



CITY OF  
Santa Fe

# Camino Entrada Intersection Improvements

Virtual Public Information Meeting  
Tuesday, September 8, 5:30pm



# AGENDA



Project Team  
Introductions



Presentation



Public  
Comments



Summary and  
Closure



CITY OF  
Santa Fe



# INTRODUCTIONS



John Romero, P.E.  
Engineering Division Director

Romella Glorioso-Moss, PhD, ACIP  
Project Administrator

Tom Graham, AIA, ADAC, CASp, NCARB-ADA  
ADA Coordinator

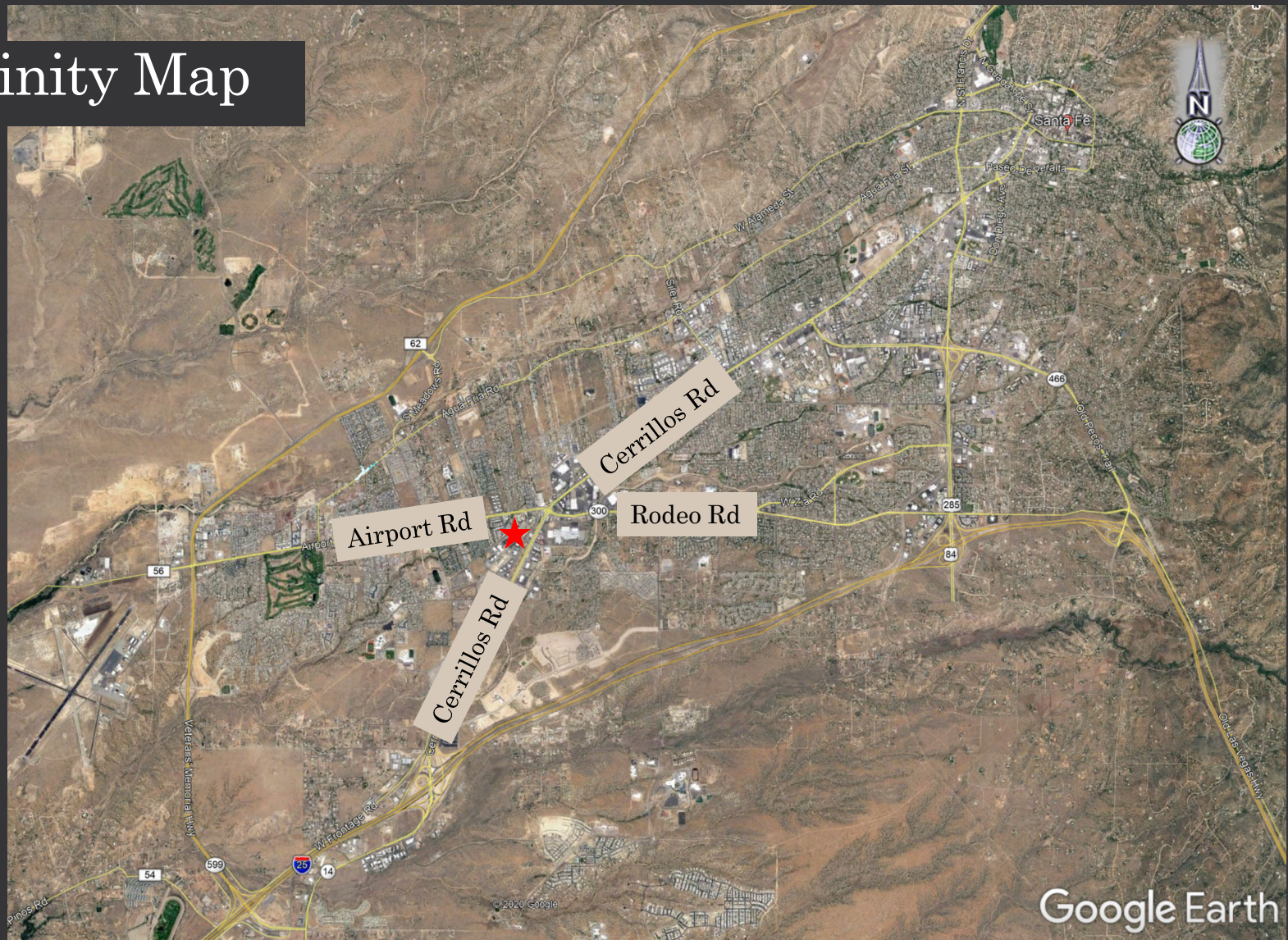
Anson Rane,  
Facilities Project Administrator



Thaddeus Yazzie, P.E.  
Project Engineer

Ivan P. Trujillo,  
Senior Project Manager

## Vicinity Map





# Project Location





# Basis of Design Southside Transit Center



# Basis of Design Traffic Study

A total of three design options were discussed to address increased pedestrian foot traffic to and from the site including:

Existing Intersection Geometry: Maintain existing lane geometry and traffic control with added Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliant pedestrian ramps and sidewalks. Under the existing lane geometry, the Camino Entrada (East-West)/ Camino Entrada (North-South) intersection will operate at a **LOS of B** or better. Pedestrian crossing lengths are much longer due to the larger footprint.

Reduced Footprint: Reduce the footprint size of the intersection by eliminating medians and lanes to provide shorter pedestrian crossing lengths. Two way stop control on the north and south approaches is maintained. Added pedestrian ramps and sidewalks is also included in this option. Under the reduced footprint option, the Camino Entrada (East-West)/Camino Entrada (North-South) intersection will operate at a LOS of B or better. Pedestrian crossing lengths will be significantly reduced and thus pedestrian safety will be increased.

Roundabout: Replace the existing geometry and traffic control with a roundabout as well as pedestrian ramps and sidewalks. The roundabout option operates at LOS A and offers the greatest safety benefits for both pedestrians and vehicles due to a significant reduction in conflict points when compared to a traditional intersection

## **Southside Transit Center Traffic Study**

**Final Report**

**November 2014**

Prepared for:



Prepared by:





# Proposed Improvements Overall View

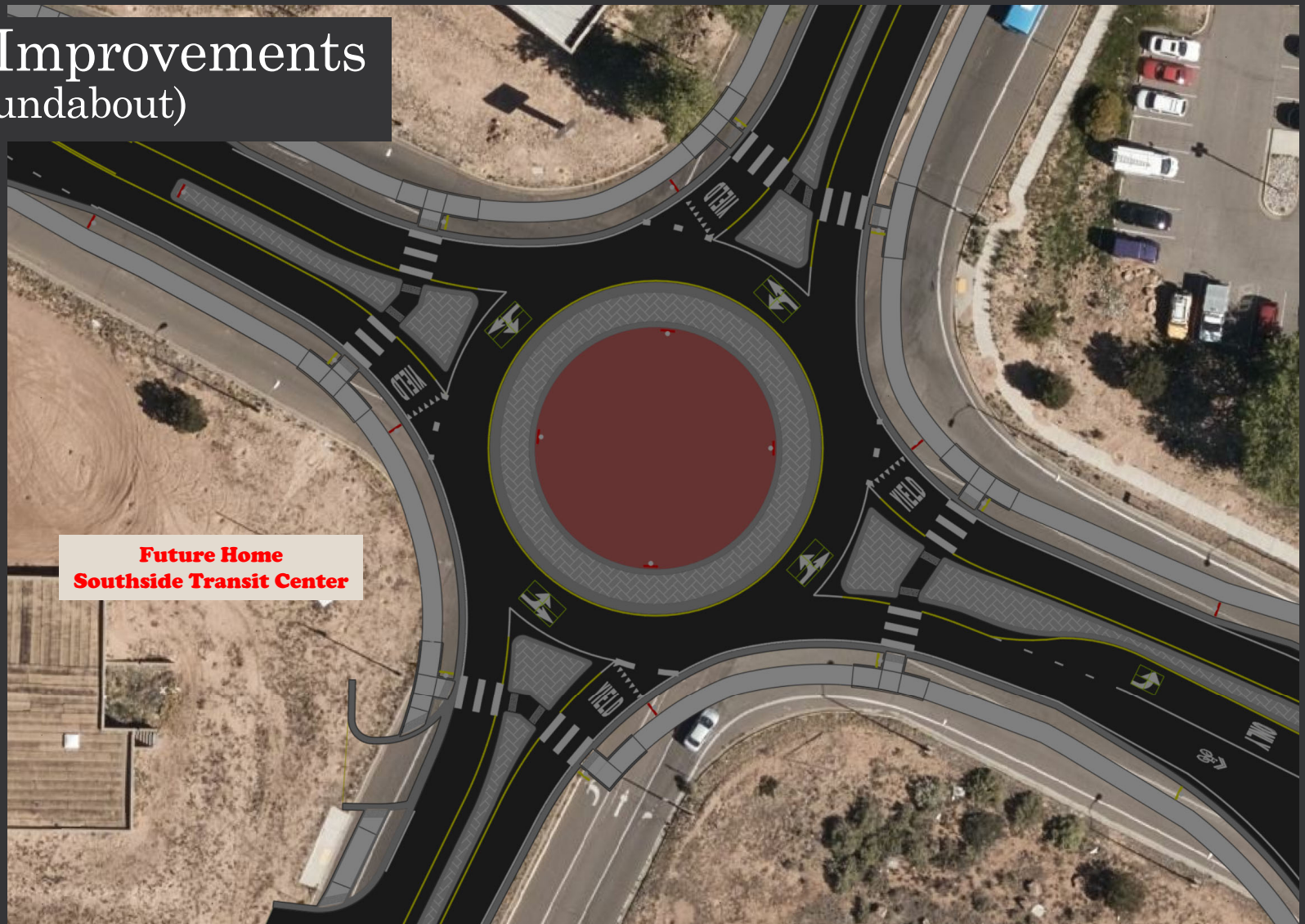




# Proposed Improvements

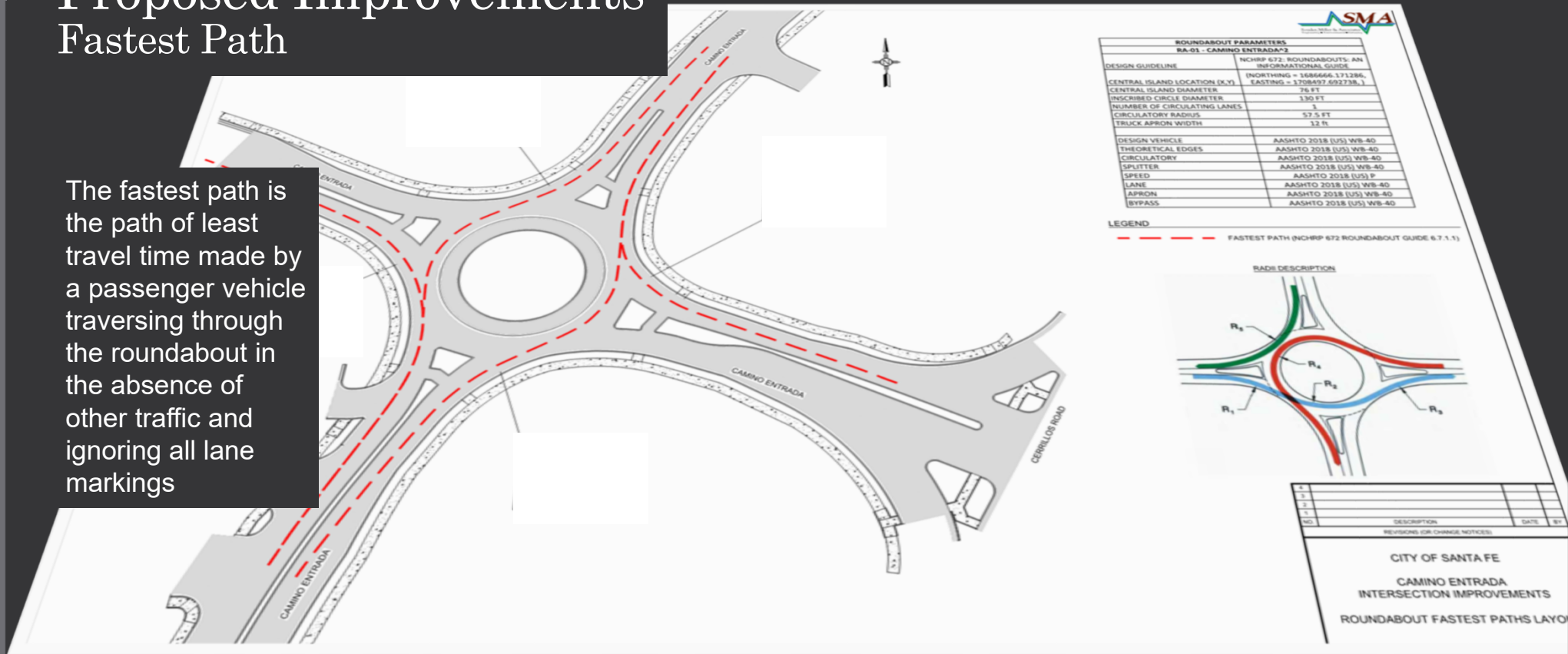
## Close-Up (Roundabout)

- ✓ Pedestrians (ADA)
- ✓ Cyclists
- ✓ Drainage
- ✓ Lighting
- ✓ Construction



# Proposed Improvements Fastest Path

The fastest path is the path of least travel time made by a passenger vehicle traversing through the roundabout in the absence of other traffic and ignoring all lane markings

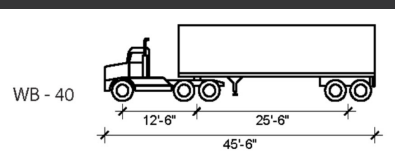


# Proposed Improvements

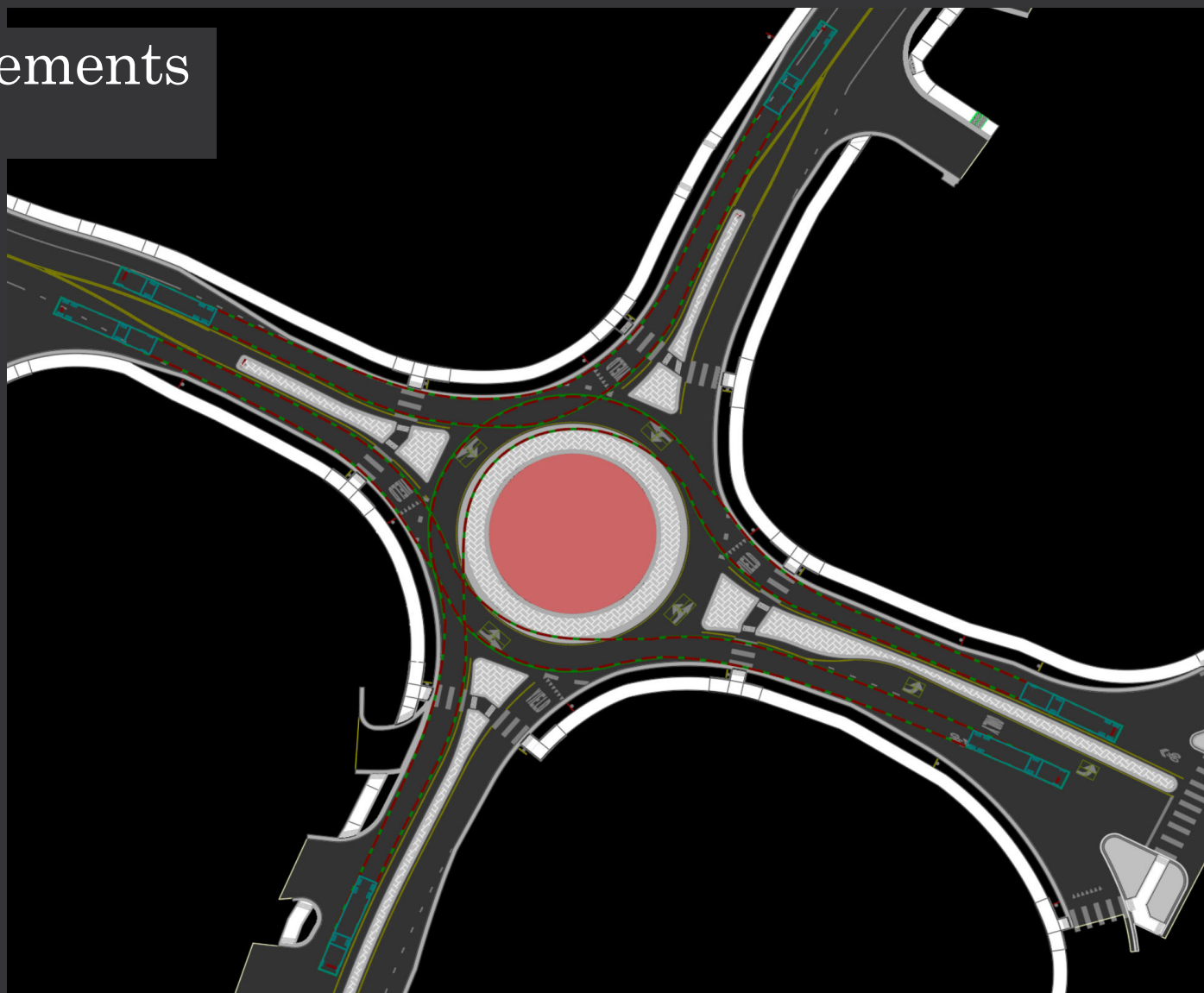
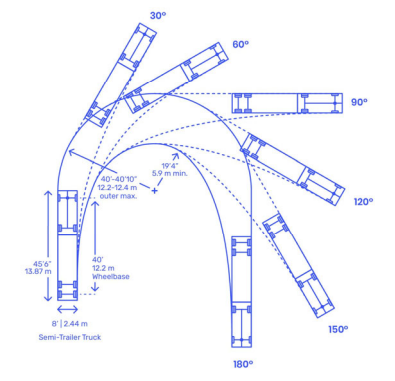
## Vehicle Tracking

### Design Vehicle (WB-40)

- Largest commonly used vehicle
- Can navigate without encroachment



Dimensions.Guide  
Semi-Trailer Truck (40' WB) Turning Paths





# Proposed Improvements 3D Rendering(s)

Aerial view:  
Looking Northeast





# Proposed Improvements 3D Rendering(s)

Aerial view:  
Looking southeast





# Proposed Improvements 3D Rendering(s)

Aerial view:  
Looking southwest





# Proposed Improvements 3D Rendering(s)

Aerial view:  
Looking southwest



# Proposed Improvements Fly-by Video



# Anticipated Project Schedule / Next Steps



**FINAL DESIGN**  
Fall / Winter 2020



**ADVERTISE /  
LETTING to  
CONSTRUCTION**  
Spring 2021



**CONSTRUCTION**  
Summer 2021

# Public Comment