wall flashing with installation of wall-opening components such as windows, doors, and louvers.

B. Opening Flashings in Frame Construction: Install continuous head, sill, jamb, and similar flashings to extend 4 inches (100 mm) beyond wall openings.

C. Reglets: Installation of reglets is specified in Division 03 or 04 Sections, as applicable.

3.6 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align sheet metal flashing and trim within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m) on slope and location lines indicated on Drawings and within 1/8-inch (3-mm) offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.

B. Clean off excess sealants.

3.8 PROTECTION

A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer’s written installation instructions.

B. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures, as determined by Architect.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 076526 - SELF-ADHERING SHEET FLASHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes: Flexible, self-adhering sheet membrane flashing for applications indicated.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
   B. Samples for Verification: For each type and color of flashing sheet and accessory item.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
   A. Material Certificates: Signed by manufacturer certifying that each material and component of flashing systems is compatible with other materials, including adjoining waterproofing and air barrier systems.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE
   A. Source Limitations: Obtain flashing materials, auxiliary components and accessories through one source from a single manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FLASHING MATERIALS
   A. Rubberized-Asphalt Flashing: Composite flashing product consisting of a pliable, adhesive rubberized-asphalt compound, bonded to a high-density, cross-laminated polyethylene film to produce an overall thickness of not less than 0.040 inch (1.02 mm).

   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Henry Company; Blueskin SA HT.
   2. Physical and Performance Properties:
      a. Air Permeance: Maximum 0.004 cfm/sq. ft. of surface area at 1.57-lbf/sq. ft. (0.02 L/s x sq. m of surface area at 75-Pa) pressure difference; ASTM E 2178.
      b. Puncture Resistance: Minimum 40 lbf (180 N); ASTM E 154.
      c. Water Absorption: Maximum 0.15 percent weight gain after 48-hour immersion at 70 deg F (21 deg C); ASTM D 570.
      d. Vapor Permeance: Maximum 0.05 perm (2.9 ng/Pa x s x sq. m); ASTM E 96/E 96M, Water Method.

   3. Accessories: Provide preformed corners, end dams, other special shapes, and seaming materials produced by flashing manufacturer.

2.2 AUXILIARY MATERIALS AND FLASHING ACCESSORIES
   A. General: Furnish auxiliary materials recommended by flashing manufacturer for intended use and compatible with sheet flashing.
B. Adhesives, Primers, and Seam Tapes for Flashings: Flashing manufacturer's standard products or products recommended by flashing manufacturer for bonding flashing sheets to each other and to substrates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SURFACE PREPARATION

A. Clean, prepare, and treat substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions. Provide clean, dust-free, and dry substrates for flashing installation.

B. Prime substrates at application rate required by flashing manufacturer. Limit application of primer to surfaces that will be covered with flashing the same day.

3.2 FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. Install self-adhering sheet flashings at locations indicated according to manufacturer's written instructions.
   1. Avoid stretching sheets as they are applied.
   2. Avoid trapping air pockets under membrane during application.

B. Install sheets and auxiliary materials to tie into adjoining waterproofing and air barrier systems.

C. Clean seam areas, overlap membrane, and prepare side laps of sheet flashings according to manufacturer’s written instructions to ensure a watertight seam installation.

D. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in flashing not complying with requirements. Patch with sheet flashing extending beyond repaired areas in all directions.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 077233 - ROOF HATCHES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes: Roof hatches.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
   B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, keyed details, and attachments to other work. Indicate dimensions, loadings, and special conditions.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
   A. Operation and Maintenance Data: To include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
   A. General Performance: Roof hatches shall withstand exposure to weather and resist thermally induced movement without failure, rattling, leaking, or fastener disengagement due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.

2.2 ROOF HATCHES
   A. Roof Hatches: Metal roof-hatch units with lids and insulated double-walled curbs, welded or mechanically fastened and sealed corner joints, continuous lid-to-curb counterflashing and weathertight perimeter gasketing, integral metal cant or stepped integral metal cant raised the thickness of roof insulation, and integrally formed deck-mounting flange at perimeter bottom.

      1. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following products by The Bilco Company, New Haven CT (bilco.com):

         a. Straight Ladder Access: Type E-50TB.
         b. Ships’ Ladder Access: Type NB-50TB.

   B. Type and Size: Single-leaf lid, of sizes as follows:

      1. Straight Ladder Access: 36 by 36 inches (900 by 900 mm).
      2. Ships’ Ladder Access: 30 by 54 inches (750 by 1370 mm).

   C. Loads: Minimum 40-lbf/sq. ft. (1.9-kPa) external live load and 20-lbf/sq. ft. (0.95-kPa) internal uplift load.

   D. Hatch Material: Aluminum sheet.

      1. Finish: Mill.
E. Construction:

1. Insulation: polyisocyanurate board.
3. Hatch Lid: Opaque, insulated, and double walled, with manufacturer’s standard metal liner of same material and finish as outer metal lid; and with extruded EPDM rubber gasket bonded to cover interior to create a continuous seal when compressed to top surface of curb.
4. Curb Liner: Manufacturer’s standard, of same material and finish as metal curb.
5. On ribbed or fluted metal roofs, form flange at perimeter bottom to conform to roof profile.
6. Fabricate curbs to minimum height of 12 inches (305 mm) above roofing surface unless otherwise indicated.
7. Sloping Roofs: Where slope or roof deck exceeds 1:48, fabricate curb with perimeter curb height that is tapered to accommodate roof slope so that top surfaces of perimeter curb are level, unless otherwise indicated. Equip hatch with water diverter or cricket on side that obstructs water flow.

F. Hardware: Galvanized-steel spring latch with turn handles, Type 316 stainless-steel pintle hinges, and padlock hasps inside and outside.

G. Safety Railing System: Roof-hatch manufacturer’s standard system including rails, clamps, fasteners, safety barrier at railing opening, and accessories required for a complete installation; attached to roof hatch and complying with 29 CFR 1910.23 requirements and authorities having jurisdiction.

2.3 METAL MATERIALS

A. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), manufacturer’s standard alloy for finish required, with temper to suit forming operations and performance required.

1. Mill Finish: As manufactured.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, protective coatings, sealants, and other miscellaneous items required by manufacturer for a complete installation.

B. Fasteners: Roof hatch manufacturer’s recommended fasteners suitable for application and metals being fastened. Match finish of exposed fasteners with finish of material being fastened. Provide nonremovable fastener heads to exterior exposed fasteners.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install roof hatches according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

1. Install roof hatches level; plumb; true to line and elevation; and without warping, jogs in alignment, buckling, or tool marks.
2. Anchor roof hatches securely in place so they are capable of resisting indicated loads.
3. Use fasteners, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete installation of roof hatches and fit them to substrates.
4. Install roof hatches to resist exposure to weather without failing, rattling, leaking, or loosening of fasteners and seals.
B. Metal Protection: Protect metals against galvanic action by separating dissimilar metals from contact with each other or with corrosive substrates by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer.

1. Coat concealed side of uncoated aluminum roof hatches with bituminous coating where in contact with wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
2. Underlayment: Where installing roof hatches directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of underlayment and cover with manufacturer’s recommended slip sheet.

C. Roof-Hatch Installation:

1. Verify that roof hatch operates properly. Clean, lubricate, and adjust operating mechanism and hardware.
2. Attach safety railing system to roof-hatch curb.

D. Seal joints with elastomeric or butyl sealant as required by roof hatch manufacturer.

3.2 REPAIR AND CLEANING

A. Replace roof hatches that have been damaged or that cannot be successfully repaired by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Silicone joint sealants.
2. Urethane joint sealants.
3. Mildew-resistant joint sealants.
4. Butyl joint sealants.
5. Latex joint sealants.
6. Acoustical joint sealants.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product.
B. Samples: For each kind and color of joint sealant required.
C. Joint-Sealant Schedule: Include the following information:

1. Joint-sealant application, joint location, and designation.
2. Joint-sealant manufacturer and product name.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For each kind of joint sealant, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency, or by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
B. Preconstruction Laboratory Test Reports: From sealant manufacturer.
C. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: Indicate which sealants and joint preparation methods resulted in optimum adhesion to joint substrates.
D. Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: For each sealant application tested.
E. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Install sealant in mockups of assemblies specified in other Sections that are indicated to receive joint sealants specified in this Section. Use materials and installation methods specified in this Section.
1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

A. Preconstruction Laboratory Testing: Submit to joint-sealant manufacturers, for testing indicated below, samples of materials that will contact or affect joint sealants.

1. Adhesion Testing: Use ASTM C 794 to determine whether priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealants to joint substrates.

2. Compatibility Testing: Use ASTM C 1087 to determine sealant compatibility when in contact with glazing and gasket materials.


1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Installer’s Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Special Manufacturer’s Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to repair or replace those joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL

A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.

B. Acoustical Joint Sealants: Provide acoustical joint-sealant products that effectively reduce airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction, as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.

C. VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers used inside the weatherproofing system shall comply with the following:

1. Sealants and sealant primers for nonporous substrates shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less.

2. Sealants and sealant primers for porous substrates shall have a VOC content of 775 g/L or less.

D. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.
2.2 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

A. Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. GE Construction Sealants; SCS2700 SilPruf LM.
   b. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil WS-290 or Sikasil WS-290 FPS.

B. Silicone, S, NS, 50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. Dow Corning Corporation; 791.
   b. GE Construction Sealants; SCS2000 SilPruf.
   c. Pecora Corporation; PCS.
   d. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil WS-295 or Sikasil WS-295 FPS.

C. Stucco Joint Sealant: Silicone, single-component, low-modulus sealant; Type S or Type M; NS; Class 25, 35, 50/50, or 100/50; Use NT.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   c. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sika Silbridge 300.
   d. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikasil 728 NS.

2.3 URETHANE JOINT SEALANTS

A. Urethane, S, NS, 25, NT: Single-component, nonsag, nontraffic-use, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC, Building Systems; Sonalastic TX1.
   b. Pecora Corporation; Dynatrol I-XL.
   c. Sherwin-Williams Company (The); Stampede-1 or Stampede-TX.
   d. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikaflex Textured Sealant.
   e. Tremco Incorporated; Dymonic.

B. Urethane, S, P, 25, T, NT: Single-component, pourable, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade P, Class 25, Uses T and NT.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC, Building Systems; Sonolastic SL 1.
   b. Pecora Corporation; NR-201.
C. Urethane, M, NS, 50, NT: Multicomponent, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Pecora Corporation; Dynatrol II.

D. Urethane, M, NS, 25, T, NT: Multicomponent, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
   1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
      b. Sika Corporation U.S.; Sikaflex - 2c NS EZ Mix.

E. Urethane, M, P, 25, T, NT: Multicomponent, pourable, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade P, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
   1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
      a. Bostik, Inc.; Chem-Calk 555-5L.
      b. Pecora Corporation; Dynatrol II SG or Urexpan NR 200
      c. Sherwin-Williams Company (The); Stampede-2SL.
      d. Tremco Incorporated; THC 900/901.

2.4 MILDEW-RESISTANT JOINT SEALANTS

A. Mildew-Resistant Joint Sealants: Formulated for prolonged exposure to humidity with fungicide to prevent mold and mildew growth.

B. Silicone, Mildew Resistant, Acid Curing, S, NS, 25, NT: Mildew-resistant, single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, acid-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
   1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
      a. Dow Corning Corporation; 786-M White.
      b. GE Construction Sealants; SCS1700 Sanitary.
      c. Tremco Incorporated; Tremsil 200.

2.5 BUTYL JOINT SEALANTS

A. Butyl-Rubber-Based Joint Sealants: ASTM C 1311.
   1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
      b. Pecora Corporation; BC-158.
2.6 LATEX JOINT SEALANTS

A. Acrylic Latex: Acrylic latex or siliconized acrylic latex, ASTM C 834, Type OP, Grade NF.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC, Building Systems; Sonolac.
   b. Pecora Corporation; AC-20.
   c. Sherwin-Williams Company (The); 850A, 950A, or PowerHouse.
   d. Tremco Incorporated; Tremflex 834.

2.7 ACOUSTICAL JOINT SEALANTS

A. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex acoustical sealant complying with ASTM C 834.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. GE Construction Sealants; RCS20 Acoustical.
   b. Pecora Corporation; AC-20 FTR or AIS-919.
   c. Serious Energy Inc.; Quiet Seal Pro.
   d. Tremco, Incorporated; Tremco Acoustical Sealant.
   e. USG Corporation; SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant.


1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. Pecora Corporation; BA-98.
   b. Serious Energy Inc.; Quiet Seal 350.

2.8 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

A. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin), Type B (bicellular material with a surface skin), or either of the preceding types, as approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC, Building Systems.
   b. Construction Foam Products, a division of Nomaco, Inc.

B. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials.

C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer’s written instructions and the following requirements:

1. Clean nonporous joint substrate surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion.

B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience.

C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 1193 and joint-sealant manufacturer’s written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.

B. Install sealant backings of kind indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

C. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.

D. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:

1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

E. STC-Rated Assemblies: Seal construction at perimeters, behind control joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical joint sealant. Install acoustical joint sealants at both faces of partitions, at perimeters, and through penetrations. Comply with ASTM C 919, ASTM C 1193, and manufacturer’s written recommendations for closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions to underside of floor slabs above acoustical ceilings.

F. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.

1. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193 unless otherwise indicated.
3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Field-Adhesion Testing: Field test joint-sealant adhesion to joint substrates as follows:

1. Extent of Testing: Test completed and cured sealant joints as follows:
   a. Perform 10 tests for the first 1000 feet (300 m) of joint length for each kind of sealant and joint substrate.
   b. Perform one test for each 1000 feet (300 m) of joint length thereafter or one test per each floor per elevation.


B. Evaluation of Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing or noncompliance with other indicated requirements will be considered satisfactory. Remove sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing or to comply with other requirements. Retest failed applications until test results prove sealants comply with indicated requirements.

3.4 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

A. General: Provide joint sealants for each application as scheduled in this Article or as indicated on Drawings to comply with requirements in this Section.

B. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces.

1. Joint Locations:
   a. Isolation and contraction joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
   b. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.


1. Joint Locations:
   b. Joints between metal panels.
   c. Joints between different materials listed above.
   d. Perimeter joints between materials listed above and frames of doors, windows and other glazing systems, and louvers.
   e. Control and expansion joints in ceilings and other overhead surfaces.
   f. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.

2. Joint Sealant: Silicone S, NS, 100/50 or 50, NT.

D. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in stucco systems.

1. Joint Sealant: Silicone, single-component, low-modulus sealant; Type S or Type M; NS; Class 25, 35, 50/50, or 100/50; Use NT.
E. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces.

1. Joint Locations:
   b. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.

2. Joint Sealant: Urethane, S, P, 25, T, NT; or Urethane, M, NS, 25, T, NT.

F. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior perimeter joints between wall materials and frames of storefronts and other exterior glazing systems.

1. Joint Sealant: Silicone S, NS, 100/50 or 50, NT.

G. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces.

1. Joint Locations:
   a. Control and expansion joints on exposed interior surfaces of exterior walls.
   b. Tile control and expansion joints.
   c. Vertical joints on exposed surfaces of concrete walls and partitions.
   d. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.

2. Joint Sealant: Urethane, S, NS, 25, NT.

H. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces not subject to significant movement.

1. Joint Locations:
   a. Control joints on exposed interior surfaces of exterior walls.
   b. Perimeter joints between interior wall surfaces and frames of interior doors and glazed openings.
   c. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.


I. Joint-Sealant Application: Mildew-resistant interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces.

1. Joint Locations:
   a. Joints between plumbing fixtures and adjoining walls, floors, and counters.
   b. Tile control and expansion joints where indicated.
   c. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.

2. Joint Sealant: Silicone, mildew resistant, acid curing, S, NS, 25, NT.
J. Joint-Sealant Application: Concealed mastics.

1. Joint Locations:
   a. Aluminum thresholds.
   b. Sill plates.
   c. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.


1. Joint Location:
   a. Acoustical joints where indicated.
   b. Other joints as indicated.


END OF SECTION
SECTION 081113 - HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:
   1. Interior steel doors and frames.
   2. Exterior steel doors and frames.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
   1. Elevations of each door type.
   2. Details of doors, including vertical- and horizontal-edge details and metal thicknesses.
   3. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.

C. Product Schedule: For hollow-metal doors and frames, prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with final door hardware schedule.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   1. Ceco Door; ASSA ABLOY.
   2. Curries Company; ASSA ABLOY.
   3. Deansteel Manufacturing Company, Inc.
   6. Mesker Door Inc.
   7. Pioneer Industries.
   9. Security Metal Products; a brand of ASSA ABLOY.
   10. Steelcraft; an Allegion brand.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Thermally Rated Exterior Door Assemblies: Provide door assemblies with U-factor of not more than 0.37 deg Btu/F x h x sq. ft. when tested according to ASTM C 518.

2.3 INTERIOR STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

A. Construct hollow-metal doors and frames to comply with standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.
B. Extra-Heavy-Duty Doors and Frames for Typical Locations: SDI A250.8, Level 3; SDI A250.4, Level A.

1. Doors:
   a. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
   b. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm).
   c. Face: Uncoated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch (1.3 mm).
   d. Edge Construction: Model 2, Seamless.
      a. Core: Manufacturer’s standard, unless otherwise indicated.

2. Frames:
   a. Materials: Uncoated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch (1.3 mm).
   b. Sidelite and Transom Frames: Fabricated from same thickness material as adjacent door frame.
   c. Construction: Full profile welded.

C. Maximum-Duty Doors and Frames for Fire Training Openings: SDI A250.8, Level 4; SDI A250.4, Level A.

1. Doors:
   a. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
   b. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm).
   c. Face: Uncoated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.067 inch (1.7 mm).
   d. Edge Construction: Model 2, Seamless, unless otherwise indicated.
   e. Core: Vertical steel stiffener.
   f. Top Edge Closures: Close top edges of doors with flush closures of same material as face sheets. Seal joints against water penetration.
   g. Bottom Edges: Close bottom edges of doors with end closures or channels of same material as face sheets. Provide weep-hole openings in bottoms of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape.

2.4 EXTERIOR STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

A. Construct hollow-metal doors and frames to comply with standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.

B. Maximum-Duty Doors and Frames: SDI A250.8, Level 4; SDI A250.4, Level A.

1. Doors:
   a. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
   b. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm).
   c. Face: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.067 inch (1.7 mm), with minimum A60 (ZF180) coating.
   d. Edge Construction: Model 2, Seamless.
   e. Top Edge Closures: Close top edges of doors with flush closures of same material as face sheets. Seal joints against water penetration.
   f. Bottom Edges: Close bottom edges of doors with end closures or channels of same material as face sheets. Provide weep-hole openings in bottoms of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape.
2. Frames:
   a. Materials: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.067 inch (1.7 mm), with minimum A60 (ZF180) coating.
   b. Construction: Full profile welded; thermally broken.
      1) Thermal Break: Fabricate exterior frames with an integral, concealed, low-conductance thermal barrier that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.

2.5 HOLLOW-METAL PANELS

A. Provide hollow-metal panels of same materials, construction, and finish as adjacent door assemblies.

2.6 FRAME ANCHORS

A. Jamb Anchors:
   1. Type: Anchors of minimum size and type required by applicable door and frame standard, and suitable for performance level indicated.
   2. Quantity: Minimum of three anchors per jamb, with one additional anchor for frames with no floor anchor. Provide one additional anchor for each 24 inches (610 mm) of frame height above 7 feet (2.1 m).
   3. Postinstalled Expansion Anchor: Minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolts with expansion shields or inserts, with manufacturer’s standard pipe spacer.

B. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor.

C. Floor Anchors for Concrete Slabs with Underlayment: Adjustable-type anchors with extension clips, allowing not less than 2-inch (51-mm) height adjustment. Terminate bottom of frames at top of underlayment.

D. Material: ASTM A 879/A 879M, Commercial Steel (CS), 04Z (12G) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
   1. For anchors built into exterior walls, steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M; hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.

2.7 MATERIALS

A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.

B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.

C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.

D. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.
E. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hollow-metal frames of type indicated.

F. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing); consisting of fibers manufactured from slag or rock wool; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.

G. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Section 088000 "Glazing."

2.8 FABRICATION

A. Hollow-Metal Frames: Fabricate in one piece except where handling and shipping limitations require multiple sections. Where frames are fabricated in sections, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of metal of same or greater thickness as frames.

1. Sidelite and Transom Bar Frames: Provide closed tubular members with no visible face seams or joints, fabricated from same material as door frame. Fasten members at crossings and to jambs by welding.
2. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
3. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.
   a. Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
   b. Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.

B. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow-metal doors and frames to receive templated mortised hardware, and electrical wiring; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to SDI A250.6, the Door Hardware Schedule, and templates.

1. Reinforce doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.
2. Comply with BHMA A156.115 for preparing hollow-metal doors and frames for hardware.

C. Glazed Lites: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with mitered hairline joints.

1. Provide stops and moldings flush with face of door, and with square stops unless otherwise indicated.
2. Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings so that each glazed lite is capable of being removed independently.
3. Provide fixed frame moldings on outside of exterior and on secure side of interior doors and frames. Provide loose stops and moldings on inside of hollow-metal doors and frames.
4. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with glazing and installation types indicated.
5. Provide stops for installation with countersunk flat- or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches (230 mm) o.c. and not more than 2 inches (51 mm) o.c. from each corner.

2.9 STEEL FINISHES

A. Prime Finish: Clean, pretreat, and apply manufacturer’s standard primer.
1. Shop Primer: Manufacturer’s standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with SDI A250.10; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces. Touch up factory-applied finishes where spreaders are removed.

B. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Hollow-Metal Frames: Comply with SDI A250.11.

1. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces without damage to completed Work.

   a. Where frames are fabricated in sections, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces. Touch-up finishes.

   b. Install frames with removable stops located on secure side of opening.

2. Floor Anchors: Secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.

   a. Floor anchors may be set with power-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.

3. Solidly pack mineral-fiber insulation inside frames unless otherwise indicated.

4. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow-metal frames to the following tolerances:

   a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.

   b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.

   c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.

   d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs at floor.

B. Hollow-Metal Doors: Fit and adjust hollow-metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified in SDI A250.8 unless otherwise indicated.

C. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Section 088000 "Glazing" and with hollow-metal manufacturer’s written instructions.
3.3 CLEANING AND TOUCHUP

A. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.

B. Metallic-Coated Surface Touchup: Clean abraded areas and repair with galvanizing repair paint according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 081416 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Five-ply solid-core flush wood veneer-faced doors for transparent finish.
2. Factory finishing solid-core flush wood doors.
3. Factory fitting solid-core flush wood doors to frames and factory machining for hardware.
4. Hollow-core flush wood doors integrated into architectural casework, to receive wood veneer facings and transparent finish at woodwork fabricator’s shop.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 064100 “Architectural Casework” for casework to receive hollow-core doors.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product, including the following:

1. Door core materials and construction.
2. Door edge construction
3. Door face type and characteristics.
4. Factory-machining criteria.
5. Factory-finishing specifications.

B. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each type of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; and the following:

1. Door schedule indicating door location, type, size, fire protection rating, and swing.
2. Door elevations, and dimension and locations of hardware.
3. Delete if not applicable for wood doors:
4. Details of electrical raceway and preparation for electrified hardware, access control systems, and security systems.
5. Dimensions and locations of blocking for hardware attachment.
6. Clearances and undercuts.
7. Requirements for veneer matching.

C. Samples: For factory-finished doors.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FLUSH WOOD DOORS, GENERAL

A. Quality Standard: In addition to requirements specified, comply with AWI/AWMAC/WI’s "Architectural Woodwork Standards" or ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A.
2.2 SOLID-CORE FIVE-PLY FLUSH WOOD VENEER-FACED DOORS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

A. Interior Doors:

1. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Masonite Architectural; Premium or comparable product by one of the following:
   a. Eggers Industries.
   b. Lambton Doors.
   c. Oshkosh Door Company.
   d. VT Industries Inc.

2. Performance Grade: ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A Extra Heavy Duty.

3. Architectural Woodwork Standards or ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A Grade: Premium.

4. Faces: Single-ply wood veneer not less than 1/50 inch (0.508 mm) thick.
   a. Species: Select white maple.
   b. Cut: Plain sliced (flat sliced).
   c. Match between Veneer Leaves: Slip match.
   d. Assembly of Veneer Leaves on Door Faces: Balance match.
   e. Pair and Set Match: Provide for doors hung in same opening.

5. Exposed Vertical Edges: Applied wood edges of same species as faces and covering edges of crossbands - Architectural Woodwork Standards edge Type D.

   a. Screw Withdrawal, Door Face: 550 lbf (2440 N).

7. Construction: Five plies, hot-pressed bonded (vertical and horizontal edging is bonded to core), with entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.

2.3 HOLLOW-CORE FLUSH WOOD DOORS

A. Interior Doors:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. ABS-American Building Supply, Inc.
   b. Chappell Door Co.
   c. General Veneer Manufacturing Co.
   d. Haley Brothers, Inc.
   e. Lambton Doors.
   f. Vancouver Door Company.


3. Exposed Vertical Edges: Applied wood edges of same species specified for faces and covering edges of crossbands - Architectural Woodwork Standards edge Type D.


5. Blocking: Provide wood blocking to suit specified hardware.
2.4 FABRICATION

A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated.
   1. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting unless otherwise indicated.
   2. Comply with NFPA 80 requirements for fire-rated doors.

B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied.
   1. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3.
   2. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, ANSI/BHMA-156.115-W, and hardware templates.
   3. Coordinate with hardware mortises in metal frames, to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
   4. For doors scheduled to receive electrified locksets, provide factory-installed raceway and wiring to accommodate specified hardware.

2.5 FACTORY FINISHING

A. Comply with referenced quality standard for factory finishing.
   1. Complete fabrication, including fitting doors for openings and machining for hardware that is not surface applied, before finishing.
   2. Finish faces, all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises.
   3. Stains and fillers may be omitted on top and bottom edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises.

B. Factory finish doors.

C. Transparent Finish:
   1. Architectural Woodwork Standards or ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A Grade: Premium.
   2. Finish: One of the following Architectural Woodwork Standards finish systems, as standard with door manufacturer:
      a. System-5, Varnish, Conversion.
      b. System-9, UV Curable, Acrylated Epoxy, Polyester or Urethane.
      c. System-10, UV Curable, Water Based.
      d. System-11, Polyurethane, Catalyzed.
   3. Staining: Match color indicated by manufacturer’s designation:

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Hardware: For installation, see Section 087100 "Door Hardware."
B. Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and referenced quality standard, and as indicated.

C. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.

D. Factory-Finished Doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.

B. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or that do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if Work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 083515 - PANEL FOLDING DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
A. Section Includes: Four-fold panel folding door systems.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS
A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS
A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for panel folding doors.
   1. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories.

B. Shop Drawings: For panel folding doors. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachments to other work, clearances required for operation, electronic operating and control mechanisms, access requirements, and accessory items. Show supports and anchorage.
   1. Include details of equipment assemblies, and indicate dimensions, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
   2. Include points of attachment and their corresponding static and dynamic loads imposed on structure.
   3. Show locations of controls, locking devices, and other accessories.
   4. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of panel folding door indicated and for each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For panel folding doors to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 WARRANTY
A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace panel folding doors with defects in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
   1. Warranty Period: 3 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS
A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Raynor; Slidetite™ 2.0, 238 Series, or one of the following:
1. Door Engineering and Manufacturing (doorengineering.com); FF300 Series.
2. Electric Power Door (electricpowerdoor.com); Model 41.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Structural Performance, Exterior Doors: Capable of withstanding the design wind loads.
   1. Design Wind Load: As indicated on Drawings.

2.3 PANEL FOLDING DOORS

A. General: Four-fold panel door systems, with interior mounting.
   B. Door Sections: 2-3/8-inch thick full-vision glazed sections with nonglazed panels across bottom of door, fabricated from steel sheet with wall thickness not less than 0.0677 inch (1.7 mm), 14 gage.
      1. Insulation: Manufacturer’s standard.
      2. Glazed Panels: 1-inch overall thickness insulating glass unit with clear fully tempered glass, as specified in Section 088000 “Glazing.”

C. Electric Door Operator: Manufacturer’s standard for door type and size.
   1. Opening/Closing Speed: 8 seconds.
   2. Operator Location: As shown on Drawings, or if not shown, determined in consultation with Architect to suit conditions of installation.
   5. Obstruction-Detection Devices: Automatic electric sensor edges and photo eyes.
   6. Control Stations: Mounted where shown on Drawings, or if not shown, at locations as directed by Architect.
      a. Equip control station with momentary pressure three-button push controls marked "OPEN", "CLOSE" and "STOP".

D. Door Finish: Galvanized steel, unpainted.

2.4 ELECTRIC DOOR OPERATORS

A. General: Electric door operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by door manufacturer, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, control stations, control devices, and accessories required for proper operation.
   1. Comply with NFPA 70.
   2. Control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc.

B. Motors: Reversible-type motor with controller (disconnect switch) for motor exposure indicated.
   1. Electrical Characteristics: Coordinated with building power.
C. Obstruction Detection Devices: External entrapment protection consisting of indicated automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of door opening. Activation of device immediately stops and reverses door travel.

1. Electric Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge on leading edge of doors. Contact with sensor activates device and reverses door. Include wireless safety edge transmitters with low battery alarm.

2. Photoelectric Sensor: Manufacturer's standard system designed to detect an obstruction in door opening without contact between door and obstruction, exterior jamb mounted.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install panel folding doors complying with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install track in one piece, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Install panel folding doors and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports; according to manufacturer's written instructions and as specified.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust units as necessary to ensure smooth operation without warping or binding. Adjust hardware to function smoothly. Confirm that latches engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.

3.3 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain panel folding doors.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 084113 - ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Exterior and interior storefront framing.
2. Exterior manual-swing entrance doors.
3. Spandrel panels in storefront systems.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts. Include plans, elevations, sections, full-size details, and attachments to other work.

1. Show connection to and continuity with adjacent thermal, weather, air, and vapor barriers.
2. Include point-to-point wiring diagrams.

C. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.

D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Energy Performance Certificates: NFRC-certified energy performance values from manufacturer.

B. Product Test Reports: For tests performed by a qualified testing agency, or by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.

C. Sample warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.
B. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.

1. Do not change intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect’s approval. If changes are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain all components of aluminum-framed entrance and storefront system, including framing, spandrel panels and accessories, from single manufacturer.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts.

B. General Performance: Comply with performance requirements specified, as determined by testing of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts representing those indicated for this Project without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.

1. Aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts shall withstand movements of supporting structure, including, but not limited to, twist, column shortening, long-term creep, and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.

2. Failure also includes the following:
   a. Thermal stresses transferring to building structure.
   b. Glass breakage.
   c. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
   d. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
   e. Failure of operating units.

C. Structural Loads:

1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Other Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
D. Deflection of Framing Members: At design wind pressure, as follows:

1. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to edge of glass in a direction perpendicular to glass plane not exceeding 1/175 of the glass edge length for each individual glazing lite or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch (19.1 mm), whichever is less.

2. Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to 1/360 of clear span or 1/8 inch (3.2 mm), whichever is smaller; or amount not exceeding that which reduces glazing bite to less than 75 percent of design dimension and that which reduces edge clearance between framing members and glazing or other fixed components to less than 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).

   a. Operable Units: Provide a minimum 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) clearance between framing members and operable units.

E. Structural: Test according to ASTM E 330/E 330M as follows:

1. When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, storefront assemblies, including entrance doors, do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.

2. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, storefront assemblies, including entrance doors and anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural distress, or permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.

3. Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity, but not less than 10 seconds.

F. Air Infiltration: Test according to ASTM E 283 for infiltration as follows:

1. Fixed Framing and Glass Area:

   a. Maximum air leakage of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. (0.30 L/s per sq. m) at a static-air-pressure differential of 6.2 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa).

2. Entrance Doors:

   a. Single Doors: Maximum air leakage of 0.5 cfm/sq. ft. (2.54 L/s per sq. m) at a static-air-pressure differential of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa).

G. Water Penetration under Static Pressure: Test according to ASTM E 331 as follows:

1. No evidence of water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas, including entrance doors, when tested according to a minimum static-air-pressure differential of 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 10 lbf/sq. ft. (480 Pa).

H. Energy Performance: Certify and label energy performance according to NFRC as follows:

1. Thermal Transmittance (U-factor): Fixed glazing and framing areas as a system shall have U-factor of not more than 0.32 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F as determined according to AAMA 1503.

2. Condensation Resistance: Fixed glazing and framing areas as a system shall have a certified condensation resistance rating of no less than 68 as determined according to AAMA 1503.

I. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements resulting from ambient and surface temperature changes.

1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
2.3 STOREFRONT SYSTEMS

A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following products by Kawneer Company, Inc:

1. Exterior Storefront Framing Systems: Trifab® 451UT.
2. Interior Storefront Framing Systems: Trifab® 400.

B. Comparable Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the basis-of-design products indicated, or comparable products by one of the following:

1. Arcadia, Inc.
2. EFCO Corporation.
3. Oldcastle BuildingEnvelope™.
4. Tubelite Inc.
5. U.S. Aluminum; a brand of C.R. Laurence.
6. YKK AP America Inc.

C. Framing Members: Manufacturer’s extruded- or formed-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.

2. Interior Framing Construction: Nonthermal.
5. Fabrication Method: Field-fabricated stick system.
6. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
7. Steel Reinforcement: As required by manufacturer.

D. Backer Plates: Manufacturer’s standard, continuous backer plates for framing members, if not integral, where framing abuts adjacent construction.

E. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer’s standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

F. Insulated Spandrel Panels: Laminated, metal-faced flat panels with no deviations in plane exceeding 0.8 percent of panel dimension in width or length.

1. Overall Panel Thickness: 1 inch (25.4 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
2. Exterior Skin: Aluminum.
   a. Thickness: Manufacturer’s standard for finish and texture indicated.
   b. Finish: Match framing system.
   c. Texture: Smooth.
   d. Backing Sheet: Manufacturer’s standard rigid backing material.
3. Interior Skin: Aluminum.
   a. Thickness: Manufacturer’s standard for finish and texture indicated.
   b. Finish: Matching storefront framing unless otherwise indicated.
   c. Texture: Smooth.
   d. Backing Sheet: Manufacturer’s standard rigid backing material.
4. Thermal Insulation Core: Manufacturer’s standard rigid, closed-cell, polyisocyanurate board, extruded-polystyrene board, or expanded-perlite, mineral-insulation board, complying with fire-test-response characteristics of authorities having jurisdiction.

5. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
   a. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
   b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.

2.4 ENTRANCE DOOR SYSTEMS

A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Kawneer Company, Inc; 500 Standard Entrances, or comparable products by one of the following:

1. Arcadia, Inc.
2. EFCO Corporation.
3. Oldcastle BuildingEnvelope™.
4. Tubelite Inc.
5. U.S. Aluminum; a brand of C.R. Laurence.
6. YKK AP America Inc.

B. Entrance Doors: Manufacturer’s standard glazed entrance doors for manual-swing or automatic operation.

1. Door Construction: 1-3/4-inch (44.5-mm) overall thickness, with minimum 0.125-inch (3.2-mm-) thick, extruded-aluminum tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten corners with reinforcing brackets that are deeply penetrated and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie rods.
2. Door Design: Wide stile; 5-inch (127-mm) nominal width.
3. Bottom Rail Height: 10 inches (254 mm).
   a. Provide nonremovable glazing stops on outside of door.

2.5 ENTRANCE DOOR HARDWARE

A. Entrance Door Hardware: Hardware not specified in this Section is specified in Section 087100 "Door Hardware."

B. Weather Stripping: Manufacturer’s standard replaceable components.

1. Compression Type: Made of ASTM D 2000 molded neoprene or ASTM D 2287 molded PVC.
2. Sliding Type: AAMA 701/702, made of wool, polypropylene, or nylon woven pile with nylon-fabric or aluminum-strip backing.

C. Weather Sweeps: Manufacturer’s standard exterior-door bottom sweep with concealed fasteners on mounting strip.

2.6 GLAZING

A. Glazing: Comply with Section 088000 "Glazing."
B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard sealed-corner pressure-glazing system of black, resilient elastomeric glazing gaskets, setting blocks, and shims or spacers.

C. Glazing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer.

2.7 MATERIALS

A. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).

B. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).

C. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429/B 429M.

D. Structural Profiles: ASTM B 308/B 308M.

E. Steel Reinforcement:

1. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
2. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M.
3. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
4. Primer: Manufacturer's standard zinc-rich, corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00; applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM, and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.

2.8 AUXILIARY COMPONENTS

A. Fillers, Trim and Closures: Provide filler panels, trim, cover plates, and other closures, for both exterior and interior conditions as shown, complete with anchors for support to structure. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of storefront due to thermal expansion and building deflections, as indicated.

1. Fabricate fillers, trim and closures from extruded aluminum unless otherwise indicated; fabricate from brake metal where indicated.
2. Exposed Finish: Match storefront framing.

B. Sills: Provide sills of profile and dimensions indicated but not less than 0.125-inch-thick extruded aluminum. Miter or cope corners, and weld and dress smooth with concealed mechanical joint fasteners.

1. Exposed Finish: Match storefront framing.

2.9 FABRICATION

A. Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing.

B. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.

C. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:

1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
3. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
4. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
5. Provisions for field replacement of glazing from interior for vision glass and exterior for spandrel glazing or metal panels.
6. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.

D. Mechanically Glazed Framing Members: Fabricate for flush glazing without projecting stops.

E. Entrance Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing entrance door hardware.

F. Entrance Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing entrance door hardware.

G. Entrance Door Hardware Installation: Factory install entrance door hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed entrance door hardware before applying finishes.

H. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

2.10 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General:

1. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions.
2. Do not install damaged components.
3. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
4. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
5. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
6. Seal perimeter and other joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.

B. Metal Protection:

1. Where aluminum is in contact with dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with materials recommended by manufacturer for this purpose or by installing nonconductive spacers.
2. Where aluminum is in contact with concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.

C. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed, as specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants," to produce weathertight installation.

D. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.
E. Install operable units level and plumb, securely anchored, and without distortion. Adjust weather-stripping contact and hardware movement to produce proper operation.

F. Install glazing as specified in Section 088000 "Glazing."

G. Entrance Doors: Install doors to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.

1. Exterior Doors: Install to produce weathertight enclosure and tight fit at weather stripping.
2. Field-Installed Entrance Door Hardware: Install surface-mounted entrance door hardware according to entrance door hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.

3.2 ERECTION TOLERANCES

A. Erection Tolerances: Install aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts to comply with the following maximum tolerances:

1. Plumb: 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3.2 mm in 3 m); 1/4 inch in 40 feet (6.35 mm in 12.2 m).
2. Level: 1/8 inch in 20 feet (3.2 mm in 6 m); 1/4 inch in 40 feet (6.35 mm in 12.2 m).
3. Alignment:
   a. Where surfaces abut in line or are separated by reveal or protruding element up to 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
   b. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element from 1/2 to 1 inch (12.7 to 25.4 mm) wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).
   c. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element of 1 inch (25.4 mm) wide or more, limit offset from true alignment to 1/4 inch (6 mm).

4. Location: Limit variation from plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3.2 mm in 3.6 m); 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) over total length.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 085314 - COMPOSITE WINDOWS AND DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Fiberglass-framed windows with interior aluminum cladding.
2. Fiberglass-framed sliding door and frame assemblies with interior aluminum cladding.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1. Review, discuss, and coordinate the interrelationship of composite windows and doors with other exterior wall components. Include provisions for anchoring, flashing, weeping, sealing perimeters, and protecting finishes.
2. Review and discuss the sequence of work required to construct a watertight and weathertight exterior building envelope.
3. Inspect and discuss the condition of substrate and other preparatory work performed by other trades.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, hardware, accessories, insect screens, operational clearances, and details of installation, including anchor, flashing, and sealant installation.

C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color specified, 2 by 4 inches (50 by 100 mm) in size.

D. Product Schedule: For composite windows and doors. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

B. Sample Warranties: For manufacturer’s warranties.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer’s Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace composite windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period:

   a. Insulating Glass Unit Seals: 20 years from date of purchase.
   b. Glazing Units: 10 years from date of purchase for stress cracks caused by manufacturing defects.
   c. Hardware and Other Non-Glass Components: 10 years from date of purchase.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain composite windows and doors from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 WINDOW AND DOOR PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

   1. Minimum Performance Class: LC for sliding doors and awning windows; CW for casement and fixed windows.
   2. Minimum Performance Grade: 40 for sliding doors and fixed window units; 45 for awning windows; and 50 for casement windows.

2.3 FIBERGLASS-FRAMED WINDOWS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Marvin Windows & Doors; Modern.

B. Operating Types: Provide the following operating types in locations indicated on Drawings:
   3. Fixed.

C. Frames and Sashes: High-density fiberglass with exposed exterior fiberglass surfaces finished with manufacturer's standard FEVE coating complying with AAMA 625; and interior surfaces clad with extruded aluminum covers.
   2. Interior Finish: Clear anodized aluminum, AAMA 611 Class 1.

D. Window Hardware, General: Provide manufacturer’s standard corrosion-resistant hardware; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock windows, and sized to accommodate sash weight and dimensions.
   1. Exposed Hardware Color and Finish: Silver.

E. Projected Window Hardware:
   1. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Manufacturer’s standard folding crank handle set. Provide operators that function without requiring the removal of interior screens or using screen wickets.
   2. Locks: Manufacturer’s standard lever handle to activate multi-point locks; two per sash for awning windows.

2.4 SLIDING FIBERGLASS-FRAMED GLASS DOORS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Marvin Windows & Doors; Modern.
B. Frames and Door Panels: High-density fiberglass with exposed exterior fiberglass surfaces finished with manufacturer’s standard FEVE coating complying with AAMA 625; and interior surfaces clad with extruded aluminum covers.

2. Interior Finish: Clear anodized aluminum, AAMA 611 Class 1.

C. Door Configuration: Bi-Parting Stacked

D. Door Hardware, General: Provide manufacturer’s standard hardware, fabricated from a corrosion-resistant material compatible with fiberglass and aluminum and designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock sliding fiberglass-framed glass doors.

1. Handle Set: Flush-mounted handles with recessed pull and thumb latch.
2. Inactive Panel Lock: Lever lock to engage top and bottom on inactive panel; black color.
3. Roller Wheels: Two quad rollers per panel, capable of supporting 792 lbs; with composite wheels and stainless-steel bearings, encased in stainless-steel housing

E. Door Hardware Finishes:

2. Interior Finish: Silver.

F. Lock: Manufacturer’s multipoint locking device on each movable panel, lockable from the inside and outside. Adjust locking device to allow unobstructed movement of the panel across adjacent panel in the direction indicated.

1. Operation: Keyed alike.

G. Threshold and Sill/Track: Manufacturer’s standard construction of fiberglass and extruded-aluminum; designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior; with manufacturer’s standard finish.

1. Flush Sill: Manufacturer’s standard sill with overall height of 3/4 inch (19 mm).

2.5 GLAZING

A. Insulating-Glass Units: ASTM E 2190, certified through IGCC as complying with requirements of IGCC.

1. Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type 1, Class 1, q3.
   a. Tint: Clear.
   b. Kind: Fully tempered for doors.
   c. Safety Glazing Labeling: Permanently mark safety glazing with certification label of the SGCC or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Label shall indicate manufacturer’s name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.

2. Lites: Two.
   1. Overall Thickness: 15/16 inch (24 mm).
   2. Filling: Fill space between glass lites with argon.
   3. Low-E Coating: Low E3.

B. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal.

2.6 INSECT SCREENS

A. General: Fabricate insect screens to integrate with window frame. Provide screen for each operable exterior sash. Screen wickets are not permitted.

1. Type and Location: Full, inside for project-out sashes.

B. Aluminum Frames: Complying with SMA 1004 or SMA 1201.

1. Finish for Screen Frames: Baked-on organic coating in color matching exterior finish of windows and doors.

C. Glass-Fiber Mesh Fabric: 18-by-14 (1.1-by-1.4-mm) or 18-by-16 (1.0-by-1.1-mm) mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration. Comply with ASTM D 3656/D 3656M.

1. Mesh Color: Manufacturer's standard.

2.7 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate composite windows and doors in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for installing and anchoring units.

B. Glaze composite windows and doors in the factory.

C. Weather strip each operable sash and door to provide weathertight installation.

D. Mullions: Provide mullions and cover plates, matching window units, complete with anchors for support to structure and installation of window units. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections. Provide mullions and cover plates capable of withstanding design wind loads of window units.

E. Fasteners: Noncorrosive and compatible with window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.

1. Exposed Fasteners: Do not use exposed fasteners to greatest extent possible. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish hardware being fastened.

F. Complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work in the factory to greatest extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Allow for scribing, trimming, and fitting at Project site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, doors, hardware, accessories, and other components. For installation procedures and requirements not addressed in manufacturer's written instructions, comply with installation requirements in ASTM E 2112.
B. Install windows and doors level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction to produce weathertight construction.

C. Adjust operating sashes, doors and hardware for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure.

D. Clean exposed surfaces immediately after installing windows. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.

E. Remove and replace sashes and doors if glass has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 086223 - TUBULAR SKYLIGHTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes: Tubular daylighting units mounted on site-erected curbs.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: For each type of tubular daylighting unit.
   B. Shop Drawings: For tubular daylighting unit work. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and connections to supporting structure and other adjoining work.
   C. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.
   D. Product Schedule: For tubular daylighting units. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Test Reports: For tests performed within the last four years by a qualified testing agency.
   B. Sample warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
   A. Maintenance data.

1.5 WARRANTY
   A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of tubular daylighting units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
      1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TUBULAR DAYLIGHTING UNITS
   A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Solatube International, Inc., Vista CA (solatube.com); SolaMaster® Series, Model 300 DS-C Closed Ceiling.
   B. Tubular Daylighting Units: Provide assemblies that include glazed dome, integral roof flashing, dome ring with condensation gutter, and reflective metal tubing; designed to capture natural sunlight and direct it into building interior spaces.
      1. Roof Dome: Manufacturer’s standard, injection-molded, impact-resistant acrylic formulated with UV absorber, 0.125-inch (3.18-mm) thick; with light transmission not less than 92 percent.
2. Curb-Mounted Flashing: Manufacturer’s standard, powdercoated metal flashing, suitable for installation in roof type indicated.

3. Reflective Metal Tubing: Fabricated from aluminum sheet not less than 0.15-inch (3.81-mm) thick, with high reflectance specular finish on exposed surfaces; including top, bottom and extension tubes to produce configurations indicated.


5. Diffuser Lens: L2; prismatic diffuser.

C. Site-Built Curb: As indicated.

D. Unit Shape and Size: 14-inch (350-mm) diameter.

E. Condensation Control: Fabricate units with integral condensation gutters and nonclogging weeps to collect and drain condensation to the exterior.

F. Fasteners: Same metal as metal being fastened, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or other noncorrosive metal as recommended by manufacturer. Finish exposed fasteners to match material being fastened.

1. Where removal of exterior exposed fasteners might allow access to building, provide nonremovable fastener heads.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Coordinate installation of tubular daylighting unit with installation of substrates, vapor retarders, roof insulation, roofing membrane, and flashing as required to ensure that each element of the Work performs properly and that combined elements are waterproof and weathertight.

B. Comply with recommendations in AAMA 1607 and with manufacturer’s written instructions for installing tubular daylighting units.

C. Where aluminum surfaces of tubular daylighting units will contact another metal or corrosive substrates, such as preservative-treated wood, apply bituminous coating on concealed metal surfaces or provide other approved permanent separation recommended in writing by tubular daylighting unit manufacturer.
SECTION 087100 – DOOR HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes commercial door hardware for the following:
   1. Swinging doors.
   2. Sliding doors.
   3. Other doors to the extent indicated.

B. Door hardware includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:
   1. Mechanical door hardware.
   2. Cylinders specified for doors in other sections.

C. Related Sections:
   1. Division 08 Section “Door Schedule”.
   2. Division 08 Section “Hollow Metal Doors and Frames”.
   3. Division 08 Section “Flush Wood Doors”.
   4. Division 08 Section “Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts”.

D. Codes and References: Comply with the version year adopted by the Authority Having Jurisdiction.
   6. NFPA 105 - Installation of Smoke Door Assemblies.
   7. State Building Codes, Local Amendments.

E. Standards: All hardware specified herein shall comply with the following industry standards:
   1. ANSI/BHMA Certified Product Standards - A156 Series
   2. UL10C – Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Manufacturer's product data sheets including installation details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, operational descriptions and finishes.
B. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate the final Door Hardware Schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.

1. Format: Comply with scheduling sequence and vertical format in DHI’s "Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule."

2. Organization: Organize the Door Hardware Schedule into door hardware sets indicating complete designations of every item required for each door or opening. Organize door hardware sets in same order as in the Door Hardware Sets at the end of Part 3. Submittals that do not follow the same format and order as the Door Hardware Sets will be rejected and subject to resubmission.

3. Content: Include the following information:
   a. Type, style, function, size, label, hand, and finish of each door hardware item.
   b. Manufacturer of each item.
   c. Fastenings and other pertinent information.
   d. Location of door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings, both on floor plans and in door and frame schedule.
   e. Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
   f. Mounting locations for door hardware.
   g. Door and frame sizes and materials.
   h. Warranty information for each product.

4. Submittal Sequence: Submit the final Door Hardware Schedule at earliest possible date, particularly where approval of the Door Hardware Schedule must precede fabrication of other work that is critical in the Project construction schedule. Include Product Data, Samples, Shop Drawings of other work affected by door hardware, and other information essential to the coordinated review of the Door Hardware Schedule.

C. Keying Schedule: After a keying meeting with the owner has taken place prepare a separate keying schedule detailing final instructions. Submit the keying schedule in electronic format. Include keying system explanation, door numbers, key set symbols, hardware set numbers and special instructions. Owner must approve submitted keying schedule prior to the ordering of permanent cylinders/cores.

D. Informational Submittals:

1. Product Test Reports: Indicating compliance with cycle testing requirements, based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified independent testing agency.

E. Operating and Maintenance Manuals: Provide manufacturers operating and maintenance manuals for each item comprising the complete door hardware installation in quantity as required in Division 01, Closeout Submittals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturers Qualifications: Engage qualified manufacturers with a minimum 5 years of documented experience in producing hardware and equipment similar to that indicated for this Project and that have a proven record of successful in-service performance.
B. Installer Qualifications: A minimum 3 years documented experience installing both standard and electrified door hardware similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

C. Door Hardware Supplier Qualifications: Experienced commercial door hardware distributors with a minimum 5 years documented experience supplying both mechanical and electromechanical hardware installations comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project. Supplier recognized as a factory direct distributor by the manufacturers of the primary materials with a warehousing facility in Project's vicinity. Supplier to have on staff a certified Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and Owner concerning both standard and electromechanical door hardware and keying.

D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type and variety of door hardware specified in this section from a single source unless otherwise indicated.
   1. Electrified modifications or enhancements made to a source manufacturer's product line by a secondary or third party source will not be accepted.

E. Each unit to bear third party permanent label demonstrating compliance with the referenced standards.

F. Keying Conference: Conduct conference to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Meetings." Keying conference to incorporate the following criteria into the final keying schedule document:
   1. Function of building, purpose of each area and degree of security required.
   2. Plans for existing and future key system expansion.
   3. Requirements for key control storage and software.
   4. Installation of permanent keys, cylinder cores and software.
   5. Address and requirements for delivery of keys.

G. Pre-Submittal Conference: Conduct coordination conference in compliance with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Meetings" with attendance by representatives of Supplier(s), Installer(s), and Contractor(s) to review proper methods and the procedures for receiving, handling, and installing door hardware.
   1. Prior to installation of door hardware, conduct a project specific training meeting to instruct the installing contractors' personnel on the proper installation and adjustment of their respective products. Product training to be attended by installers of door hardware (including electromechanical hardware) for aluminum, hollow metal and wood doors. Training will include the use of installation manuals, hardware schedules, templates and physical product samples as required.
   2. Inspect and discuss electrical roughing-in, power supply connections, and other preparatory work performed by other trades.
   3. Review sequence of operation narratives for each unique access controlled opening.
   4. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials.
   5. Review the required inspecting, testing, commissioning, and demonstration procedures

H. At completion of installation, provide written documentation that components were applied to manufacturer's instructions and recommendations and according to approved schedule.
1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up and shelving for door hardware delivered to Project site. Do not store electronic access control hardware, software or accessories at Project site without prior authorization.

B. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the final Door Hardware Schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.

C. Deliver, as applicable, permanent keys, cylinders, cores, access control credentials, software and related accessories directly to Owner via registered mail or overnight package service. Instructions for delivery to the Owner shall be established at the "Keying Conference".

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for installing standard and electrified hardware. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing hardware to comply with indicated requirements.

B. Door and Frame Preparation: Doors and corresponding frames are to be prepared, reinforced and pre-wired (if applicable) to receive the installation of the specified electrified, monitoring, signaling and access control system hardware without additional in-field modifications.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. General Warranty: Reference Division 01, General Requirements. Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.

B. Warranty Period: Written warranty, executed by manufacturer(s), agreeing to repair or replace components of standard and electrified door hardware that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period after final acceptance by the Owner. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
2. Faulty operation of the hardware.
3. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
4. Electrical component defects and failures within the systems operation.

C. Standard Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Special Warranty Periods:
   1. Seven years for heavy duty cylindrical (bored) locks and latches.
   2. Five years for exit hardware.
   3. Twenty five years for manual surface door closer bodies.
1.8 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

A. General: Provide door hardware for each door to comply with requirements in Door Hardware Sets and each referenced section that products are to be supplied under.

B. Designations: Requirements for quantity, item, size, finish or color, grade, function, and other distinctive qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated in the Door Hardware Sets at the end of Part 3. Products are identified by using door hardware designations, as follows:

1. Named Manufacturer's Products: Product designation and manufacturer are listed for each door hardware type required for the purpose of establishing requirements. Manufacturers' names are abbreviated in the Door Hardware Schedule.

C. Substitutions: Requests for substitution and product approval for inclusive mechanical and electromechanical door hardware in compliance with the specifications must be submitted in writing and in accordance with the procedures and time frames outlined in Division 01, Substitution Procedures. Approval of requests is at the discretion of the architect, owner, and their designated consultants.

2.2 HANGING DEVICES

A. Hinges: ANSI/BHMA A156.1 certified butt hinges with number of hinge knuckles and other options as specified in the Door Hardware Sets.

1. Quantity: Provide the following hinge quantity:

   a. Two Hinges: For doors with heights up to 60 inches.
   b. Three Hinges: For doors with heights 61 to 90 inches.
   c. Four Hinges: For doors with heights 91 to 120 inches.
   d. For doors with heights more than 120 inches, provide 4 hinges, plus 1 hinge for every 30 inches of door height greater than 120 inches.

2. Hinge Size: Provide the following, unless otherwise indicated, with hinge widths sized for door thickness and clearances required:

   a. Widths up to 3’0”: 4-1/2” standard or heavy weight as specified.
   b. Sizes from 3’1” to 4’0”: 5” standard or heavy weight as specified.

3. Hinge Weight and Base Material: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:

   a. Exterior Doors: Heavy weight, non-ferrous, ball bearing or oil impregnated bearing hinges unless Hardware Sets indicate standard weight.
b. Interior Doors: Standard weight, steel, ball bearing or oil impregnated bearing hinges unless Hardware Sets indicate heavy weight.

4. Hinge Options: Comply with the following:
   a. Non-removable Pins: Provide set screw in hinge barrel that, when tightened into a groove in hinge pin, prevents removal of pin while door is closed; for the all out-swinging lockable doors.

5. Manufacturers:
   a. McKinney Products; ASSA ABLOY Architectural Door Accessories (MK) - TA Series.

B. Sliding and Folding Door Hardware: Hardware is to be of type and design as specified and should comply with ANSI/BHMA A156.14.
   1. Pocket Sliding Door Hardware: Rated for doors weighing up to 200 lb.
   2. Manufacturers:
      a. Hafele Manufacturing (HF).
      b. Johnson Hardware (JO).
      c. Pemko Products; ASSA ABLOY Architectural Door Accessories (PE).

2.3 DOOR OPERATING TRIM

A. Flush Bolts and Surface Bolts: ANSI/BHMA A156.3 and A156.16, Grade 1, certified.
   1. Flush bolts to be furnished with top rod of sufficient length to allow bolt retraction device location approximately six feet from the floor.
   2. Furnish dust proof strikes for bottom bolts.
   3. Surface bolts to be minimum 8” in length and U.L. listed for labeled fire doors and U.L. listed for windstorm components where applicable.
   4. Provide related accessories (mounting brackets, strikes, coordinators, etc.) as required for appropriate installation and operation.

5. Manufacturers:
   a. Rockwood Products; ASSA ABLOY Architectural Door Accessories (RO).
   b. Trimco (TC).

B. Door Push Plates and Pulls: ANSI/BHMA A156.6 certified door pushes and pulls of type and design specified in the Hardware Sets. Coordinate and provide proper width and height as required where conflicting hardware dictates.
   1. Push/Pull Plates: Minimum .050 inch thick, size as indicated in hardware sets, with beveled edges, secured with exposed screws unless otherwise indicated.
   2. Door Pull and Push Bar Design: Size, shape, and material as indicated in the hardware sets. Minimum clearance of 2 1/2-inches from face of door unless otherwise indicated.
   3. Offset Pull Design: Size, shape, and material as indicated in the hardware sets. Minimum clearance of 2 1/2-inches from face of door and offset of 90 degrees unless otherwise indicated.
   4. Fasteners: Provide manufacturer’s designated fastener type as indicated in Hardware Sets.
5. Manufacturers:
   a. Rockwood Products; ASSA ABLOY Architectural Door Accessories (RO).
   b. Trimco (TC).

2.4 CYLINDERS AND KEYING

A. General: Cylinder manufacturer to have minimum (10) years experience designing secured master key systems and have on record a published security keying system policy.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of keyed cylinder and keys from the same source manufacturer as locksets and exit devices, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Cylinders: Original manufacturer cylinders complying with the following:
   1. Mortise Type: Threaded cylinders with rings and cams to suit hardware application.
   2. Rim Type: Cylinders with back plate, flat-type vertical or horizontal tailpiece, and raised trim ring.
   3. Bored-Lock Type: Cylinders with tailpieces to suit locks.
   4. Mortise and rim cylinder collars to be solid and recessed to allow the cylinder face to be flush and be free spinning with matching finishes.
   5. Keyway: Manufacturer’s Standard.

D. Permanent Cores: Manufacturer's standard; finish face to match lockset; complying with the following:
   1. Interchangeable Cores: Core insert, removable by use of a special key; usable with other manufacturers' cylinders.
   2. Removable Cores: Core insert, removable by use of a special key, and for use with only the core manufacturer's cylinder and door hardware. Provide removable core (small or large format) as specified in Hardware Sets.

E. Security Cylinders: ANSI/BHMA A156.5, Grade 1, patterned security cylinders and keys able to be used together under the same facility master or grandmaster key system. Cylinders are to be factory keyed.
   1. Manufacturers:
      a. Corbin Russwin (RU) - Pyramid PS Series.
      b. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) - Signature Series.

F. Keying System: Each type of lock and cylinders to be factory keyed.
   1. Conduct specified "Keying Conference" to define and document keying system instructions and requirements.
   2. Furnish factory cut, nickel-silver large bow permanently inscribed with a visual key control number as directed by Owner.
   3. New System: Key locks to a new key system as directed by the Owner.

G. Key Quantity: Provide the following minimum number of keys:
   1. Change Keys per Cylinder: Three (3).
   2. Master Keys (per Master Key Level/Group): Five (5).
   4. Construction Control Keys (where required): Two (2).
5. **Permanent Control Keys (where required): Two (2).**

H. **Construction Keying:** Provide construction master keyed cylinders.

I. **Key Registration List (Bitting List):**
   1. Provide keying transcript list to Owner’s representative in the proper format for importing into key control software.
   2. Provide transcript list in writing or electronic file as directed by the Owner.

J. **Key Control Cabinet:** Provide a key control system including envelopes, labels, and tags with self-locking key clips, receipt forms, 3-way visible card index, temporary markers, permanent markers, and standard metal cabinet. Key control cabinet shall have expansion capacity of 150% of the number of locks required for the project.
   1. **Manufacturers:**
      a. Lund Equipment (LU).
      b. MMF Industries (MM).
      c. Telkee (TK).

2.5 **MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHING DEVICES**

A. **Cylindrical Locksets, Grade 1 (Heavy Duty): ANSI/BHMA A156.2, Series 4000, Grade 1 certified.**
   1. Furnish with solid cast levers, standard 2 3/4” backset, and 1/2" (3/4" at rated paired openings) throw brass or stainless steel latchbolt.
   2. Locks are to be non-handed and fully field reversible.
   3. Extended cycle test: Locks to have been cycle tested in ordinance with ANSI/BHMA 156.2 requirements to 2 million cycles.
   4. **Manufacturers:**
      a. Corbin Russwin Hardware (RU) – CL3300 Series.
      b. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) – 10 Line.

2.6 **STAND ALONE ACCESS CONTROL LOCKING DEVICES**

A. **Stand Alone Electronic Keypad Locksets**: Internal, battery-powered, self-contained ANSI Grade 1 mortise or cylindrical lock consisting of electronically motor driven locking mechanism and integrated keypad without requirements for separate electronic programming devices. Locks to accept standard, interchangeable (removable) core, security and high security override cylinders. Provide keypad locks with a minimum 100 user codes furnished standard with 6 "AA" batteries and non-volatile memory.
   1. **Energy Efficient Design:** Provide lock bodies which have a holding current draw of 15mA maximum, and can operate on either 12 or 24 volts. Locks are to be field configurable for fail safe or fail secure operation.
   2. **Manufacturers:**
a. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) - KP Series.
b. Dormakaba Architectural Hardware (DO) – Simples Series.

2.7 LOCK AND LATCH STRIKES

A. Strikes: Provide manufacturer’s standard strike with strike box for each latch or lock bolt, with curved lip extended to protect frame, finished to match door hardware set, unless otherwise indicated, and as follows:

1. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.
2. Extra-Long-Lip Strikes: For locks used on frames with applied wood casing trim.
3. Aluminum-Frame Strike Box: Provide manufacturer’s special strike box fabricated for aluminum framing.
4. Double-lipped strikes: For locks at double acting doors. Furnish with retractable stop for rescue hardware applications.

B. Standards: Comply with the following:

2. Strikes for Bored Locks and Latches: BHMA A156.2.
3. Strikes for Auxiliary Deadlocks: BHMA A156.36.
4. Dustproof Strikes: BHMA A156.16.

2.8 CONVENTIONAL EXIT DEVICES

A. General Requirements: All exit devices specified herein shall meet or exceed the following criteria:

1. At doors not requiring a fire rating, provide devices complying with NFPA 101 and listed and labeled for "Panic Hardware" according to UL305. Provide proper fasteners as required by manufacturer including sex nuts and bolts at openings specified in the Hardware Sets.
2. Where exit devices are required on fire rated doors, provide devices complying with NFPA 80 and with UL labeling indicating "Fire Exit Hardware". Provide devices with the proper fasteners for installation as tested and listed by UL. Consult manufacturer’s catalog and template book for specific requirements.
3. Except on fire rated doors, provide exit devices with hex key dogging device to hold the pushbar and latch in a retracted position. Provide optional keyed cylinder dogging on devices where specified in Hardware Sets.
4. Devices must fit flat against the door face with no gap that permits unauthorized dogging of the push bar. The addition of filler strips is required in any case where the door light extends behind the device as in a full glass configuration.
5. Flush End Caps: Provide flush end caps made of architectural metal in the same finish as the devices as in the Hardware Sets. Plastic end caps will not be acceptable.
a. Lock Trim Design: As indicated in Hardware Sets, provide finishes and designs to match that of the specified locksets.

b. Where function of exit device requires a cylinder, provide a cylinder (Rim or Mortise) as specified in Hardware Sets.

7. Vertical Rod Exit Devices: Where surface or concealed vertical rod exit devices are used at interior openings, provide as less bottom rod (LBR) unless otherwise indicated. Provide dust proof strikes where thermal pins are required to project into the floor.

8. Narrow Stile Applications: At doors constructed with narrow stiles, or as specified in Hardware Sets, provide devices designed for maximum 2” wide stiles.


10. Extended cycle test: Devices to have been cycle tested in ordinance with ANSI/BHMA 156.3 requirements to 9 million cycles.

11. Rail Sizing: Provide exit device rails factory sized for proper door width application.

12. Through Bolt Installation: For exit devices and trim as indicated in Door Hardware Sets.

B. Conventional Push Rail Exit Devices (Heavy Duty): ANSI/BHMA A156.3, Grade 1 certified panic and fire exit hardware devices furnished in the functions specified in the Hardware Sets. Exit device latch to be stainless steel, pullman type, with deadlock feature.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Corbin Russwin Hardware (RU) - ED4000 / ED5000 Series.
   b. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) - 80 Series.

C. Extruded Aluminum Removable Mullions: ANSI/BHMA A156.3 anodized, removable mullions with malleable-iron top and bottom retainers. Mullions to be provided standard with stabilizers and imbedded weatherstrip.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) - 980/980A Series.

2.9 DOOR CLOSERS

A. All door closers specified herein shall meet or exceed the following criteria:

1. General: Door closers to be from one manufacturer, matching in design and style, with the same type door preparations and templates regardless of application or spring size. Closers to be non-handed with full sized covers including installation and adjusting information on inside of cover.

2. Standards: Closers to comply with UL-10C for Positive Pressure Fire Test and be U.L. listed for use of fire rated doors.

3. Cycle Testing: Provide closers which have surpassed 15 million cycles in a test witnessed and verified by UL.
4. Size of Units: Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for sizing of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Where closers are indicated for doors required to be accessible to the physically handicapped, provide units complying with ANSI ICC/A117.1.

5. Closer Arms: Provide heavy duty, forged steel closer arms unless otherwise indicated in Hardware Sets.

6. Closers shall not be installed on exterior or corridor side of doors; where possible install closers on door for optimum aesthetics.

7. Closer Accessories: Provide door closer accessories including custom templates, special mounting brackets, spacers and drop plates as required for proper installation. Provide through-bolt and security type fasteners as specified in the hardware sets.

B. Door Closers, Surface Mounted (Heavy Duty): ANSI/BHMA A156.4, Grade 1 surface mounted, heavy duty door closers with complete spring power adjustment, sizes 1 thru 6; and fully operational adjustable according to door size, frequency of use, and opening force. Closers to be rack and pinion type, one piece cast iron or aluminum alloy body construction, with adjustable backcheck and separate non-critical valves for closing sweep and latch speed control. Provide non-handed units standard.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) - 351 Series.
   b. Norton Door Controls (NO) - 7500 Series.

2.10 ARCHITECTURAL TRIM

A. Door Protective Trim

1. General: Door protective trim units to be of type and design as specified below or in the Hardware Sets.

2. Size: Fabricate protection plates (kick, armor, or mop) not more than 2" less than door width (LDW) on stop side of single doors and 1" LDW on stop side of pairs of doors, and not more than 1" less than door width on pull side. Coordinate and provide proper width and height as required where conflicting hardware dictates. Height to be as specified in the Hardware Sets.

3. Where plates are applied to fire rated doors with the top of the plate more than 16” above the bottom of the door, provide plates complying with NFPA 80. Consult manufacturer’s catalog and template book for specific requirements for size and applications.

4. Protection Plates: ANSI/BHMA A156.6 certified protection plates (kick, armor, or mop), fabricated from the following:
   a. Stainless Steel: 300 grade, 050-inch thick.

5. Options and fasteners: Provide manufacturer's designated fastener type as specified in the Hardware Sets. Provide countersunk screw holes.

6. Manufacturers:
2.11 DOOR STOPS AND HOLDERS

A. General: Door stops and holders to be of type and design as specified below or in the Hardware Sets.

B. Door Stops and Bumpers: ANSI/BHMA A156.16, Grade 1 certified door stops and wall bumpers. Provide wall bumpers, either convex or concave types with anchorage as indicated, unless floor or other types of door stops are specified in Hardware Sets. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic. Where floor or wall bumpers are not appropriate, provide overhead type stops and holders.

   1. Manufacturers:
      a. Rockwood Products; ASSA ABLOY Architectural Door Accessories (RO).
      b. Trimco (TC).

C. Overhead Door Stops and Holders: ANSI/BHMA A156.6, Grade 1 certified overhead stops and holders to be surface or concealed types as indicated in Hardware Sets. Track, slide, arm and jamb bracket to be constructed of extruded bronze and shock absorber spring of heavy tempered steel. Provide non-handed design with mounting brackets as required for proper operation and function.

   1. Manufacturers:
      a. Rixson Door Controls (RF).
      b. Sargent Manufacturing (SA).

2.12 ARCHITECTURAL SEALS

A. General: Thresholds, weatherstripping, and gasket seals to be of type and design as specified below or in the Hardware Sets. Provide continuous weatherstrip gasketing on exterior doors and provide smoke, light, or sound gasketing on interior doors where indicated. At exterior applications provide non-corrosive fasteners and elsewhere where indicated.

B. Smoke Labeled Gasketing: Assemblies complying with NFPA 105 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for smoke control ratings indicated, based on testing according to UL 1784.

   1. Provide smoke labeled perimeter gasketing at all smoke labeled openings.

C. Fire Labeled Gasketing: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to UL-10C.

   1. Provide intumescent seals as indicated to meet UL10C Standard for Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies, and NPFA 252, Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.

D. Sound-Rated Gasketing: Assemblies that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency, for sound ratings indicated.
E. Replaceable Seal Strips: Provide only those units where resilient or flexible seal strips are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.

F. Manufacturers:
   1. National Guard Products (NG).
   2. Pemko Products; ASSA ABLOY Architectural Door Accessories (PE).

2.13 ELECTRONIC ACCESSORIES

A. Door Position Switches: Door position magnetic reed contract switches specifically designed for use in commercial door applications. On recessed models the contract and magnetic housing snap-lock into a 1” diameter hole. Surface mounted models include wide gap distance design compete with armored flex cabling. Provide SPDT, N/O switches with optional Rare Earth Magnet installation on steel doors with flush top channels.

   I. Manufacturers:
      a. Security Door Controls (SD) – DPS Series.
      b. Securitron (SU) – DPS Series

B. Power Supplies: Provide Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Listed 12VDC or 24VDC (field selectable) filtered and regulated power supplies. Include battery backup option with integral battery charging capability in addition to operating the DC load in event of line voltage failure. Provide the least number of units, at the appropriate level, sufficient to exceed the required total draw for the specified electrified hardware and access control equipment.

   I. Manufacturers:
      a. Sargent Manufacturing (SA) – 3500 Series.
      b. Securitron (SU) – BPS Series.

2.14 FABRICATION

A. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates generally prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws according to manufacturers recognized installation standards for application intended.

2.15 FINISHES

A. Standard: Designations used in the Hardware Sets and elsewhere indicate hardware finishes complying with ANSI/BHMA A156.18, including coordination with traditional U.S. finishes indicated by certain manufacturers for their products.
B. Provide quality of finish, including thickness of plating or coating (if any), composition, hardness, and other qualities complying with manufacturer's standards, but in no case less than specified by referenced standards for the applicable units of hardware.

C. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine scheduled openings, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Notify architect of any discrepancies or conflicts between the door schedule, door types, drawings and scheduled hardware. Proceed only after such discrepancies or conflicts have been resolved in writing.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Hollow Metal Doors and Frames: Comply with ANSI/DHI A115 series.


3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install each item of mechanical and electromechanical hardware and access control equipment to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and according to specifications.

1. Installers are to be trained and certified by the manufacturer on the proper installation and adjustment of fire, life safety, and security products including: hanging devices; locking devices; closing devices; and seals.

B. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated in following applicable publications, unless specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations:

2. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
3. Where indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with ANSI A117.1 "Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities."
4. Provide blocking in drywall partitions where wall stops or other wall mounted hardware is located.

C. Retrofitting: Install door hardware to comply with manufacturer's published templates and written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of
surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division 9 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.

D. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior and acoustical doors in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

E. Storage: Provide a secure lock up for hardware delivered to the project but not yet installed. Control the handling and installation of hardware items so that the completion of the work will not be delayed by hardware losses before and after installation.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Field Inspection: Supplier will perform a final inspection of installed door hardware and state in report whether work complies with or deviates from requirements, including whether door hardware is properly installed, operating and adjusted.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Protect all hardware stored on construction site in a covered and dry place. Protect exposed hardware installed on doors during the construction phase. Install any and all hardware at the latest possible time frame.

B. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.

C. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper finish. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of owner occupancy.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

A. Instruct Owner’s maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain mechanical and electromechanical door hardware.

3.8 DOOR HARDWARE SETS

A. The hardware sets represent the design intent and direction of the owner and architect. They are a guideline only and should not be considered a detailed hardware schedule. Discrepancies, conflicting hardware and missing items should be brought to the attention of the architect with corrections made prior to the bidding process. Omitted items not included in a hardware set should be scheduled with the appropriate additional hardware required for proper application and functionality.
B. The supplier is responsible for handing and sizing all products and providing the correct option for the appropriate door type and material where more than one is presented in the hardware sets. Quantities listed are for each pair of doors, or for each single door.

C. Manufacturer’s Abbreviations:

1. MK - McKinney
2. JO - Johnson Hardware
3. RO - Rockwood
4. SA - SARGENT
5. DO - dormakaba Arch Hdw
6. HS - HES
7. TC - Trimco
8. RF - Rixson
9. PE - Pemko
10. OT - OTHER
11. SU - Securitron

### Hardware Sets

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**Set: 4.0**

Doors: 117-2

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**Set: 5.0**

Doors: 146-2

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City of Santa Fe
Fire Department Station No. 2
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020
AOS Architects

UNIT PRICES

012200 - 17
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<td>Exit Device (storeroom)</td>
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<td>Surface Closer/Stop</td>
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<td>SA</td>
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**Set: 6.0 (NOT IN USE)**

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<td>Dust Proof Strike</td>
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<td>RO</td>
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<td>Flush Bolt</td>
<td>555/557</td>
<td>US26D</td>
<td>RO</td>
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**Set: 8.0 (NOT IN USE)**


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**Set: 9.0**

Doors: 144-1, wt

City of Santa Fe
Fire Department Station No. 2
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020
AOS Architects

UNIT PRICES

012200 - 18
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<td>Surface Closer/Stop</td>
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<td>Sweep</td>
<td>315CN</td>
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<td>Exit Device (classroom)</td>
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<td>Surface Closer/Stop</td>
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### Set: 10.0

Doors: 139E-1

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<td>Office Lock</td>
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<td>Wall Stop</td>
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### Set: 11.0 (NOT IN USE)

Doors: 112T-1

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<td>Wall Stop</td>
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<tr>
<td>Silencer</td>
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<td>RO</td>
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<td>10 21 28 10G05 LL</td>
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<td>Wall Stop</td>
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### Set: 12.0

Doors: 104-1

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<td>Surf Overhead Stop</td>
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### Set: 13.0

Doors: 113M-1

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### Set: 14.0

Doors: 113M-1

City of Santa Fe  
Fire Department Station No. 2  
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020  
AOS Architects  

UNIT PRICES  

012200 - 19
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<td>1 Classroom Lock</td>
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<td>2 Wall Stop</td>
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**Set: 15.0**

Doors: 103J-1

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**Set: 16.0**

Doors: 114E-1, 126A-1

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<td>1 Surf Overhead Stop</td>
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**Set: 17.0**

Doors: 102R-1, 129R-1, 130R-1

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**Set: 18.0**

Doors: 127R-1, 128R-1, 134R-1, 135R-1

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**Set: 19.0 (NOT IN USE)**

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City of Santa Fe
Fire Department Station No. 2
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020
AOS Architects

UNIT PRICES

012200 - 20
2 Dust Proof Strike 570 US26D RO
1 Flush Bolt 555/557 US26D RO
1 Passage Latch 28 10U15 LL US26D SA
2 Wall Stop 409 US26D RO
2 Silencer 608 RO

Set: 20.0

Doors: 145-1

6 Hinge TA2714 (size/NRP as required) US26D MK
2 Dust Proof Strike 570 US26D RO
1 Flush Bolt 555/557 US26D RO
1 Passage Latch 28 10U15 LL US26D SA
2 Surf Overhead Hold Open 10-X26 652 RF
1 Astragal 355CS PE
2 Silencer 608 RO

Set: 21.0

Doors: 137A-1, 137B-1, 140-1

6 Hinge TA2714 (size/NRP as required) US26D MK
2 Dust Proof Strike 570 US26D RO
1 Flush Bolt 555/557 US26D RO
1 Passage Latch 28 10U15 LL US26D SA
2 Surf Overhead Hold Open 10-X26 652 RF
1 Gasketing 588D PE
1 Astragal 355CS PE

Set: 22.0 (NOT IN USE)

3 Hinge TA2714 (size/NRP as required) US26D MK
1 Passage Latch 28 10U15 LL US26D SA
1 Wall Stop 409 US26D RO
3 Silencer 608 RO

Set: 22.1

Doors: 141-2

3 Hinge TA2714 (size/NRP as required) US26D MK
1 Passage Latch 28 10U15 LL US26D SA
1 Surf Overhead Stop 10-X36 652 RF
3 Silencer 608 RO

City of Santa Fe
Fire Department Station No. 2
Issued for Bid 03.10.2020
AOS Architects

UNIT PRICES

012200 - 21
### Set: 23.0
Doors: 118-1, 119-1, 120-1, 121-1, 122-1, 123-1

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**Set: 28.0**

Doors: 111-1

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**Set: 29.0**

Doors: 115-1

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Doors: 105-01, 106-01

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<tr>
<td>Track</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>200PD Super Duty</td>
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<td>Pull</td>
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<td>1069, ADA, non-latching</td>
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**Set: 31.0**

Doors: 155-3

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**Set: 32.0**

Doors: 137-1, 137-2, 137-3, 137-5, 137-6, 137-7

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<tr>
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Set: 33.0
Doors: 103J-2, Q-1, R-1, S-1

1 Padlock 10 21 758 as required SA
1 Balance of Hardware By Roof Hatch Mfg. OT

Set: 34.0
Doors: 151-1

1 Storeroom Lock 10 21 28 10G04 LL US26D SA
1 Balance of Hardware By Gate Mfg. OT

Set: 35.0
Doors: 154-1, 154-3

1 Key Pad Lock KABA Simplex L1000 Series w/ Privacy US26D DO
1 Balance of Hardware By Gate Mfg. OT

Set: 36.0
Doors: 154-2, 154-4, 155-2

1 Padlock 10 21 758 as required SA
1 Balance of Hardware By Gate Mfg. OT

END OF SECTION 087100
SECTION 088000 - GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Glass products.
2. Laminated glass.
3. Insulating glass.
5. Glazing tapes.

1.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate glazing channel dimensions to provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Glass Samples: For each type of glass product other than clear monolithic vision glass; 12 inches (300 mm) square.

C. Glazing Schedule: List glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For glass indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Certificates: For glass.

B. Product Test Reports: For tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

C. Preconstruction adhesion and compatibility test report.

D. Sample warranties.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C1021 to conduct the testing indicated.
1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

A. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Test each glass product, tape sealant, gasket, glazing accessory, and glass-framing member for adhesion to and compatibility with elastomeric glazing sealants.

1. Testing is not required if data are submitted based on previous testing of current sealant products and glazing materials matching those submitted.
2. Use ASTM C1087 to determine whether priming and other specific joint-preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of glazing sealants to glass, tape sealants, gaskets, and glazing channel substrates.
3. Test no fewer than eight Samples of each type of material, including joint substrates, shims, sealant backings, secondary seals, and miscellaneous materials.
4. Schedule enough time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
5. For materials failing tests, submit sealant manufacturer’s written instructions for corrective measures including use of specially formulated primers.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer’s Special Warranty for Laminated Glass: Manufacturer agrees to replace laminated-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of laminated glass is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer’s written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.

1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Manufacturer’s Special Warranty for Insulating Glass: Manufacturer agrees to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of insulating glass is defined as failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer’s written instructions. Evidence of failure is obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design glazing.

B. Structural Performance: Glazing shall withstand the following design loads within limits and under conditions indicated determined in accordance with the IBC and ASTM E1300:

1. Design Wind Pressures: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Differential Shading: Design glass to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading within individual glass lites.

C. Safety Glazing: Where safety glazing is indicated, provide glazing that complies with 16 CFR 1201, Category II.
2.2 **GLASS PRODUCTS, GENERAL**

A. **Glazing Publications:** Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below unless more stringent requirements are indicated. See these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.


B. **Safety Glazing Labeling:** Where safety glazing is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of the SGCC or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Label shall indicate manufacturer’s name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.

C. **Insulating-Glass Certification Program:** Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the IGCC.

D. **Thickness:** Where glass thickness is indicated, it is a minimum. Provide glass that complies with performance requirements and is not less than thickness indicated.

E. **Strength:** Where annealed float glass is indicated, provide annealed float glass, heat-strengthened float glass, or fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where heat-strengthened float glass is indicated, provide heat-strengthened float glass or fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where fully tempered float glass is indicated, provide fully tempered float glass.

2.3 **GLASS PRODUCTS**

A. **Clear Annealed Float Glass:** ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1 (clear), Quality-Q3.

B. **Fully Tempered Float Glass:** ASTM C1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.

1. **Fabrication Process:** By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed unless otherwise indicated.

C. **Heat-Strengthened Float Glass:** ASTM C1048, Kind HS (heat strengthened), Type I, Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.

1. **Fabrication Process:** By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 **LAMINATED GLASS**

A. **Laminated Glass:** ASTM C1172. Use materials that have a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after fabrication and installation.

1. **Construction:** Laminate glass with polyvinyl butyral interlayer to comply with interlayer manufacturer’s written instructions.
2. **Interlayer Thickness:** Provide thickness not less than that indicated and as needed to comply with requirements.
2.5 **INSULATING GLASS**

A. Insulating-Glass Units: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, qualified in accordance with ASTM E2190.

1. Sealing System: Dual seal, with manufacturer’s standard primary and secondary sealants.
2. Perimeter Spacer: Aluminum with black, color anodic finish.
3. Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or a blend of both.

2.6 **GLAZING SEALANTS**

A. General:

1. Compatibility: Compatible with one another and with other materials they contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
3. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range of industry colors.

2.7 **GLAZING TAPES**

A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:

1. AAMA 804.3 tape, where indicated.
2. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
3. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.

B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:

1. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as primary sealant.
2. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

2.8 **MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS**

A. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.

B. Setting Blocks: Type recommended in writing by sealant or glass manufacturer.

C. Spacers: Type recommended in writing by sealant or glass manufacturer.

D. Edge Blocks: Type recommended in writing by sealant or glass manufacturer.

E. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GLAZING, GENERAL

A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.

B. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass includes glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass, impair performance, or impair appearance.

C. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction testing.

D. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.

E. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.

F. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches (1270 mm).

G. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and in accordance with requirements in referenced glazing publications.

3.2 TAPE GLAZING

A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.

B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.

C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first, then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs, then to heads and sills.

D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.

E. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant unless otherwise indicated.

F. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.

G. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape at locations where fixed stop is located on exterior.
3.3 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

A. Cut compression gaskets to lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.

B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.

C. Installation with Drive-in Wedge Gaskets: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer.

D. Installation with Pressure-Glazing Stops: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against soft compression gasket. Install dense compression gaskets and pressure-glazing stops, applying pressure uniformly to compression gaskets. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer.

E. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

3.4 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.

B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.

C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Immediately after installation, remove nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.

B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations.

1. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer. Remove and replace glass that cannot be cleaned without damage to coatings.

C. Remove and replace glass that is damaged during construction period.

D. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.
3.6 GLASS SCHEDULE

A. Glass Type GL-1: Clear annealed float glass.
   1. Minimum Thickness: 6 mm.

B. Glass Type GL-2: Clear fully tempered float glass.
   1. Minimum Thickness: 6 mm.
   2. Safety glazing required.

C. Glass Type GL-3: Insulating glass specified in Section 085313 “Composite Windows and Doors.”

D. Glass Type GL-4: Low-E-coated, clear insulating glass.
   2. Overall Unit Thickness: 1 inch (25 mm).
   3. Minimum Thickness of Each Glass Lite: 6 mm.
   4. Outdoor Lite: Annealed float glass unless otherwise indicated; fully tempered float glass at locations where safety glazing is indicated or required to comply with building code.
   5. Interspace Content: Argon.
   6. Indoor Lite: Annealed float glass unless otherwise indicated; fully tempered float glass at locations where safety glazing is indicated or required to comply with building code.
   7. Low-E Coating: Sputtered on second surface; and to match appearance of glass in windows and sliding doors.
   8. Center-of-Glass U-Value: 0.24 maximum.
   10. SHGC: 0.27 maximum.

E. Glass Type GL-5: Clear laminated glass with two plies of annealed float glass.
   1. Minimum Thickness of Each Glass Ply: 3 mm.
   2. Interlayer Thickness: 0.060 inch (1.52 mm).
   3. Interlayer Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from full range of industry options for obscure interlayer.
   4. Safety glazing required.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 088300 - MIRRORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: The following types of silvered flat glass mirrors:

   1. Mirrors qualifying as safety glazing, using film-backed annealed or laminated mirrored glass.

B. Related Requirements:

   1. Section 102813 "Toilet Accessories" for metal-framed mirrors.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: Include mirror elevations, edge details, mirror hardware, and attachment details.

C. Samples: For each type of the following:

   1. Mirrors: 12 inches (300 mm) square, including edge treatment on two adjoining edges.
   2. Mirror Trim: 12 inches (300 mm) long.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For mirrors to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of mirrors is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to mirror breakage or to maintaining and cleaning mirrors contrary to manufacturer’s written instructions. Defects include discoloration, black spots, and clouding of the silver film.

   1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   1. Binswanger Glass.
   2. Gardner Glass Products, Inc.
   3. Guardian Industries Corp.
   5. Virginia Mirror Company, Inc.
2.2 SILVERED FLAT GLASS MIRRORS

A. Mirrors, General: ASTM C 1503. Provide mirrors qualifying as safety glazing using film-backed annealed glass or laminated glass, at Contractor’s option.

B. Annealed Monolithic Glass Mirrors: Mirror Select Quality, clear.
   1. Nominal Thickness: 6.0 mm.

C. Laminated Mirrors: ASTM C 1172, Type II.
   1. Glass for Outer Lite: Annealed float glass, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear.
   2. Nominal Thickness for Outer Lite: 3.0 mm.
   3. Glass for Inner Lite: Annealed float glass; ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Quality-Q3; Class 1 (clear).
   4. Nominal Thickness for Inner Lite: 3.0 mm.
   5. Interlayer: Mirror manufacturer’s standard 0.030- inch (0.76-mm-) thick, clear polyvinyl-butyral interlayer with a proven record of showing no tendency to delaminate from, or cause damage to, silver coating.

D. Safety Glazing Products: For film-backed or laminated mirrors, provide products that comply with 16 CFR 1201, Category II.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.

B. Edge Sealer: Coating compatible with glass coating and approved by mirror manufacturer for use in protecting against silver deterioration at mirrored glass edges.

C. Mirror Mastic: An adhesive setting compound, asbestos-free, produced specifically for setting mirrors and certified by both mirror and mastic manufacturer as compatible with glass coating and substrates on which mirrors will be installed.
   1. Adhesive shall have a VOC content of 70 g/L or less.

D. Film Backing for Safety Mirrors: Film backing and pressure-sensitive adhesive; both compatible with mirror backing paint as certified by mirror manufacturer.

2.4 MIRROR HARDWARE

A. Top and Bottom Aluminum J-Channels: Aluminum extrusions with a return deep enough to produce a glazing channel to accommodate mirrors of thickness indicated and in lengths required to cover edges of mirrors in a single piece.
   1. Finish: Clear bright anodized.

B. Fasteners: Fabricated of same basic metal and alloy as fastened metal and matching it in finished color and texture where fasteners are exposed.

C. Anchors and Inserts: Provide devices as required for mirror hardware installation.
2.5 **FABRICATION**

A. Fabricate cutouts for notches and holes in mirrors without marring visible surfaces. Locate and size cutouts so they fit closely around penetrations in mirrors.

B. **Mirror Edge Treatment:** Flat polished.

C. **Film-Backed Safety Mirrors:** Apply film backing with adhesive coating over mirror backing paint as recommended in writing by film-backing manufacturer.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

3.1 **INSTALLATION**

A. Examine substrates, over which mirrors are to be mounted, with Installer present, for compliance with installation tolerances, substrate preparation, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

1. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility of existing finishes or primers with mirror mastic.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.

B. Comply with mastic manufacturer’s written installation instructions for preparation of substrates, including coating substrates with mastic manufacturer’s special bond coating where applicable.

C. **General:** Install mirrors to comply with mirror manufacturer’s written instructions and with referenced GANA publications. Mount mirrors accurately in place in a manner that avoids distorting reflected images.


D. Install mirrors with mastic and mirror hardware. Attach mirror hardware securely to mounting surfaces with mechanical fasteners installed with anchors or inserts as applicable. Install fasteners so heads do not impose point loads on backs of mirrors.

1. Apply mastic to comply with mastic manufacturer’s written instructions for coverage and to allow air circulation between back of mirrors and face of mounting surface.

E. Protect mirrors from breakage and contaminating substances resulting from construction operations.

F. Do not permit edges of mirrors to be exposed to standing water.

G. Maintain environmental conditions that prevent mirrors from being exposed to moisture from condensation or other sources for continuous periods of time.

H. Clean exposed surface of mirrors not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Clean mirrors as recommended in writing by mirror manufacturer.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 092216 - NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:
   1. Suspension systems for interior ceilings and soffits.
   2. Grid suspension systems for gypsum board ceilings.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:

   1. CEMCO; California Expanded Metal Products Co.
   2. ClarkDietrich Building Systems.
   3. MarinoWARE.

2.2 SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

A. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.

B. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.16 inch (4.12 mm) in diameter.

C. Flat Hangers: Steel sheet, 1 by 3/16 inch (25 by 5 mm) by length indicated.

D. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.0538 inch (1.367 mm) and minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.

   1. Depth: 2-1/2 inches (64 mm), unless otherwise indicated.

E. Furring Channels (Furring Members):

   1. Cold-Rolled Channels: 0.0538-inch (1.367-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges, 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep.
   2. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch (22 mm) deep.

      a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0296 inch (0.752 mm) unless otherwise indicated.

F. Grid Suspension System for Gypsum Board Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
   b. Chicago Metallic Corporation.
   c. United States Gypsum Company.

2.3 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.

1. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754.

1. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.

B. Install framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, with connections securely fastened.

C. Install supplementary framing and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, or similar construction.

D. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.

3.2 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

A. Install suspension system components according to spacings indicated, but not greater than spacings required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.

B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.

C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:

1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.

   a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.

   a. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced installation standards.
3. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.

4. Flat Hangers: Secure to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for structure and hanger, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.

5. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.

D. Grid Suspension Systems: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension systems meet vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.

E. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 092423 - CEMENT STUCCO

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Exterior portland cement plasterwork (stucco) applied over insulating concrete forms (ICFs), including the following:

1. Metal lath mechanically attached over continuous insulation.
2. Fiber-reinforced cement plaster basecoats, including scratch and brown coats.
3. Crack suppression reinforcement embedded in the brown coat.
5. Cement-based color stabilizer.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 072500 “Weather Barriers” for building wrap serving as water-resistive barrier and stucco release membrane.
2. Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" for joint sealants in cement stucco.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples: For each type of factory-prepared finish coat indicated.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Before plastering, install mockups of at least 100 sq. ft. in surface area to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

1. Build mockup to include typical corner condition not less than 48 inches in length, and return wall not less than 24 inches.
2. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with ASTM C 926 requirements.

B. Factory-Prepared Finishes: Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for environmental conditions for applying finishes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis-of-Design Cement Stucco Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products indicated by El Rey Stucco, Albuquerque NM.

1. Stucco System: Fiber-47 Armourwall 300 Water Master Crack Shield HE.
2. Contact: andy.townes@parexusa.com, 505-338-4433.
2.2 METAL LATH


1. Diamond-Mesh Lath: Self-furring, 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m).

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 1063 and coordinate depth of trim and accessories with thicknesses and number of plaster coats required.

B. Metal Accessories:

3. Casing Beads: Fabricated from zinc; square-edged style; with expanded flanges.
4. Control Joints: Fabricated from zinc; one-piece-type, folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.
5. Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc; folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with expanded flanges.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Water for Mixing: Potable and free of substances capable of affecting plaster set or of damaging plaster, lath, or accessories.

B. Steel Drill Screws: For metal-to-metal fastening, ASTM C 1002 or ASTM C 954, as required by thickness of metal being fastened; with pan head that is suitable for application; in lengths required to achieve penetration through joined materials of no fewer than three exposed threads.

C. Fasteners for Attaching Metal Lath to Substrates: Complying with ASTM C 1063.

2.5 PLASTER MATERIALS

A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type II.

B. Lime: ASTM C 206, Type S; or ASTM C 207, Type S.


D. Fiber-Reinforced Scratch and Brown Coat Mix: Ready-mixed formulation of Portland cement, lime, fibers and proprietary ingredients, for use with stucco sand and water added at Project site.

E. Crack Suppression Membrane: 4.5 oz. woven fiberglass fabric treated for alkali resistance, recommended by stucco system manufacturer for embedment into surface of brown coat while still wet.

   2. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.

G. Color Stabilizer: Factory-formulated, color stabilizing cement-based stain to unify color.
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: El Rey Stucco; Allegro II color stabilizer.
   2. Color: Match stucco finish.

2.6 PLASTER MIXES

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 926 for applications indicated.

B. Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: Scratch and brown coats for three-coat plasterwork as recommended by manufacturer.

C. Factory-Prepared Finish-Coat Mixes: For ready-mixed finish-coat plasters, comply with manufacturer’s written instructions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work, include substrate tolerances and surface deviation recommended by stucco system manufacturer.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Protect adjacent work from soiling, spattering, moisture deterioration, and other harmful effects caused by plastering.

3.3 INSTALLING METAL LATH

A. Expanded-Metal Lath: Install self-furring, diamond-mesh lath according to ASTM C 1063.
   1. Mechanically attach lath through insulation, with minimum 1-inch penetration into supporting construction.
   2. Install not less than one fastener per square foot.

3.4 INSTALLING ACCESSORIES

A. General: Install according to ASTM C 1063 and at locations indicated on Drawings.
B. Reinforcement at Openings and Penetrations: Install 4-inch-wide strip-lath reinforcement at windows, doorways, and other wall openings and penetrations.

C. Reinforcement for External Corners: Install lath-type, external-corner reinforcement.

D. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect as follows:
   1. As required to delineate plasterwork into areas (panels) of the following maximum sizes:
      a. Vertical Surfaces: 144 sq. ft. (13.4 sq. m).
      b. Horizontal and other Nonvertical Surfaces: 100 sq. ft. (9.3 sq. m).
   2. At distances between control joints of not greater than 18 feet (5.5 m) o.c.
   3. As required to delineate plasterwork into areas (panels) with length-to-width ratios of not greater than 2-1/2:1.
   4. Where control joints occur in surface of construction directly behind plaster.
   5. Where plasterwork areas change dimensions, to delineate rectangular-shaped areas (panels) and to relieve the stress that occurs at the corner formed by the dimension change.

3.5 PLASTER APPLICATION

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 926.

B. Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: Scratch and brown coats for three-coat plasterwork; 3/4-inch (19-mm) overall thickness.
   1. Apply scratch coat to thickness of 3/8 inch, using sufficient pressure to key stucco into lath. Scratch horizontally to provide a key with brown coat.
   2. Apply brown coat directly over scratch coat to thickness of 3/8 inch, using sufficient pressure to key brown coat into scratch coat. Darby, then rod surface to true plane.
   3. Once brown coat has cured, apply skim coat of acrylic modified material. While wet, embed fiberglass reinforcement using wood float, and smooth to flush.
      a. Completely embed mesh not more than 1/32 inch into surface of wet brown coat.
      b. Lap seams 2 inches and remove wrinkles, rough edges, and other imperfection.
   4. Float or lightly broom surface to provide bond with stucco finish coat.
   5. Tool brown coat to provide V-groove at intersection of stucco with frames and other materials that act as stucco grounds.

C. Plaster Finish Coats: Apply to provide sand float finish to match sample approved by Architect.
   1. Apply finish in number of coats and to thickness recommended by manufacturer to produce texture indicated and to match approved mockup, using sufficient pressure to bond with basecoat.
   2. Spray-apply color stabilizing stain to finish surfaces to produce a uniform, consistent color finish.

3.6 CURING

A. Moist cure basecoats and finish coats with a fog spray of clear water with sufficiently frequent applications to maintain stucco in uniformly moist condition for 48 hours after each application.
1. Allow an additional 5 days of air curing before application of primers or finish coats.

3.7 PLASTER REPAIRS

A. Repair or replace work to eliminate cracks, dents, blisters, buckles, crazing and check cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 092900 - GYPSUM BOARD

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:
   1. Interior gypsum board.
   2. Tile backing panels.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Before beginning gypsum board installation, build mockups of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m) in surface area at locations as directed by Architect, to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution.

   1. Build mockups for each level of gypsum board finish indicated for use in exposed locations.
   2. Apply or install final decoration indicated, including painting and wallcoverings, on exposed surfaces for review of mockups.
   3. Simulate finished lighting conditions for review of mockups.
   4. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

2.2 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

2.3 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

A. Gypsum Board, Type X: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.

   1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

      a. CertainTeed Corporation.
      b. Continental Building Products, LLC.
      c. Georgia-Pacific Building Products.
      e. USG.
2. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm).

B. Mold-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M. With moisture- and mold-resistant core and paper surfaces.
1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
   a. CertainTeed Corporation; ProRoc Moisture and Mold Resistant Gypsum Board with M2Tech.
   b. National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond Brand XP Wallboard.
   c. USG; SHEETROCK Brand Mold Tough or FIBEROCK Brand, Aqua Tough Interior Panels.
2. Core: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X.
4. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

2.4 TILE BACKING PANELS

A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 and ASTM C 1288 or ASTM C 1325, with manufacturer’s standard edges.
1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide United States Gypsum Company; DUROCK Cement Board.
2. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm).
3. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

2.5 TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, or paper-faced galvanized steel sheet.
2. Shapes:
   a. Cornerbead.
   b. Bullnose bead.
   c. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
   d. Vinyl L-Bead: L-shaped, tear-away type that provides structural relief at perimeter of gypsum board assemblies; exposed long flange receives joint compound. Use where gypsum board abuts structure and where indicated.
      1) Basis-of-Design Product: Trim-Tex Inc., Lincolnwood IL (trim-tex.com); Super Seal Tear Away L Bead.
      2) Material: Extruded rigid PVC, with gasket that compresses against abutting structures upon installation.
   e. Expansion (control) joint.

2.6 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
B. Joint Tape:

1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
2. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.

C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat, use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.

1. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping compound.
   a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound or drying-type, all-purpose compound unless otherwise indicated.
   a. For mold-resistant gypsum board, use setting-type compound, not ready-mix.
4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound or drying-type, all-purpose compound unless otherwise indicated.
   a. For mold-resistant gypsum board, use setting-type compound, not ready-mix.

D. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by backing panel manufacturer.

E. Joint Compound For Mold-Resistant Gypsum Board: As recommended by gypsum panel manufacturer for use with mold-resistant gypsum board products.

2.7 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer’s written instructions.

B. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended for directly adhering gypsum panels to continuous substrate.

1. Laminating adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less).

C. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002 unless otherwise indicated.

1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch (0.84 to 2.84 mm) thick.
2. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.

D. Sound-Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from rock wool.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: ROCKWOOL™ (rockwool.com); SAFE’n’SOUND®.

E. Acoustical Joint Sealant: As specified in Section 079200 “Joint Sealants.”
F. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS

A. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.

B. Comply with ASTM C 840 and with recommendations of manufacturers of gypsum board and insulating concrete forms (ICFs) for attachment of panels to webs of ICFs.

C. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch (6.4- to 12.7-mm-) wide spaces at these locations and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.

D. Where partitions intersect structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch (6.4- to 9.5-mm) wide joints to install sealant unless otherwise indicated.

1. Where STC-rated partitions intersect decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by deck; allow 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) wide joints to accommodate deflection and install sealant.

E. For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

F. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.

G. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.

H. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840:

1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
2. Level 2: Panels that are substrate for tile.
3. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view unless otherwise indicated.

I. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:

1. Type X: Vertical and horizontal surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
2. Mold-Resistant Type: Exposed surfaces located in moisture areas including bathrooms, showers, laundries, utility/washroom areas, and janitor or custodial closets and for panels installed before building is enclosed.

J. Cementitious Backer Units: Finish according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

K. STC-Rated Assemblies: Leave 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) wide gaps at penetrations, to prevent contact between gypsum board and penetrating element. Seal construction at perimeters, behind control joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations, with closed-cell foam backer rod. Comply with ASTM C 919 and with manufacturer’s written instructions for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
L. Laminating to Substrate: Where gypsum panels are indicated as directly adhered to a substrate (other than studs, joists, furring members, or base layer of gypsum board), temporarily brace or fasten gypsum panels until fastening adhesive has set.

M. Control Joints: Install control joints at according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect.

N. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:

1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners.
2. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.

3.2 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.

B. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 093013 - CERAMIC TILING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Glazed wall tile.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Samples:

1. Each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required.
2. Full-size units of each type of trim and accessory.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For Installer.

1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1.  Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

1. Build mockup of each type of floor tile installation.
2. Build mockup of each type of wall tile installation.
3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.

B. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI A108.02, ANSI standards referenced in other Part 2 articles, ANSI standards referenced by TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules, and other requirements specified.
2.2 TILE PRODUCTS

A. Ceramic Tile Type: Glazed wall tile.
   
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Daltile; Modern Dimensions.
   
   
   3. Tile Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.
   
   4. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile unless otherwise indicated. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer’s standard shapes:
      
      a. External Corners: Surface bullnose, same size as adjoining flat tile.

2.3 SETTING MATERIALS

A. Modified Cement Mortar (Thinset): ANSI A118.4.
   
   1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
      
      a. Custom Building Products.
      
      b. Laticrete International, Inc.
      
      c. MAPEI Corporation.

   2. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, dispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.

   3. For wall applications, provide nonsagging mortar.

2.4 GROUT MATERIALS

A. High-Performance Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
   
   1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
      
      a. Custom Building Products.
      
      b. Laticrete International, Inc.
      
      c. MAPEI Corporation.

   2. Polymer Type: Ethylene vinyl acetate or acrylic additive, in dry, dispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients.

   B. Grout Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer’s standard product for sealing grout joints and that does not change color or appearance of grout.

   1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
      
      a. Bonsal American, an Oldcastle company; Grout Sealer.
b. Custom Building Products; AQUA MIX Sealer’s Choice Gold.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.

B. Temporary Protective Coating: If needed to prevent mortar or grout from staining or adhering to exposed tile surfaces, precoat them with continuous film of temporary protective coating recommended by tile manufacturer, taking care not to coat unexposed tile surfaces.

3.3 CERAMIC TILE INSTALLATION

A. Comply with TCNA’s "Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation" for TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCNA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.

B. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

C. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.

D. Provide manufacturer’s standard trim shapes where necessary to eliminate exposed tile edges.

E. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern unless otherwise indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.

F. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with joint widths recommended by tile manufacturer and approved by Architect.
G. Lay out tile wainscots to dimensions indicated or to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.

H. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.

I. Grout Sealer: Apply grout sealer to grout joints according to grout-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as grout sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer from tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.

3.4 INTERIOR CERAMIC TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

A. Interior Framed Wall Installations:

1. Ceramic Tile Installation: TCNA W244C or TCNA W244F; thinset mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber-cement backer board.


END OF SECTION
SECTION 095113 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for ceilings.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:

1. Suspended ceiling components.
2. Structural members to which suspension systems will be attached.
3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical panels.
4. Items penetrating finished ceiling including the following:
   a. Lighting fixtures.
   b. Air outlets and inlets.
   c. Speakers.
   d. Sprinklers.
   e. Access panels.

5. Perimeter moldings.

B. Product test reports.

C. Evaluation reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to NVLAP.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Seismic Performance: Acoustical ceiling shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
   1. Flame-Spread Index: Comply with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials.
   2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.

2.2 ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS, GENERAL

A. Acoustical Panel Standard: Comply with ASTM E 1264.

B. Metal Suspension System Standard: Comply with ASTM C 635.

C. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.

2.3 ACOUSTICAL PANELS FOR ACP-1

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; ULTIMA 9/16” Beveled Tegular, Item No. 1912, or comparable product by one of the following:
   1. CertainTeed Corporation.
   2. United States Gypsum Company.

B. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer’s standard panels according to ASTM E 1264 and designated by type, form, pattern, acoustical rating, and light reflectance unless otherwise indicated.

C. Recycled Content of Acoustical Ceiling Panels: Postconsumer recycled content not less than 50 percent.

D. Classification: Provide panels as follows:
   1. Type and Form: Type IV, mineral base with membrane-faced overlay; Form 2, water felted.

E. Panel Characteristics:
   2. Light Reflectance (LR): Not less than 0.90.
   3. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): Not less than 35.
   4. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): Not less than 0.75.
   5. Edge/Joint Detail: Beveled tegular reveal sized to fit flange of exposed suspension-system members.
   6. Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm).
   7. Modular Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm).
8. **Antimicrobial Treatment:** Manufacturer's standard broad spectrum, antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D 3273, ASTM D 3274, or ASTM G 21 and evaluated according to ASTM D 3274 or ASTM G 21.

### 2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

**A. Basis-of-Design Product:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Suprafine XL, or comparable product by one of the following:

1. CertainTeed Corporation.
2. United States Gypsum Company.

**B. Narrow-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System:** Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet; prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G30 (Z90) coating designation; with prefinished 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide metal caps on flanges.

1. **Structural Classification:** Heavy-duty system.
2. **Face Design:** Flat, flush.
3. **Cap Material:** Aluminum cold-rolled sheet.
4. **Cap Finish:** Painted white.

**C. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim:** Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that comply with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension-system runners.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

**A.** Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636/C 636M and seismic design requirements indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."

**B.** Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

**C.** Suspend ceiling hangers from building’s structural members, plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum. Splay hangers only where required and, if permitted with fire-resistance-rated ceilings, to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers, use trapezes or equivalent devices. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.

**D.** Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3.2 mm in 3.6 m). Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
E. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.

F. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fit accurately into suspension system runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide a neat, precise fit.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 096513 - RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Rubber base.
2. Rubber molding accessories.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, not less than 12 inches (300 mm) long.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RUBBER BASE

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Tarkett; Monument, Model MW-XX-S4.

B. Profile and Thickness: As indicated by manufacturer’s product designation.

C. Height: 4 inches (102 mm).

D. Outside Corners: Job formed.

E. Inside Corners: Job formed.

F. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.

2.2 RUBBER MOLDING ACCESSORY

A. Description: Rubber carpet edge for glue-down applications, reducer strip for resilient flooring, joiner for tile and carpet, and transition strips.

B. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of industry options.

2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland-cement-based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient-product manufacturer for applications indicated.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by resilient-product manufacturer for resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer’s written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.

B. Concrete Substrates for Resilient Stair Accessories: Prepare horizontal surfaces according to ASTM F 710.

1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing, but not less than 5 or more than 10 pH.
4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 1000 sq. ft. (304.8 sq. m), and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
   a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
   b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in-situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.

D. Do not install resilient products until materials are the same temperature as space where they are to be installed.

E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

3.2 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions for installing resilient base.

B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.

C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.

D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.

E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.

F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer’s recommended adhesive filler material.
G. Job-Formed Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than 24 inches in length.
   1. Miter or cope corners to minimize open joints.

3.3 RESILIENT ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient accessories.

B. Resilient Molding Accessories: Butt to adjacent materials and tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece. Install reducer strips at edges of floor covering that would otherwise be exposed.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient products.

B. Cover resilient products subject to wear and foot traffic until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 096566 - RESILIENT ATHLETIC FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Interlocking, rubber floor tile.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each type, color, and pattern specified, 6-inch (150-mm) square in size and of the same thickness indicated for the Work.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For resilient athletic flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INTERLOCKING, RUBBER FLOOR TILE

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Gerflor® (gerflor.com); GTI MAX Connect Tile.


B. Description: Athletic flooring consisting of modular rubber tiles with precision cut, interlocking edges, for free-lay installation.

C. Material: Rubber.

D. Tile Interlock: Visible.

E. Traffic-Surface Texture: Manufacturer’s standard.

1. Provide reversible tiles (with traffic-surface texture on both sides).

F. Size: Manufacturer’s standard-size square tile.

G. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6 mm).

H. Weight: Not less than 1.92 lbs. per sq. ft.

I. Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer’s designations.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FLOORING INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions.

B. Scribe, cut, and fit flooring to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, equipment anchors, floor outlets, and other interruptions of floor surface.

C. Extend flooring into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings unless otherwise indicated.

D. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating subfloor markings on flooring. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

3.2 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

A. Lay out tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.

   1. Lay tiles square with room axis unless otherwise indicated.

B. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.

C. Free-Lay Tile: Place flooring at locations indicated with units securely interconnected and fully seated on substrate to form a smooth, level surface.

3.3 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Perform the following operations immediately after completing flooring installation:

   1. Sweep and vacuum flooring thoroughly.
   2. Damp-mop flooring to remove marks and soil after time period recommended in writing by manufacturer.

B. Protect flooring from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by manufacturer.

   1. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over flooring. Protect flooring with plywood or hardboard panels to prevent damage from storing or moving objects over flooring.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 096723 - RESINOUS FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes: Resinous flooring systems, including colored aisles and borders in apparatus bays.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS
   A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: For each type of product.
   B. Shop Drawings: Show installation details and layout of aisles and borders.
   C. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
   A. Material Certificates: For each resinous flooring component, from manufacturer.
   B. Material Test Reports: For each resinous flooring system, by a qualified testing agency.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
   A. Maintenance Data: For resinous flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE
   A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS
   A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting resinous flooring application.
   B. Lighting: Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during resinous flooring application.
   C. Close spaces to traffic during resinous flooring application and for 24 hours after application unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
   A. Flammability: Self-extinguishing according to ASTM D 635.
2.2 RESINOUS FLOORING

A. Resinous Flooring System: Abrasion-, impact-, and chemical-resistant, aggregate-filled, and resin-based monolithic floor surfacing designed to produce a seamless floor.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Duraflex, Inc., East Hartford CT (dur-a-flex.com); Shop Floor, or comparable product by one of the following:
   b. BASF Construction Chemicals - Building Systems.
   c. Crossfield Products Corp.
   d. General Polymers; Sherwin Williams.
   e. Sika Corporation
   f. Stonhard, Inc.

B. System Characteristics:

1. Colors and Patterns: As indicated by product designations and as follows:
   b. Aisle Edges: Bright Yellow.
   c. Access Aisles: Slate Grey.

2. Wearing Surface: Textured for slip resistance.
3. Overall System Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).

C. Primer: Type recommended by resinous flooring manufacturer for substrate and resinous flooring system indicated.

D. Reinforcing Membrane: Flexible resin formulation that is recommended by resinous flooring manufacturer.

E. Patching and Fill Material: Resinous product of or approved by resinous flooring manufacturer and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.

F. Body Coats:

1. Resin: Epoxy.
2. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids.
3. Type: Pigmented.
4. Application Method: Troweled or screeded with broadcast aggregates.
5. Aggregates: Colored quartz (ceramic-coated silica).

G. Topcoats: Sealing or finish coats.

1. Resin: Epoxy.
2. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids.
3. Type: Clear.
H. System Physical Properties: Provide resinous flooring system with the following minimum physical property requirements when tested according to test methods indicated:

1. Compressive Strength: 12,500 minimum according to ASTM C 579.
2. Tensile Strength: 2,600 minimum according to ASTM C 307.
3. Hardness: 75-80, Shore D according to ASTM D 2240.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Prepare and clean substrates according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate indicated. Provide clean, dry substrate for resinous flooring application.

B. Concrete Substrates: Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with resinous flooring.

1. Roughen concrete substrates using one of the following methods, as recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer:
   
   a. Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.
   b. Comply with ASTM C 811 requirements unless manufacturer's written instructions are more stringent.

2. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

3. Verify that concrete substrates are dry and moisture-vapor emissions are within acceptable levels according to manufacturer's written instructions using one of the following methods, as recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer:

   a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F 1869. Proceed with application of resinous flooring only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) of slab area in 24 hours.
   b. Plastic Sheet Test: ASTM D 4263. Proceed with application only after testing indicates absence of moisture in substrates.
   c. Relative Humidity Test: Use in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

4. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Verify that concrete substrates have pH within acceptable range. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with application only after substrates pass testing.

C. Patching and Filling: Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.

D. Resinous Materials: Mix components and prepare materials according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
3.2 APPLICATION

A. Apply components of resinous flooring system according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a uniform, monolithic wearing surface of thickness indicated.

1. Expansion and Isolation Joint Treatment: At substrate expansion and isolation joints, comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Primer: Apply primer over prepared substrate at manufacturer's recommended spreading rate, unless manufacturer does not recommend primer for its system applied over substrates indicated for Project.

C. Troweled or Screeded Body Coats: Apply troweled or screeded body coats in thickness indicated for flooring system. Hand or power trowel and grout to fill voids. When body coats are cured, remove trowel marks and roughness using method recommended by manufacturer.

D. Topcoats: Apply topcoats in number indicated for flooring system and at spreading rates recommended in writing by manufacturer and to produce wearing surface indicated.

E. Protect resinous flooring from damage and wear during the remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 096813 - TILE CARPETING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Modular carpet tile.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site. Review methods and procedures related to carpet tile installation including ambient conditions, ventilation procedures, and subfloor preparation procedures.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer’s name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

B. Sample warranty.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For carpet tiles to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Carpet Tile: Full-size units equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type indicated, but not less than 10 sq. yd. (8.3 sq. m).

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the International Certified Floorcovering Installers Association at the Commercial II or Master II certification level.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Comply with CRI’s "CRI Carpet Installation Standard" for temperature, humidity, and ventilation limitations.
1.9 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty for Carpet Tiles: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet tile installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: Manufacturer’s standard, but not less than 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CARPET TILE CPT-2

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Tarkett; METRI 04654 or comparable product by one of the following:

1. Bentley Prince Street, Inc.
2. Interface, LLC.
3. Shaw Contract Group; a Berkshire Hathaway company.

B. Product Characteristics:

1. Color: As indicated by manufacturer’s designation:

2. Fiber Type: Dynex SD® Nylon.
4. Total Thickness: 0.278 inches (7.06 mm) according to ASTM F 386.
5. Face Weight: 21 oz./sq. yd.
6. Primary Backing: Manufacturer’s standard synthetic nonwoven materials.
7. Secondary Backing: Modular ethos® with Omicoat Technology™.
8. Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm).

C. Applied Treatments:


D. Performance Characteristics:

1. Emissions: Provide carpet tile that complies with testing and product requirements of CRI’s "Green Label Plus" testing program.
2. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf (445 N) according to ASTM D 2646.
3. Dimensional Tolerance: Within 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) of specified size dimensions, as determined by physical measurement.
4. Dimensional Stability: 0.2 percent or less according to ISO 2551 (Aachen Test).
5. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, according to AATCC 165.
6. Electrostatic Propensity: Less than 3.5 kV according to AATCC 134.

2.2 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
B. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining, pressure-sensitive type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that comply with flammability requirements for installed carpet tile, and are recommended by carpet tile manufacturer for releasable installation.

1. VOC Content: 50 g/L or less.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Concrete Slabs: Verify that surfaces are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits.

1. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 1000 sq. ft. (304.8 sq. m), and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.

   a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
   b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
   c. Perform additional moisture tests recommended in writing by adhesive and carpet tile manufacturers. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

B. Metal Subfloors: Verify that underlayment surface is free of irregularities and substances that may interfere with adhesive bond or show through surface.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. General: Comply with CRI's "CRI Carpet Installation Standards" and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates indicated to receive carpet tile.

B. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks, holes and depressions 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide or wider, and protrusions more than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Concrete Substrates: Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by adhesive and carpet tile manufacturers.

D. Metal Substrates: Clean grease, oil, soil and rust, and prime if recommended in writing by adhesive manufacturer. Rough sand painted metal surfaces and remove loose paint. Sand aluminum surfaces, to remove metal oxides, immediately before applying adhesive.

E. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet tile.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with CRI's "CRI Carpet Installation Standard," Section 18, "Modular Carpet" and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions.
B. Installation Method: Glue down; install every tile with full-spread, releasable, pressure-sensitive adhesive.

C. Maintain dye-lot integrity. Do not mix dye lots in same area.

D. Maintain pile-direction patterns recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

E. Cut and fit carpet tile to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.

F. Extend carpet tile into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.

G. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on carpet tile as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

H. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.

I. Protect carpet tile against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 096816 - SHEET CARPETING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes: Broadloom carpet.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS
   A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site. Review methods and procedures related to carpet installation including ambient conditions, ventilation procedures, and subfloor preparation procedures.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: For each type of product.
   B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer’s name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Test Reports: For tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
   B. Sample warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
   A. Maintenance Data: For carpet to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE
   A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the International Certified Floorcovering Installers Association at the Commercial II or Master II certification level.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS
   A. Comply with CRI's "CRI Carpet Installation Standard" for temperature, humidity, and ventilation limitations.

1.8 WARRANTY
   A. Special Warranty for Carpet: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
   1. Warranty Period: Manufacturer’s standard, but not less than 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CARPET TILE CPT-1

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Tarkett; METRI 04654 Powerbond or comparable product by one of the following:

1. Bentley Prince Street, Inc.
2. Interface, LLC.
3. Shaw Contract Group; a Berkshire Hathaway company.

B. Product Characteristics:

1. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designation:

2. Fiber Type: Dynex SD® Nylon.
4. Total Thickness: 0.278 inches (7.06 mm) according to ASTM F 386.
5. Face Weight: 21 oz./sq. yd.
6. Primary Backing: Manufacturer's standard synthetic nonwoven materials.
7. Secondary Backing: Modular ethos® with Omicoat Technology™.
8. Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm).

C. Applied Treatments:


D. Performance Characteristics:

1. Emissions: Provide carpet tile that complies with testing and product requirements of CRI's "Green Label Plus" testing program.
2. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf (445 N) according to ASTM D 2646.
3. Dimensional Tolerance: Within 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) of specified size dimensions, as determined by physical measurement.
4. Dimensional Stability: 0.2 percent or less according to ISO 2551 (Aachen Test).
5. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, according to AATCC 165.
6. Electrostatic Propensity: Less than 3.5 kV according to AATCC 134.

2.2 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet manufacturer.

B. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet and is recommended or provided by carpet manufacturer.

1. VOC Content: 50 g/L or less.
C. **Seam Adhesive**: Hot-melt adhesive tape or similar product recommended by carpet manufacturer for sealing and taping seams and butting cut edges at backing to form secure seams and to prevent pile loss at seams.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

A. **Concrete Slabs**: Verify that surfaces are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits.

1. **Moisture Testing**: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 1000 sq. ft. (304.8 sq. m), and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.

   a. **Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test**: ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.

   b. **Relative Humidity Test**: Using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

   c. Perform additional moisture tests recommended in writing by adhesive and carpet manufacturers. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

3.2 **PREPARATION**

A. **General**: Comply with CRI’s "CRI Carpet Installation Standard" and with carpet manufacturer’s written installation instructions for preparing substrates.

B. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer’s written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks, holes and depressions 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide or wider, and protrusions more than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm), unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer’s written instructions.

C. **Concrete Substrates**: Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by adhesive and carpet manufacturers.

D. **Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet.**

3.3 **CARPET INSTALLATION**

A. Comply with CRI’s "CRI Carpet Installation Standard" and carpet manufacturer’s written installation instructions for the following:

1. **Direct-glue-down installation.**

B. Comply with carpet manufacturer’s written instructions and Shop Drawings for seam locations and direction of carpet; maintain uniformity of carpet direction and lay of pile. At doorways, center seams under the door in closed position.

C. Cut and fit carpet to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet manufacturer.
D. Extend carpet into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.

E. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on carpet as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

F. Protect carpet against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by carpet manufacturer and carpet adhesive manufacturer.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 099000 - PAINTING AND COATING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Surface preparation and application of paint systems on exterior and interior substrates and the following:
   1. Water-repellent treatment for interior concrete walls.

B. Paint exposed exterior and interior substrates, except where schedules indicate that a surface or material is not to be painted or is to remain natural. If schedules do not specifically mention an item or a surface, paint the item or surface the same as similar adjacent materials or surfaces whether or not schedules indicate colors. If schedules do not indicate color or finish, the Architect will select from standard colors and finishes available.
   1. Do not paint prefinished items, integrally finished systems, finished metal surfaces, operating parts, and labels, unless otherwise indicated.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Gloss Level 1 (Flat): Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

B. Gloss Level 2 (Low Sheen): Not more than 10 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

C. Gloss Level 3 (Eggshell): 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

D. Gloss Level 4 (Satin): 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

E. Gloss Level 5 (Semi-Gloss): 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.

B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat.
   1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 12 inches (300 mm) square.
   2. Label each Sample for location and application area.

D. Product List: For each product indicated.
1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
   a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
   b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.

2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
   a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
2. PPG Architectural Coatings.

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."

B. Material Compatibility:

1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

C. VOC Content: Products shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.

2.3 PENETRATING WATER REPELLENT

A. Penetrating Water Repellent: Clear, silane or silane and siloxane blend with 400 g/L or less of VOCs.

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

   a. BASF Construction Chemicals, LLC; Enviroseal 20, or Hydrozo 100.
   b. Dayton Superior Corporation; Weather Worker J-29-WB.
   c. L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; Aquapel, Aquapel Plus, Hydroblock, or Hydropel WB.
d. Pecora Corporation; KlereSeal 920-W, or KlereSeal 940-S VOC.
e. PROSOCO, Inc.; SL100, or SLX100.
f. Sika Corporation, Inc.; Sikagard 701W.
g. Tnemec Inc.; Dur A Pell 40, Dur A Pell 100, or Prime-A-Pell H2O.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:

1. Concrete: 12 percent.
2. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.

C. Test pH level according to water-repellent manufacturer’s written instructions to ensure chemical bond to silica-containing or siliceous minerals.

D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.

E. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.

B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.

1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.

C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.

1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.

D. Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and areas where shop paint is abraded. Paint exposed areas with the same material as used for shop priming to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-primed surfaces.
3.3 APPLICATION

A. Apply paints according to manufacturer’s written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."

B. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

C. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

D. Water-Repellent Treatment: Apply a heavy-saturation coating of water repellent, on surfaces indicated for treatment, using 15 psi (103 kPa) pressure spray with a fan-type spray nozzle or roller to the point of saturation. Apply coating in dual passes of uniform, overlapping strokes. Remove excess material; do not allow material to puddle beyond saturation. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions for application procedure unless otherwise indicated.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.

B. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.5 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

A. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:

1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:
   a. Prime Coat: Primer, galvanized metal, as recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for exterior use on galvanized-metal substrates with topcoat indicated.
   c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based, semi-gloss (Gloss Level 5), MPI #163.

3.6 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

A. Concrete Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces: Including exposed walls at locations indicated.


B. Steel Substrates:

1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
   a. Prime Coat: Primer, rust-inhibitive, water based MPI #107. Touch up damaged areas of shop primer with product compatible with shop primer.
1) For hollow metal and for scratched or damaged shop primers indicated with water-based topcoats, apply prime coat over entire surface using alkyd anti-corrosive metal primer MPI #79, alkyd quick dry metal primer MPI #76, or other primer recommended by topcoat manufacturer for bare metal.

c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, semi-gloss (Gloss Level 5), MPI #147.

C. Gypsum Board Substrates:

1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
   a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, MPI #149.
   c. Topcoat for Ceilings and Soffits: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, flat (Gloss Level 1), MPI #143.
   d. Topcoat for Walls: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, eggshell (Gloss Level 3), MPI #145.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 099300 - TRANSPARENT WOOD FINISHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Surface preparation and application of wood finishes on the following substrates:

1. Exterior Substrates:
   a. Exposed glued-laminated members.
   b. Exposed cross-laminated timber products.

2. Interior Substrates:
   a. Exposed plywood panels.
   b. Wood trim.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 064100 “Architectural Casework” for shop finishing wood casework.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

B. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.

B. Samples: For each type of finish system and in each color and gloss of finish indicated.

1. Submit Samples on representative samples of actual wood substrates, 8 inches (200 mm) square or 8 inches (200 mm) long.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each finish system indicated and each color selected to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each type of finish system and substrate.

   a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
   b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
2. Final approval of stain color selections will be based on mockups.
   a. If preliminary stain color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional stain colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
   2. PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc.
   3. Pratt & Lambert.
   5. Zinsser.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."

B. Material Compatibility:
   1. Provide materials for use within each finish system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
   2. For each coat in a finish system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in finish system and on substrate indicated.

C. VOC Content: Products shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Maximum Moisture Content of Exterior Wood Substrates: 15 percent, when measured with an electronic moisture meter.

C. Maximum Moisture Content of Interior Wood Substrates: 9 percent, when measured with an electronic moisture meter.

D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.

E. Proceed with finish application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
   1. Beginning finish application constitutes Contractor’s acceptance of substrates and conditions.
3.2 PREPARATION

A. Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.

B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and finishing.

1. After completing finishing operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.

C. Clean and prepare surfaces to be finished according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.

1. Remove dust, dirt, oil, and grease by washing with a detergent solution; rinse thoroughly with clean water and allow to dry. Remove grade stamps and pencil marks by sanding lightly. Remove loose wood fibers by brushing.

2. Remove mildew by scrubbing with a commercial wash formulated for mildew removal and as recommended by stain manufacturer.

3.3 APPLICATION

A. Apply finishes according to manufacturer’s written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."

B. Apply finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, holidays, lap marks, brush marks, runs, ropiness, or other surface imperfections.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Protect work of other trades against damage from finish application. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.

B. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced finished wood surfaces.

3.5 EXTERIOR WOOD-FINISH-SYSTEM SCHEDULE

A. Wood Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:

1. Varnish System:

   d. Topcoat: Varnish, with UV Inhibitor, Exterior, Semi-Gloss (Gloss Level 5), MPI #30.
3.6 INTERIOR WOOD-FINISH-SYSTEM SCHEDULE

A. Wood Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:

1. Water-Based Varnish System:

   c. Topcoat: Varnish, water based, clear, satin (Gloss Level 4), MPI #128.
SECTION 101419 - DIMENSIONAL CHARACTER SIGNAGE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Cast dimensional characters for building identification, mounted on building and site walls.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: For dimensional letter signs.

   1. Include fabrication and installation details and attachments to other work.
   2. Show sign mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by others, and accessories.
   3. Show message list, typestyles, graphic elements, and layout for each sign at least half size.

C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of signs that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

   1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DIMENSIONAL CHARACTERS

A. Cast Characters: Characters with uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles, and as follows:

   1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

      a. ACE Sign Systems, Inc.
      b. Allen Markings International.
      c. APCO Graphics, Inc.
      d. A. R. K. Ramos Signage Systems
      e. ASI Sign Systems, Inc.
      f. Diskey Sign Company.
2. Character Material: Cast aluminum.
3. Character Height: As indicated.
4. Typeface: As indicated.
5. Integral Aluminum Finish: Clear anodized.

2.2 ACCESSORIES
   
   A. Fasteners and Anchors: Manufacturer's standard as required for secure anchorage of signage, noncorrosive and compatible with each material joined, and complying with the following:
   
   1. Use concealed fasteners and anchors unless indicated to be exposed.
   2. For exterior exposure, furnish stainless-steel devices unless otherwise indicated.
   3. Sign Mounting Fasteners:
      
      a. Projecting Studs: Threaded studs with sleeve spacer, welded to back of sign material, screwed into back of sign assembly, or screwed into tapped lugs cast integrally into back of cast sign material, unless otherwise indicated.
   
   B. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION
   
   A. General: Install signs using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.
   
   1. Install signs level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
   2. Before installation, verify that sign surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
   3. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of exterior aluminum in contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals, with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.

   B. Mounting Methods:
   
   1. Projecting Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of sign. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
      
      a. Concrete Substrates: Coordinate installation through ICF foam to secure signs to concrete. Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place spacers on studs, place sign in position, and push until spacers are pinched between sign and substrate, embedding the stud ends in holes. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as signs are installed.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 101423 - PANEL SIGNAGE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Interior panel signs.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Division 26 Sections for exit signs.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings: For panel signs.

1. Include fabrication and installation details and attachments to other work.
2. Show sign mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by other installers, and accessories.
3. Show message list, typestyles, graphic elements, including raised characters and Braille, and layout for each sign at least half size.

C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For signs to include in maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Accessibility Standard: Comply with applicable provisions in the ADA or ABA standards of the Federal agency having jurisdiction and ICC A117.1.

2.2 PANEL SIGNS

A. Panel Sign: Sign with smooth, uniform surfaces; with message and characters having uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles; and as follows:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Best Sign Systems, Inc. (bestsigns.com); Graphic Blast™ MP.
2. Engraved Melamine Sign: Melamine panel signs as follows:

a. Thickness: 0.125 inch (3.18 mm).

b. Etched Graphics: Sign face etched or routed to produce raised characters and Braille.

c. Melamine Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.


   a. Edge Condition: Square cut.
b. Corner Condition in Elevation: Square.

4. Mounting: Surface mounted to wall with adhesive or two-face tape.

5. Text and Typeface: Accessible raised characters and Braille; typeface as indicated; and content as scheduled. Finish raised characters to contrast with background color, and finish Braille to match background color.

   b. Character Height: 5/8 inch unless otherwise indicated.
   c. Restroom Symbol Height: 3 inches.
   d. Character and Symbol Color and Finish: No. 950 White, matte finish.

6. Panel Sign Schedule:

   a. Typical Room Identification Signs:

      1) Sign Size: 8 by 8 inches.
      2) Character Style and Size: As selected by Architect.
      3) Text/Message: As directed by Architect for each application.
      4) Location and Quantity: Provide one sign for each room.

   b. Toilet Room Identification Signs:

      1) Sign Size: 8 by 8 inches.
      2) Character Style and Size: As selected by Architect.
      3) Text/Message: Include male, female or unisex symbol as applicable. Include accessibility pictogram as applicable.
      4) Location and Quantity: Provide one sign for each toilet room.

2.3 PANEL-SIGN MATERIALS

   A. Melamine Sheet: Monolithic melamine material; NEMA rated as “Self Extinguishing.”

2.4 ACCESSORIES

   A. Adhesive: As recommended by sign manufacturer.

   B. Two-Face Tape: Manufacturer’s standard high-bond, foam-core tape, 0.045 inch (1.14 mm) thick, with adhesive on both sides.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

   A. General: Install signs using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

      1. Install signs level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
      2. Install signs so they do not protrude or obstruct according to the accessibility standard.
      3. Before installation, verify that sign surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
B. Mounting Methods:

1. Adhesive: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply linear beads or spots of adhesive symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign after cure without slippage. Keep adhesive away from edges to prevent adhesive extrusion as sign is applied and to prevent visibility of cured adhesive at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage adhesive. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.

2. Two-Face Tape: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply tape strips symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign without slippage. Keep strips away from edges to prevent visibility at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage tape adhesive.

C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as signs are installed.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 102615 - WALL AND CORNER GUARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Bed rails fabricated from HDPE sheet.
2. Corner guards and end-wall guards.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: for each type of product indicated.

B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each finish required, 12 inches (300 mm) long.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For each corner guard unit to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, NFPA 255, or UL 723 by UL or another qualified testing agency.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer’s standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of wall and corner guard units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Aluminum Extrusions: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, but with not less than strength and durability properties specified in ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) for Alloy 6063-T5.

B. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless-steel, or other noncorrosive metal screws, bolts, and other fasteners compatible with items being fastened. Use security-type fasteners where exposed to view.

C. Adhesive: As recommended by corner guard manufacturer and with a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
2.2 BED RAILS

A. Profile: As indicated on Drawings.

B. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.3 CORNER GUARDS

A. Surface-Mounted, Metal Corner Guards: Fabricated from one-piece, formed or extruded metal with formed edges; with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition.

1. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Construction Specialties, Inc.; CO-8, or comparable product by one of the following:
   a. Balco, Inc.
   b. IPC Door and Wall Protection Systems; Division of InPro Corporation.
   c. Korogard Wall Protection Systems; a division of RJF International Corporation.

2. Material: Stainless steel, Type 304.
   a. Thickness: Minimum 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm).
   b. Finish: Directional satin, No. 4.

3. Height: 7 ft.
4. Wing Size: Nominal 3-1/2 by 3-1/2 inches.
5. Corner Radius: 3/16 inch.

2.4 END-WALL GUARDS

A. Surface-Mounted, Metal, End-Wall Guards: Fabricated from one-piece, formed or extruded metal that covers entire end of wall; with formed edges.

1. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Construction Specialties, Inc.; SCO-8, or comparable product by one of the following:
   a. Balco, Inc.
   b. IPC Door and Wall Protection Systems; Division of InPro Corporation.
   c. Korogard Wall Protection Systems; a division of RJF International Corporation.

2. Material: Stainless steel, Type 304.
   a. Thickness: Minimum 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm).
   b. Finish: Directional satin, No. 4.

3. Height: 7 ft.
4. Wing Size: Nominal 3-1/2 by 3-1/2 inches.
5. Corner Radius: 3/16 inch.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install wall and corner guard units level, plumb, and true to line without distortions. Do not use materials with chips, cracks, voids, stains, or other defects that might be visible in the finished Work.

1. Install wall and corner guard units in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
2. Provide mounting hardware, anchors, and other accessories required for a complete installation.
   a. Provide anchoring devices to withstand imposed loads.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 102813 - TOILET ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Washroom accessories.
2. Shower accessories.
3. Childcare accessories.
4. Underlavatory guards.
5. Custodial accessories.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.

1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
2. Identify products using designations indicated.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For toilet and bath accessories to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Mirror Warranty: Manufacturer’s standard form in which manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that develop visible silver spoilage defects and that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide named products by Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc. or comparable product by one of the following:

1. American Specialties, Inc.
2. Bradley Corporation.
2.2 TOILET ACCESSORIES

A. Toilet Tissue (Roll) Dispenser:

2. Description: Double-roll dispenser.
5. Capacity: Designed for up to 6-inch diameter tissue rolls.

B. Paper Towel (Folded) Dispenser:

2. Cabinet Construction: All-welded.
4. Minimum Capacity: 400 C-fold or 525 multifold towels.
5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
7. Refill Indicators: Pierced slots at sides or front.

C. Paper Towel (Roll) Dispenser:

2. Description: Single-roll dispenser.
4. Operation: Controlled delivery with vandal-resistant spindle; revolves 3/4 revolution on each dispensing operation, then automatically returns to original position.
5. Capacity: Designed for up to 6-inch diameter rolls.

D. Liquid-Soap Dispenser:

2. Description: Designed for dispensing all-purpose hand soap.
5. Materials: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) for unit body with black molded plastic push button and spout.
7. Refill Indicator: Window type.

E. Grab Bar:

3. Material: Stainless steel, 0.05 inch (1.3 mm) thick.
   a. Finish: Smooth, No. 4 finish (satin).
5. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings.
F. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit:
   3. Door or Cover: Self-closing, disposal-opening cover and hinged face panel with tumbler lockset.
   5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).

G. Seat-Cover Dispenser:
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick; B-301.
   5. Lockset: Tumbler type.

H. Framed Mirror Unit:
   2. Frame: Stainless-steel angle, 0.05 inch (1.3 mm) thick.
      a. Corners: Welded and ground smooth.
   3. Integral Shelf: 5 inches (127 mm) deep.
   4. Hangers: Produce rigid, tamper- and theft-resistant installation, using one of the following methods:
      a. One-piece, galvanized-steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
      b. Wall bracket of galvanized steel, equipped with concealed locking devices requiring a special tool to remove.
   5. Size: As indicated on Drawings.

2.3 SHOWER ACCESSORIES

A. Shower Curtain Rod:
   2. Description: 1-inch (25.4-mm) OD; fabricated from nominal 0.0375-inch (1.0-mm) thick stainless steel.
   4. Finish: No. 4 (satin).

B. Shower Curtain Hooks:
   2. Description: Stainless-steel, spring wire curtain hooks with snap fasteners, sized to accommodate specified curtain rod. Provide one hook per curtain grommet.
C. Robe Hook in Showers:
   2. Description: Single-prong unit.

2.4 CHILD CARE ACCESSORIES

A. Diaper-Changing Station:
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Koala Kare Products, a division of Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.; KB110-SSWM.
   2. Description: Horizontal unit that opens by folding down from stored position and with child-protection strap.
      a. Engineered to support a minimum of 250-lb (113-kg) static load when opened.
   3. Mounting: Surface mounted, with unit projecting not more than 4 inches (100 mm) from wall when closed.
   5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin), with replaceable insulated polystyrene tray liner and rounded plastic corners.

2.5 UNDERLAVATORY GUARDS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   1. Plumberex Specialty Products, Inc.
   2. Truebro by IPS Corporation.

B. Underlavatory Guard:
   1. Description: Insulating pipe covering for supply and drain piping assemblies that prevent direct contact with and burns from piping; allow service access without removing coverings.

2.6 CUSTODIAL ACCESSORIES

A. Mop and Broom Holder:
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick; B-224x36.
   2. Description: Unit with shelf, hooks, holders, and rod suspended beneath shelf.
   3. Length: 36 inches (914 mm).
   5. Mop/Broom Holders: Four, spring-loaded, rubber hat, cam type.
      a. Shelf: Not less than nominal 0.05-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick stainless steel.
      b. Rod: Approximately 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter stainless steel.
2.7  FABRICATION

A.  Keys:  Provide universal keys for internal access to accessories for servicing and resupplying.  Provide minimum of six keys to Owner's representative.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1  INSTALLATION

A.  Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer.  Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.

B.  Grab Bars:  Install to withstand a downward load of at least 250 lbf (1112 N), when tested according to ASTM F 446.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 104413 - FIRE PROTECTION CABINETS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY
   A. Section Includes: Fire-protection cabinets for portable fire extinguishers.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS
   A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
   A. Maintenance Data: For fire-protection cabinets to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 COORDINATION
   A. Coordinate size of fire-protection cabinets to ensure that type and capacity of fire extinguishers indicated are accommodated.
   B. Coordinate sizes and locations of fire-protection cabinets with wall depths.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FIRE-PROTECTION CABINET
   A. Cabinet Type: Suitable for fire extinguisher.

   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Larsens Manufacturing Company; Cameo Series, Model SS C 2409-6R, or comparable product by one of the following:

      a. Guardian Fire Equipment, Inc.
      b. JL Industries, Inc.; a division of the Activar Construction Products Group.
      c. Nystrom.

   B. Cabinet Material: Cold-rolled steel sheet.

   C. Semirecessed Cabinet: One-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend).

      1. Rolled-Edge Trim: 2-1/2-inch (64-mm) backbend depth.

   D. Cabinet Door and Trim Material: Stainless-steel sheet.

   E. Door Style: Full acrylic bubble with frame.

   F. Door Glazing: Molded acrylic bubble.

      1. Acrylic Bubble Color: Clear, transparent.
G. Door Hardware: Manufacturer's standard door-operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated.

H. Materials:

1. Cold-Rolled Steel: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
   a. Finish: Baked enamel or powder coat.
   b. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer’s full range.

2. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 666, Type 304.
   a. Finish: No. 4 directional satin finish.

2.2 FABRICATION

A. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Provide manufacturer’s standard box (tub) with trim, frame, door, and hardware to suit cabinet type, trim style, and door style indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Prepare recesses for semirecessed fire-protection cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and trim style.

B. Install fire protection cabinets in locations and at mounting heights indicated or, if not indicated, at heights acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and as directed by Architect.

C. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Fasten cabinets to structure, square and plumb.

D. Adjust fire-protection cabinet doors to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.
SECTION 104416 - FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Portable, hand-carried fire extinguishers.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fire extinguishers to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate type and capacity of fire extinguishers with fire-protection cabinets to ensure fit and function.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer’s standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fire extinguishers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Special Warranty Period: 6 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."

B. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

2.2 PORTABLE, HAND-CARRIED FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

A. Fire Extinguishers: Type, size, and capacity for each fire-protection cabinet indicated.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

   a. Amerex Corporation.
   b. Ansul Incorporated.
   c. Badger Fire Protection.
   d. Fire End & Croker Corporation.
e. Guardian Fire Equipment, Inc.

f. JL Industries, Inc.; a division of the Activar Construction Products Group.

g. Larsens Manufacturing Company.

h. Moon American.

i. Nystrom Building Products.

j. Potter Roemer LLC.

k. Pyro-Chem; Tyco Safety Products.

l. Strike First Corporation of America.

2. Instruction Labels: Include pictorial marking system complying with NFPA 10, Appendix B.

B. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in enameled-steel container.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Examine fire extinguishers for proper charging and tagging.

1. Remove and replace damaged, defective, or undercharged fire extinguishers.

B. General: Install fire extinguishers in locations indicated and in compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 107516 - GROUND-SET FLAGPOLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Ground-set flagpoles made from aluminum, including the following:
   1. Lighting assembly with mechanism that rotates with the flag.

B. Owner-Furnished Material: Flags.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.
   1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, operating characteristics, fittings, accessories, and finishes for flagpoles.

B. Shop Drawings: For flagpoles. Include plans, elevations, and attachment details. Show general arrangement, jointing, fittings, accessories, grounding, anchoring, and support.

C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish, in manufacturer’s standard sizes.

D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For flagpoles.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For flagpoles to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain flagpoles as complete units, including fittings, accessories, bases, and anchorage devices, from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design flagpole assemblies.

B. Structural Performance: Flagpole assemblies, including anchorages and supports, shall withstand design loads indicated within limits and under conditions indicated.
   1. Wind Loads: Determine according to NAAMM FP 1001. Ultimate wind speed for Project location is 120 mph.

2.3 ALUMINUM FLAGPOLES

A. Aluminum Flagpoles: Cone-tapered flagpoles fabricated from seamless extruded tubing complying with ASTM B 241/B 241M, Alloy 6063, with a minimum wall thickness of 3/16 inch (4.8 mm).
1. **Basis-of-Design Product:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Concord American Flagpole (ConcordAmericanFlagpole.com); Titan Series, Model IWW40D82-SAT, or comparable product by the following:
   a. Morgan-Francis Flagpoles and Accessories.

B. **Exposed Height:** 40 feet (12 m).

C. **Pole Butt Diameter:** 8 inches.

D. **Metal Foundation Tube:** Manufacturer's standard corrugated-steel foundation tube, 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) wall thickness with 3/16-inch (4.8-mm) steel bottom plate and support plate; 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel ground spike; and steel centering wedges welded together. Galvanize foundation tube after assembly. Furnish loose hardwood wedges at top of foundation tube for plumbing pole.

2.4 **FITTINGS**

A. **Internal Halyard, Winch System:** Manually operated winch with control stop device and removable handle, stainless-steel cable halyard, and concealed revolving truck assembly with plastic-coated counterweight and sling. Furnish flush access door secured with cylinder lock. Finish truck assembly to match flagpole.

1. **Halyard Flag Snaps:** Nylon swivel snap hooks with neoprene or vinyl covers. Furnish two per halyard.

2.5 **FLAGPOLE LIGHTING**

A. **Lighting Package:** Flagpole manufacturer’s optional assembly designed to light flag from top of pole; certified as an IDA Approved Dark-Sky Friendly Fixture by the International Dark Sky Association (IDA).

1. **Basis-of-Design Product:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Concord American Flagpole; American Beacon Flagpole Lighting, Beacon Plus Dual Light, Model ABW2-30FP-SAT.
2. **Type:** Internal winch system – wire halyard, 459-degree revolving truck.
3. **Power:** 12 V system with driver contained inside the truck.
4. **Lighting Fixtures:** Warm White, 3000K LED lights.

2.6 **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS**

A. **Drainage Material:** Crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel; coarse aggregate.

B. **Sand:** ASTM C 33/C 33M, fine aggregate.

C. **Elastomeric Joint Sealant:** Single-component nonsag urethane or single-component neutral-curing silicone joint sealant complying with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

D. **Bituminous Paint:** Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187/D 1187M.

2.7 **ALUMINUM FINISHES**

A. **Natural Satin Finish:** AA-M32, fine, directional, medium satin polish; buff complying with AA-M20; seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Prepare uncoated metal flagpoles that are set in foundation tubes by painting below-grade portions with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.

B. Foundation Excavation: Excavate to neat clean lines in undisturbed soil. Remove loose soil and foreign matter from excavation and moisten earth before placing concrete. Place and compact drainage material at excavation bottom.

C. Foundation Tube: Place foundation tube, center, and brace to prevent displacement during concreting. Place concrete. Plumb and level foundation tube and allow concrete to cure.

D. Place concrete, as specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete." Compact concrete in place by using vibrators. Moist-cure exposed concrete for no fewer than seven days or use nonstaining curing compound.

E. Trowel exposed concrete surfaces to a smooth, dense finish, free of trowel marks, and uniform in texture and appearance. Provide positive slope for water runoff to perimeter of concrete base.

3.2 FLAGPOLE INSTALLATION

A. General: Install flagpoles where indicated and according to Shop Drawings and manufacturer’s written instructions.

B. Foundation Tube: Place flagpole in tube, seated on bottom plate between steel centering wedges, and install hardwood wedges to secure flagpole in place. Place and compact sand in foundation tube and remove hardwood wedges. Seal top of foundation tube with a 2-inch (50-mm) layer of elastomeric joint sealant and cover with flashing collar.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 110513 - COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: General requirements for single-phase and polyphase, general-purpose, horizontal, alternating-current, small and medium, squirrel-cage induction motors, installed at equipment manufacturer's factory, and motors shipped separately by equipment manufacturer for field installation.

1.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and accessory devices and features to be compatible with the following:

1. Motor controllers.
2. Torque, speed, and horsepower requirements of the load.
3. Ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and required control sequence.
4. Ambient and environmental conditions of installation location.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with requirements in this Section except when stricter requirements are specified in equipment schedules or Sections.

B. Comply with NEMA MG 1 unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS

A. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 40 deg C and at altitude of 3300 feet (1000 m) above sea level.

B. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.

2.3 POLYPHASE MOTORS

A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.

B. Efficiency: Energy efficient, as defined in NEMA MG 1.

C. Service Factor: 1.15.

D. Multispeed Motors: Variable torque.

1. For motors with 2:1 speed ratio, consequent pole, single winding.
2. For motors with other than 2:1 speed ratio, separate winding for each speed.

F.  **Bearings:** Regreasable, shielded, antifriction ball bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.

G.  **Temperature Rise:** Match insulation rating.

H.  **Insulation:** Class F unless otherwise indicated.

I.  **Code Letter Designation:**
   
   1.  Motors 15 HP and Larger: NEMA starting Code F or Code G.
   2.  Motors Smaller Than 15 HP: Manufacturer’s standard starting characteristic.

J.  **Enclosure Material:** Cast iron for motor frame sizes 324T and larger; rolled steel for motor frame sizes smaller than 324T.

### 2.4 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR POLYPHASE MOTORS

A.  **Motors Used with Reduced-Voltage and Multispeed Controllers:** Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.

B.  **Motors Used with Variable Frequency Controllers:** Ratings, characteristics, and features coordinated with and approved by controller manufacturer.

   1.  **Windings:** Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width modulated inverters.
   2.  **Energy- and Premium-Efficient Motors:** Class B temperature rise; Class F insulation.
   3.  **Inverter-Duty Motors:** Class F temperature rise; Class H insulation.
   4.  **Thermal Protection:** Comply with NEMA MG 1 requirements for thermally protected motors.

### 2.5 SINGLE-PHASE MOTORS

A.  **Motors larger than 1/20 hp shall be one of the following, to suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor application:**

   1.  Permanent-split capacitor.
   2.  Split phase.
   3.  Capacitor start, inductor run.
   4.  Capacitor start, capacitor run.

B.  **Multispeed Motors:** Variable-torque, permanent-split-capacitor type.

C.  **Bearings:** Prelubricated, antifriction ball bearings or sleeve bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.

D.  **Motors 1/20 HP and Smaller:** Shaded-pole type.

E.  **Thermal Protection:** Internal protection to automatically open power supply circuit to motor when winding temperature exceeds a safe value calibrated to temperature rating of motor insulation. Thermal-protection device shall automatically reset when motor temperature returns to normal range.
PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 113013 - RESIDENTIAL APPLIANCES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Kitchen and laundry appliance including:
   2. Kitchen exhaust ventilation.
   5. Coffee maker and server station.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranties: Manufacturer’s standard warranty for each appliance.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each residential appliance to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Warranties: Provide manufacturer’s standard warranty for each appliance.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 APPLIANCES

A. Gas Range: Freestanding range with griddle and convection oven.
   2. Width: 36 inches.
   4. Anti-Tip Device: Manufacturer’s standard.

B. Microwave Drawer Oven: Opens and closes with touch of button.
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: Viking Range Corporation; Professional 5 Series, Model VMOD5240SS.
   3. Width: 24 inches.
   5. Microwave Power Rating: 1000 W.
   7. Quantity: One.
C. Overhead Exhaust Hood: Chimney-style, wall-mounted hood.

2. Width: 30 inches.
3. Height: 18 inches.
4. Exhaust Fan: Remotely located, with separate housing and with 1500-cfm capacity.
   a. Venting: Vented to outside through roof.

D. Refrigerator/Freezer: Two-door, side-by-side refrigerator/freezer.

2. Type: Built in.
3. Width: 42 inches.
4. Storage Capacity:
   a. Refrigeration Compartment Volume: 15.76 cu. ft.
5. Features:
   a. Interior LED lighting in refrigeration and freezer compartments.
   b. Automatic defrost.
7. Front Panels: Manufacturer’s standard.

E. Dishwasher:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Viking Range Corporation; Premiere Dishwasher, Model VDWU524SS.
2. Type: Built-in undercounter.
3. Width: 24 inches.
4. Front Panel: Manufacturer’s standard.

F. Plumbed Coffee Maker: Dual voltage adaptable; with color touchscreen.


G. Coffee Server:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: BUNN®; GEN3 Server with Base, with ThermoFresh® Digital Sight Gauge, Model 42750.0200.
2. Capacity: 1.5 gal. (5.7 L).
H. Clothes Washer: High-capacity, high-efficiency model; Wi-Fi enabled.
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: LG Appliances; Model WM3460CV.
   2. Type: Freestanding, front-loading unit.
   4. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
   5. Appliance Color/Finish: Graphite steel.

I. Clothes Dryer: High-capacity, high-efficiency model; Wi-Fi enabled with Sensor Dry Technology.
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: LG Appliances; Model DLE3460V.
   2. Type: Freestanding, frontloading, electric unit.
   5. Quantity: Three.

J. Laundry Pedestal:
   1. Basis-of-Design Product: LG Appliances; Model WPD4V.
   2. Pedestal Storage Drawer: Manufacturer's standard height laundry pedestal with storage drawer, matching appliance finish.
   3. Quantity: Six; one for each washer and dryer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Built-in Equipment: Securely anchor units to supporting cabinets or countertops with concealed fasteners. Verify that clearances are adequate for proper functioning and that rough openings are completely concealed.

B. Freestanding Equipment: Place units in final locations after finishes have been completed in each area. Verify that clearances are adequate to properly operate equipment.

C. Range Anti-Tip Device: Install at each range according to manufacturer's written instructions.

D. Utilities: Comply with plumbing and electrical requirements.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform tests and inspections.

B. Tests and Inspections:
   1. Perform visual, mechanical, and electrical inspection and testing for each appliance according to manufacturers' written recommendations. Certify compliance with each manufacturer's appliance-performance parameters.
   2. Leak Test: After installation, test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
   3. Operational Test: After installation, start units to confirm proper operation.
   4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and components.
C. An appliance will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 118129 - FACILITY FALL PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Ladder fall protection systems.
2. Safety and tie-back anchors (rigging pick points).
3. Custom climbing rope anchor assemblies.
4. Design, detailing and engineering facility fall protection to fulfill performance requirements and conform to design intent.

1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1. Attendees: Facility fall protection Installer and representatives of Installers of related work involved in or affected by the installation and its coordination or integration with other installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Attendees shall include Installers of roof structure and deck, roofing and related systems, exterior glazing systems and other facade components or assemblies that involve support or anchorage of facility fall protection.

2. Agenda: Review progress of other construction activities and preparations for facility fall protection, including requirements for the following:

   a. Submittals.
   b. Possible conflicts.
   c. Manufacturer’s written instructions.
   d. Operation and access limitations.
   e. Regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
   f. Testing and inspecting requirements.
   g. Coordination with other work.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of facility fall protection indicated.

2. Include load capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

B. Shop Drawings: For facility fall protection and systems, showing layout and configuration of complete suspended cleaning and maintenance systems.

1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details.

2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, loads, operating clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

3. Show connections and anchorage to building construction and interface with roofing systems, wall construction and other building elements.

4. Include installation and rigging instructions, and all necessary Restrictive and Non-Restrictive Working Usage Notes and General Safety Notes.
C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For facility fall protection and systems, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Plans and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of supporting construction and related Work:

1. Safety and tie-back anchors.
2. Climbing rope anchor assemblies.

B. Qualification Data: For Installer and manufacturer.

C. Welding certificates.

D. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For facility fall protection and systems to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing facility fall protection, and specializing in the design, fabrication and installation of systems and accessories similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.

1. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings, design calculations, and other structural data by a qualified professional engineer.

C. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of facility fall protection and systems that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.

D. Installer Qualifications: The manufacturer, or an entity approved by manufacturer that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and qualified in installation of the types of facility fall protection indicated for Project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer to design facility fall protection and systems to accommodate the specific conditions of the Project and to comply with requirements indicated.
B. Structural Performance: Provide facility fall protection capable of withstanding the loads required without exceeding the allowable design working stresses of the materials involved, including anchors and connections. Apply each load to produce the maximum stress in each applicable component.

1. Loads, General: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, with applicable code requirements, and with referenced standards and regulations.
2. Fall Arrest Safety Anchors: Design to resist a 10,000-lb. load in any direction without detachment or fracture.
3. Primary Support Equipment: Capable of sustaining without failure not less than four times the maximum static working load applied or transmitted to the components; or a 4 to 1 stability factor.

C. Design Requirements:

1. Locate safety anchors to suit equipment that will be used on the building to accommodate reach, rigging, spacing, roof edge conditions, and similar provisions.
2. Design anchor components to provide adequate attachment to the building, to suit current window cleaning and suspended maintenance practices, and for compatibility with industry standard equipment.

2.2 LADDER FALL PROTECTION

A. Ladder Fall Protection Systems: Vertical rail anchored to ladders, with sliding fall-arrestor integrated shock-absorbing element.

1. Quantity and Locations: Provide one ladder fall protection system assembly for each straight ladder in the Project, including ladders with safety cages, and spare assembly.
2. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Honeywell International Inc. (millerfallprotection.com); Miller GlideLoc® Vertical Height Access Ladder System Kits, including the following:
   a. Fall Arrestor for Attachment anywhere on Rail: Universal II GlideLoc Fall Arrestor.
3. Components: Provide manufacturer’s standard components for a complete ladder fall protection system assembly, including the following:
   b. Rung Clamps: Quantity and spacing recommended by manufacturer, but no fewer than four clamps for each system.
   c. End-Stop: For top and bottom of rail.
   d. Fall Arrestors: Types and quantity indicated or as recommended by manufacturer for conditions of installation and intended use.

2.3 SAFETY ANCHORS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Trinity Technical Solutions Inc. (riggingpickpoints.com); Rigging Pick Points.

B. General: Provide anchor units designed for to anchoring to concrete structure.

1. Load Test: Provide safety anchor devices that have been tested at manufacturer’s facility to 125 percent of certified capacity.
C. Base Plates and Other Sections: Galvanized steel with yield strength, thickness and securement to suit application.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install facility fall protection according to approved shop drawings and manufacturer’s recommendations.

B. Secure facility fall protection to building structure as indicated, set with units at proper height and position for intended use.

C. Deform threads of tail end of anchor studs after nuts have been tightened to prevent accidental removal or vandalism.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Special Inspections: Owner will engage a qualified special inspector to perform special inspections required by authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Manufacturer’s Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.

C. Perform the following tests and inspections, witnessed by a qualified independent testing agency and certified as safe for intended use by a qualified Professional Engineer:

1. Test each anchor that relies on chemical adhesive fasteners using load cell test apparatus according to manufacturer’s instructions.

D. Facility fall protection will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust equipment and leave in proper working order.

B. Adjust moving parts and operable components to function smoothly, as recommended by manufacturer.

C. Complete "Initial Inspection -- Certification for Use" form included in Equipment Manual and Inspection Log Book.

D. Instruct Owner’s designated personnel in proper handling, assembly, adjusting, disassembly, and maintenance of facility fall protection units and systems.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 121000 - PUBLIC ART REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. The City’s Art in Public Places (AIPP) ordinances mandates that two percent (2%) of the total of each revenue bond net proceeds for capital improvement projects to be used for the acquisition of works of art in public places.

B. The City of Santa Fe Arts and Culture Department will commission an Artist to be responsible for design, fabrication and installation at the location indicated on the drawings.

C. The Public Art program has not yet been determined as of the writing of this document. The Artist will provide an original two or three dimensional artwork(s) for the Fire Station #2. The primary location identified for the Public Art includes the interior building lobby and public areas hallways and corridors, meeting and conference rooms, glazing treatment in the garage area, and possible exterior plaza/entryway area but not without also locating art at a primary and prominent location. The artwork may take a variety of forms including, but not limited to, porcelain metal panel, art glass, mosaic, relief, screens, light, passive kinetic, optical effects and/or other long-term material. The artwork should last a minimum of 10 years with minimal maintenance costs.

D. The theme for the art has not yet been determined, but there are a number of values that should be considered.
   1. The Fire Department’s role in fire prevention, fighting.
   2. Provides emergency medical services.
   3. Mobile Integrated Health-Community Paramedicine (MIH-CP) to meet the needs of the community to improve the health, provide higher customer service, reduce systems cost through case management and social work services.

E. The General Contractor should allow for incorporation of art during the project design and construction.

F. The General Contractor shall cooperate with the Artist(s) to ensure the Artwork(s) will be facilitated and completed in a timely manner.

1.2 GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND ARTIST COORDINATION

A. Public Art is an integral element of project visioning, design and implementation. The objectives on the Fire Station #2 are built on the belief that art has the ability to address social and place-based dynamics. The General Contractor’s responsibility is to cooperate and with the Artist to facilitate the Artist’s design process and installation of the artwork and ensure that no impediment will hinder the proper accomplishment of the artwork.
   1. The Artist will have complied with the standard insurance requirements that the City demands of all contractors and participate and abide by City’s Contractor Safety Program while on site.
   2. It is expected that the Artist will pay for all transportation, shipping, delivery, receiving, and protective cover of the artwork. The Artist will pick up, manage the transportation, and place the artwork within the project site.
   3. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network.
   4. The General Contractor shall include the Artist in meetings for construction coordination, and any other elements integral to the overall project development. General Contractor shall include in the project schedule the Public Art milestones during design and construction. Coordination
activities shall include, but are not limited to; electrical, lighting, structural support preparation and installation, and other support elements that require coordination.

5. The Arts Department shall manage the implementation of the Public Art project, in conjunction with the Public Works Department, the Governing Body, the General Contractor and other stakeholders as needed. The selected artist will be contracted through the Arts Department.

6. The General Contractor will have an opportunity to participate during the Public Art design development phase which entails three to five meetings.

B. The General Contractor on-site superintendent, or a designated artwork project coordinator, shall be assigned the responsibility for artist coordination. This person shall be invested with the authority to speak and act on behalf of the General Contractor, be accessible during the artwork installation time frame, and be available to interact with the Artist as needed. The duties of the artwork project coordinator shall include the following:
   1. Provide overall coordination of the artwork related activities including, but not limited to, providing detailed constructability and sequencing review throughout each phase, act as liaison between General Contractor’s team, City Project Team and Artist during the project coordination meetings, assessment and incorporation of electrical / lighting requirements, determining and communicating impacts to structural attachments.
   2. Provide response to Artist regarding project related questions and Requests for Information (RFI) within 48 hours.
   3. Provide clear and advanced notifications related to changes in dimensions, scope of work, budget or other factors impacting the Artist or the Artwork in a timely manner, but no less than 30 calendar days.
   4. Coordinate shared access to work spaces;
   5. Ensure that electric power and water resources are readily available;
   6. Ensure that toilets are made available to the Artist and his associates at no cost to the Artist;
   7. Coordinate the installation of the art piece with the Artist to mutually avoid interferences.

1.3 MEETING

A. The Public Art Project Manager will convene a project kick-off meeting with the Artist. The purpose of this meeting is to introduce the principal parties involved, review the scope of work, and design and establish lines of communication. The City and the General Contractor will be included in the meeting. Minutes of this meeting will be recorded by the Public Arts Project Manager.

B. Convene a mutual understanding meeting with the Artist, City, and General Contractor in attendance. This meeting may be a telephone conference call, or an in-person conference at the site of the artwork. The purpose of this meeting is to develop a mutual understanding of the artwork supply chain, storage, refuse handling, administration, and documentation for on-site work. The Artist and the General Contractor shall describe and explain to each other in detail their requirements for scheduling, preparation, and execution of the Artwork.

C. Convene an imminent operations meeting. Immediately before delivery of the Artwork to the site of the installation, the General Contractor and Artist shall meet to discuss their detail requirements as to mobilization, logistics, temporary facilities, parking, and other preparatory activities. The Artist shall define the boundaries required for the installation, and provide the necessary protection measures to protect finishes and landscape. Any damage to finishes, within the boundaries of the artwork installation, are the sole responsibility of the Artist.

D. Convene artwork in process meetings. After the start of on-site installation of the artwork, the General Contractor and the Artist shall meet as necessary to resolve any problem that could arise and to facilitate the proper completion of the Artwork.
E. Convene an Artwork Acceptance meeting. At a time promptly after the artwork has been completed, the General Contractor, Artist and City shall mutually inspect the artwork and document the finalized condition. Once the City accepts the completed artwork, it shall become the property of the City and shall come under the care and custodianship of the General Contractor who shall maintain in-place the protective materials left there by the Artist, and shall protect and preserve the completed artwork until the City’s acceptance and occupancy of the building. The General Contractor will be responsible for the removal of protection and final cleanup, with the Artist’s supervision, prior to the acceptance by the City.

1.4 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULING

A. The General Contractor shall include the artwork in the project schedule when made available by the Artist.

B. The General Contractor and Artist shall mutually cooperate to conform to all milestones, constraints, and sequences indicated in the project schedule.

C. If there is any potential impact on the artwork’s installation that will adversely affect the timely completion of the artwork, the General Contractor and Artist shall each immediately notify the City in writing. Upon discovery of any adverse variance, the General Contractor shall collaborate with the Artist to cure the variance and deter the further occurrence of adverse effects.

D. The status of the artwork shall be shown in the schedule updates and shall reflect relevant changes from the approved schedule. Notify the Artist of any change that will affect the delivery and performance of artwork at the site.
   1. It is expected that the Artist will give at least 30 calendar days advance notice of the start of on-site artwork installation.
   2. It is expected that artwork installation will be performed during regular business hours. Approval from the City is required should the Artist choose to work after hours or holidays and requires the General Contractor to provide access to the project site. City Inspectors will not be required to work overtime due to Artwork.

1.5 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

A. The Contractor shall allow the Artist and their associates free access to water and electricity. The Artist will be required to provide his own extension cords, hoses or other means of conveying water and power from the General Contractor provided sources to the point of use by the Artist.

B. The General Contractor shall allow the Artist and associated personnel the privilege of using the Contractor’s toilet facilities. The Artist will have the same rights as the Contractor’s employees. No special accommodations will be required for the Artist.

C. The Artist shall provide his own plastic yellow "hold back" tape, and barricades required to protect the area from accidental or unwanted invasion or intrusion. The General Contractor may provide supplemental protection if he elects to do so.

D. The Artist will provide his own tarpaulins, hardboard panels, mats, or other protective covers.

E. The General Contractor shall identify a staging area that is conveniently accessible to the area where the artwork will be installed subject to the approval of the City.

F. The General Contractor shall provide to the Artist a secure area within the project site to store artwork and/or materials and equipment during installation of the artwork. Artist may need to provide own lock.
G. Waste Containers: Packing materials, debris or trash associated with the artwork shall be allowed to be placed by the Artist into the General Contractor's dumpsters or other waste containers free of charge. Such containers shall be placed on-site conveniently accessible to the Artist. The Artist shall transport waste and deposit it in containers the same day that it is generated in order to maintain good housekeeping standards. Recyclable materials shall be placed in separate containers.

1.6 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

A. The General Contractor’s shall provide, as a part of the project’s submittal process, a method statement describing the framework for how the General Contractor’s team proposes to work with the Artist. This method statement shall address the General Contractor’s team level of experience working on projects with a Public Art component, explain the project strategy for coordinating with the Artist on the Public Art component, identify the prime contact working with the Artist, and outline how the teams will communicate with the City’s Project Manager and the Public Art Project Manager.

B. After the artwork has been completed and the City becomes the Owner of it, the General Contractor shall maintain in-place the protective materials left there by the Artist, and add enhanced protective measures as necessary to ensure that the artwork will remain unblemished until the City’s acceptance and occupancy of the building.

C. In the event of damage to the artwork, the General Contractor will immediately notify the City. It is understood by the parties that any modifications to the Artwork cannot be undertaken without the consent of the Artist and the City.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 129313 - BICYCLE RACKS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Bicycle racks for interior and exterior locations.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For bicycle racks to include in maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INTERIOR BICYCLE RACKS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Sportworks Northwest, Inc. (sportworks.com); Vertical+ No Scratch® Wall Mount Racks.

B. Bicycle Rack Construction:

1. Frame: Steel tube and pipe.
2. Protective Pad: Polyurethane.

C. Steel Finish: Galvanized and color coated.


2.2 EXTERIOR BICYCLE RACKS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Sportworks Northwest, Inc. (sportworks.com); Tofino No Scratch® Bike Rack.

B. Bicycle Rack Construction:

1. Frame: Steel tube and flat bar.
2. Protective Bumper: Santoprene TPV rubber.
3. Security: Designed to lock wheel or frame.

C. Steel Finish: Galvanized and color coated.

2.3 MATERIALS

A. Steel: Free of surface blemishes and complying with the following:

1. Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
2. Steel Pipe: Standard-weight steel pipe complying with ASTM A 53/A 53M, or electric-resistance-welded pipe complying with ASTM A 135/A 135M.
3. Tubing: Cold-formed steel tubing complying with ASTM A 500/A 500M.
4. Mechanical Tubing: Cold-rolled, electric-resistance-welded carbon or alloy steel tubing complying with ASTM A 513, or steel tubing fabricated from steel complying with ASTM A 1011/A 1011M and complying with dimensional tolerances in ASTM A 500/A 500M; zinc coated internally and externally.

B. Anchors, Fasteners, Fittings, and Hardware: Manufacturer’s standard, corrosion-resistant-coated or noncorrodible materials; commercial quality, concealed, recessed, and capped or plugged.

C. Galvanizing: Where indicated for steel and iron components, provide the following protective zinc coating applied to components after fabrication:

1. Zinc-Coated Tubing: External, zinc with organic overcoat, consisting of a minimum of 0.9 oz./sq. ft. (0.27 kg/sq. m) of zinc after welding, a chromate conversion coating, and a clear, polymer film. Internal, same as external or consisting of 81 percent zinc pigmented coating, not less than 0.3 mil (0.0076 mm) thick.
2. Hot-Dip Galvanizing: According to ASTM A 123/A 123M, ASTM A 153/A 153M, or ASTM A 924/A 924M.

2.4 FABRICATION

A. Metal Components: Form to required shapes and sizes with true, consistent curves, lines, and angles. Separate metals from dissimilar materials to prevent electrolytic action.

B. Welded Connections: Weld connections continuously. Weld solid members with full-length, full-penetration welds and hollow members with full-circumference welds. At exposed connections, finish surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness or unevenness shows after finishing and welded surface matches contours of adjoining surfaces.

C. Pipes and Tubes: Form simple and compound curves by bending members in jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required; maintain cylindrical cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of handrail and railing components.

D. Exposed Surfaces: Polished, sanded, or otherwise finished; all surfaces smooth, free of burrs, barbs, splinters, and sharpness; all edges and ends rolled, rounded, or capped.

E. Factory Assembly: Assemble components in the factory to greatest extent possible to minimize field assembly. Clearly mark units for assembly in the field.

2.5 STEEL AND GALVANIZED-STEEL FINISHES

A. Baked-Enamel, Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer’s standard, baked, polyester, powder-coat finish complying with finish manufacturer’s written instructions for surface preparation, including pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer’s written installation instructions unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Complete field assembly of bicycle racks where required.

B. Unless otherwise indicated, install bicycle racks after landscaping and paving have been completed.

C. Install bicycle racks level, plumb, true, and securely anchored at locations indicated on Drawings.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 138500 - SEISMIC PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Seismic protection and restraints for mechanical/electrical equipment and systems.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR SEISMIC RESTRAINTS


B. Project Conditions: see the General Structural Notes on the Structural Drawings for the site specific seismic design criteria.

C. Design: Design seismic restraints in accordance with stated criteria. Design shall be by a Registered Professional Engineer.

D. Install seismic protection of water pipes for fire protection systems as specified in Section 21 10 00.

E. Install seismic protection of ceilings as specified in section 09 50 00.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit details including materials, configuration and fastenings for manufactured seismic restraint devices. Submit test data approved by ICBO confirming load capacity.

B. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Include the following:

1. Seismic-Restraint Details: Detail fabrication, arrangement, locations, spacing and attachment of seismic restraints and snubbers. Show anchorage details.

C. Design Analysis for Seismic Restraints: Submit complete calculations for seismic restraints, stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer.

D. Component Certification: When ASCE 7 requires Component Certification for any particular component, submit manufacturer’s certificate of compliance indicating that the component complies with ASCE 7 requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SEISMIC RESTRAINTS

A. Provide seismic restraints of type permitted by the IBC and ASCE 7 and in accordance with the Contractor’s approved design.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SEISMIC RESTRAINT INSTALLATION

A. Install seismic restraints in accordance with the IBC, ASCE 7 and the Contractor’s approved design.

END OF SECTION 13 85 00