

Adopted: January 11, 2012

Draft Revisions to the: Santa Fe Residential Green Building Code

Preface

The City of Santa Fe adopted the Residential Green Building Code on March 11, 2009 (Ord. 2009-09) with an effective date of July 1, 2009. Several amendments have been made to the code since its adoption. This revision is more comprehensive, making the code substantially more similar to the ICC® 700-2008 National Green Building Standard.

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INTRODUCTION TO THE CODE

The process of green building incorporates environmental considerations into every phase of the home building process. That means that during the design, construction, and operation of a home, its overall impact on the environment must be taken into account.

This Code addresses six categories relating to green building. The categories include: Lot design, Preparation and Development; Resource Efficiency; Energy Efficiency; Water Efficiency; Indoor Environmental Quality; and Operation, Maintenance, and Building Owner Education. Each section contains subsections and line items with associated points. Those items not marked “required” may be selected for points to obtain the number of points required by each section. PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE ARE ADDITIONAL 20 POINTS REQUIRED that may be selected from any section.

The Santa Fe Residential Green Building Code requires that all single family residential units reach a minimum level based on the number of heated gross square feet of the home. The level of certification is the minimum level for homes up to 3,000 heated gross square feet. Over that size, there are additional requirements for energy and water efficiency.

It should be noted that the percent of cost savings may not be exactly the same as the percentages of energy savings above. A homeowner may operate their home in a manner not anticipated by the design, and/or without proper maintenance, the equipment may not perform exactly as described by the manufacturer. In addition, weather changes could be significant from year to year. For example, maintaining higher indoor temperatures than intended by design in winter, using a large number of electricity consuming devices and increasing the number of residents in the home will increase energy consumption.

How to Use the Code

There are two underlying ideas that should be kept in mind before undertaking a green home building project. First, environmental considerations should be incorporated into the project from the very beginning. It is much harder to weave green home concepts into a project after the house plans are finished. Second, the house should be looked at as a whole as the designer or builder determines which of the line items to put into the house. For example, making a home’s building envelope tighter through air sealing and quality building techniques can affect the way in which the builder designs the home’s ventilation system. It is through such a forward-thinking process that builders can gain cost efficiencies.

Planning is critically important to the success of a green building. Changing the way things are done on a job site can be a struggle. The more buy in you can get with all people working at the jobsite, the more likely you are of ensuring a successful project.

New Mexico Green Building Code

This Code has been designed to be consistent with State of New Mexico Building Codes. This code is not intended to supersede any state requirements.

Residential Green Building Code Checklist

The checklist is available in Microsoft Excel format from the City of Santa Fe website. This format includes columns where you can indicate the number of points you will be taking. Each section of the code plus a project summary page or on different sheets within the document. You can change from one section to another using the tabs at the bottom of the page.

Point System

To ensure a holistic approach to green building, the Code requires the home achieve minimum point totals for each section. This assures that all aspects of green building are addressed and that there is a balanced, whole-systems approach.

How Homeowners Can Benefit from Green Building

Green building is much more than the environmental benefits of green building practices. Homeowners can also realize direct benefits by owning a green home. Here are some of the primary benefits that owners of green homes have experienced compared to owners of conventional homes:

Lower operating costs – Homeowners receive less expensive utility bills due to energy and water efficiency measures.

Increased comfort – Green homes have relatively even temperatures throughout the home, with fewer drafts and better humidity control.

Improved environmental quality – By following the attached guidelines, builders pay extra attention to construction details that control moisture, choose materials that contain fewer chemicals, and design air exchange/filtration systems that can contribute to a healthier indoor environment.

Enhanced durability and less maintenance – Green homes incorporate building materials and construction details that strive to increase the useful life of the individual components and the whole house. Longer-lived materials not only require fewer resources for replacement but also reduce maintenance and the economic costs of repair. Green homes have landscaping that require less weeding and watering, building elements that require less maintenance, and more durable building components that reduce the time needed for upkeep.

It is important to note that a builder can only do so much when it comes to how the home will perform. Homeowners play a big role in the house performance and, therefore, should be instructed on how to operate the green home as it was intended.

The Guide to the Santa Fe Residential Green Building Code

The guide is a separate document available on the City of Santa Fe's website.

Recognizing that some line items needed more than one-or two-sentence explanations, the Guide further explains each concept. For each line item, the Guide contains an entry with the following subheadings;

Intent – Explains the general reasons for including each line item in the guidelines and the impact that implementing the line item will have on the environment.

Additional Information / How to Implement – contains text, pictures, and formulas to help facilitate the line item's implementation.

Resources – references to books, websites, articles, and technical guides for further in-depth information related to the line item. Please note that the URLs were active and current at the time this document was created. With the significant changes occurring on the Internet and in the home building industry products and services markets, location and availability of resources will most likely change over time.

Santa Fe Residential Green Building Review and Inspection Process

The City of Santa Fe Green Building Code Administrator will review building permit applications for compliance with the Residential Green Building Code. The City of Santa Fe inspection division will inspect for most of the elements of the code, however, a city-approved third party will conduct the Home Energy Rating System (HERS) analysis and perform inspections related to thermal bypass and insulation installation at the applicant's expense. The following is needed to certify a home under the Santa Fe Residential Green Building code:

1. Become familiar with the Code and additional guidelines. Building green begins at the design stage and when selecting a lot. Set a goal for the level of certification, decide where points will be counted in each section, and write the Implementation Plan.
2. Retain a HERS Rater to analyze the building plan to verify that it is projected to meet the required HERS index, perform the third-party testing that is required, and to submit all required documentation to the City's Inspection Division.
3. When submitting for a building permit, submit documentation including: a completed Certification Checklist, Implementation Plan, and as much of the documentation as required by the verification column of the Checklist as currently available.
4. Keep track of documentation during construction. Be sure that there is documentation for the points that are being claimed. Submit results of third party inspections and other documentation to the City, as they become available.
5. Notify the Green Building Code Administrator at least 2 weeks prior to applying for Certificate of Occupancy to allow review of all submittals verifying compliance with the checklist items you are claiming have been received by the City and that all inspections have been made.

Santa Fe Residential Green Building Checklist Version 2.3



Project Information and Point Totals

Address:
 Heated Square Feet:
 Required HERS*:
 Projected HERS:
 Confirmed HERS:
 Required Water Points**:
 Main or Guest House:
 Owner Name:
 Owner Representative:
 Phone Number:
 Email:

Point Totals:	Required	Earned
Chapter 5	16	
Chapter 6	50	
Chapter 7 (0-3000=26, over 3000=35)		
Chapter 8**		
Chapter 9	14	
Chapter 10	8	
Extra Points - Any Chapter	20	
TOTAL POINTS	108	0

* Required HERS:

0 to 3000 HSF	70
3001 to 3500 HSF	65
3501 to 4000 HSF	60
4001 to 4500 HSF	55
4501 to 5000 HSF	50
5001 to 5600 HSF	45
5601 to 6200 HSF	40
6201 to 6800 HSF	35
6801 to 7400 HSF	30
7401 to 8000 HSF	25
8001 to 8500 HSF	20
8501 to 9000 HSF	15
9001 to 9500 HSF	10
9501 to 10,000 HSF	5
10,001 + HSF	0

** Water Points Required:

0 to 3000 HSF	18
3001 to 5000 HSF	28
5001 to 8000 HSF	50
8000 + HSF	61

Chapter 5 Lot Design, Preparation, and Development

Item #	Green Building Practices	Points
501 Lot Selection		
501.1	Lot: The lot is selected to minimize environmental impact by one or more of the following:	
(1)	An infill site is selected.	4
(2)	A greyfield or an EPA-recognized brownfield lot is selected.	5
501.2	Mass Transportation: A range of mass transportation choices are promoted by one or more of the following:	
(1)	A lot is selected within one-half mile (805 m) of pedestrian access to a mass transit system or within five miles (8046 m) of a mass transit station with provisions for parking.	3
(2)	Walkways, street crossings, and entrances designed to promote pedestrian activity are provided. New buildings are connected to existing sidewalks and areas of development.	3
(3)	A lot is selected within one-half mile (805 m) of six or more community resources [e.g., recreational facilities (such as pools, tennis courts, basketball courts), parks, grocery store, post office, place of worship, community center, daycare center, bank, school, restaurant, medical/dental office, laundromat/dry cleaner).	3
503 Lot Design		
503.0	Intent: The lot is designed to avoid detrimental environmental impacts first, minimize any unavoidable impacts next, and finally mitigate for those impacts that do occur. The project is designed to minimize environmental impacts and to protect, restore, and enhance the natural features and environmental quality of the lot. (to be awarded points allocated for design, the intent of the design is implemented)	
503.1	Natural Resources: Natural resources are conserved by one or more of the following:	
(4)	Basic training in tree or other natural resource protection is provided for the on-site supervisor.	4
503.5	Landscape Plan: A landscape plan is developed to limit water and energy use while preserving or enhancing the natural environment.	
(2)	Vegetation and trees are selected that are native or regionally appropriate for local growing conditions.	4
(3)	A percentage of cool season turf areas are limited.	
(a)	0 percent	4
(4)	Plants with similar watering needs are grouped (hydrozoning).	5
(5)	Species and locations for tree planting are identified that will provide summer shading of streets, parking areas, and buildings to moderate temperatures when trees reach maturity.	5
504 Lot Construction		
504.0	Intent: Environmental impact during construction is avoided to the extent possible; impacts that do occur are minimized, and any significant impacts are mitigated.	

504.2	Trees and Vegetation: Designated trees and vegetation are preserved by one or more of the following:	
(1)	fencing or equivalent is installed to protect trees and other vegetation.	3
(2)	Trenching, significant changes in grade, and compaction of soil and critical root zones in "tree save" areas are avoided.	4

505 Innovative Practices		
505.0	Intent: Innovative lot design, preparation and development practices are used to enhance environmental performance. Waivers or variances from local development regulations may be required, and innovative zoning practices may be used to implement such practices.	

505.1	Driveways and Parking Areas: Driveways or parking areas are shared. Waivers or variances from local development regulations are obtained to implement such practices, as applicable. In a multi-unit project, parking capacity is not to exceed the local minimum requirements.	4
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505.4	Select a small lot to promote density and public transit and reduce sprawl	
(1)	Infill site of less than 6000 square feet OR	2
(2)	Infill site of less than 5000 square feet OR	3
(3)	Infill site of less than 4000 square feet OR	4
(4)	Infill site of less than 3000 square feet	5

TOTAL REQUIRED FOR NEW BUILDINGS (ALL BUILDING SIZES) 16

Chapter 6 Resource Efficiency

Item #	Green Building Practices	Points
601	Quality of Construction Materials and Waste	
601.0	Intent: Design and construction practices that minimize the environmental impact of the building materials are incorporated, environmentally efficient building systems and materials are incorporated, and waste generated during construction is reduced.	
601.1	Conditioned Floor Area: Conditioned floor area, as defined by ICC IRC and calculated in accordance with NAHBRC Z765, is limited. Dwelling unit size is to be calculated in accordance with NAHBRC Z765. Only the conditioned floor area for stories above grade plane is to be included in the calculation.	
(1)	less than or equal to 1,000 square feet (93 m ²)	15
(2)	less than or equal to 1,500 square feet (139 m ²)	12
(3)	less than or equal to 2,000 square feet (186 m ²)	9
(4)	less than or equal to 2,500 square feet (232 m ²)	6
601.2	Material Usage: Building-code-compliant structural systems or advanced framing techniques are implemented that optimize material usage. (Points awarded for each system or framing technique implemented).	3 9 Points max
(1)	24" OC framing	
(2)	Single top-plate - exterior and bearing walls	
(3)	Single top-plate - interior non-bearing partitions	
(4)	Right-sized headers or insulated box headers	
(5)	No headers in non-bearing partitions	
(6)	Ladders at perpendicular wall intersections	
(7)	Two-stud exterior corner framing or equivalent	
(8)	Doubling the rim joist in lieu of header	
(9)	Other (specify and provide detail)	
601.5	Prefabricated components. Precut or preassembled components, or panelized or precast assemblies are utilized for a minimum of 90 percent for the following system or building:	
(1)	floor system	4
(2)	wall system	4
(3)	roof system	4
(4)	modular construction for the entire building located above grade	13
(5)	manufactured home construction for the entire building located above grade	13
601.6	Stacked Stories: Stories above grade are stacked, such as in 1 1/2-story, 2-story, or greater structures. The area of the upper floor is a minimum of 50 percent of the area of the story below, based on areas with a minimum ceiling height of 7 feet (2134 mm).	
(1)	first stacked story	4
(2)	for each additional stacked story	2

601.7	Site-applied Finishing Materials: Building materials or assemblies are utilized that do not require additional site-applied material for finishing.	
(1)	90 percent or more of the installed building material or assembly listed below: (Points awarded for each material or assembly.)	5
(2)	50 percent to less than 90 percent of the installed building material or assembly listed below: (Points awarded for each material or assembly.)	2
(a)	pigmented, stamped, decorative, or final finish concrete or masonry	
(e)	Use no trim on doors and window counting both interior and exterior and both sides of internal doors.	

601.9	Above Grade Wall Systems: One or more of the following above grade wall systems that provide sufficient structural characteristics are used for a minimum of 75 percent of the gross exterior wall area of the building or 30 percent of interior and exterior wall areas combined.	4
(1)	adobe or compressed earth block	
(2)	concrete and/or masonry	
(4)	rammed earth	
601.9.1	Use earth from site (80% of the soil used) to make adobes, compressed earth block or rammed earth material used in building.	8 Additional Points

602	Enhanced Durability and Reduced Maintenance	
602.0	Intent: Design and construction practices are implemented that enhance the durability of materials and reduce in-service maintenance.	

602.1	Exterior Doors: Entries at exterior door assemblies, inclusive of side lights, are covered by one of the following methods to protect the building from the effects of precipitation and solar radiation. A projection factor of 0.375 minimum is provided.	5 Points Max
	(a) installing a porch roof or awning	
	(b) extending the roof overhang	
	(c) recessing the exterior door	
(1)	main entrance door	3
(2)	additional covered door assemblies	1

602.2	Roof Overhangs: Fixed permanent roof overhangs, including portals, based on inches of rainfall in Table 602.2, are provided over a minimum of 90 percent of exterior walls for sloped roofs or portals that cover 50% or more of the wall area for flat roofed buildings to protect the building envelope.	4
	Table 602.2	
	Minimum Roof Overhang for One- & Two-Story Buildings	
	Inches Rainfall Eave Overhang (inches) Rake Overhang (inches)	
	Less than 20 12 12	

	For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm	
602.4	Drip Edge: Drip edge is installed at eaves and gable roof edges.	3
602.7	Termite Barrier: Continuous physical foundation termite barrier used with or without low toxicity treatment is installed.	4
602.7.1	Additional points for continuous physical foundation termite barrier using no toxic treatment installed.	2
602.11	Foundation Waterproofing: Enhanced foundation waterproofing is installed where waterproofing is required by code: (Note: Some coatings are not compatible with exterior foam insulation.)	4
(1)	rubberized coating, or	
(2)	drainage mat	
602.12	Flashing: Flashing details are shown on plans and flashing is installed at all of the following locations, as applicable:	6
(1)	around exterior fenestrations, skylights and doors	
(2)	roof valleys	
(3)	deck/balcony to building intersections	
(4)	at roof-to-wall intersections and at roof-to-chimney intersections	
(5)	a drip cap is provided above windows and doors that are not flashed or protected by covering in accordance with Section 602.1	
603	Reused or salvaged Materials	
603.0	Intent: Practices that reuse or modify existing structures, salvage materials for other uses, or use salvaged materials in the building's construction are implemented.	
603.1	Reuse of Existing Building: Existing buildings and structures are reused, modified, or deconstructed in lieu of demolition. (Points awarded for every 200 square feet (18.5 m²) of floor area.)	1 12 Points Max
603.3	Scrap Materials: Facilitation for sorting and reuse of scrap building material (e.g., provide a central storage area or dedicated bins).	4
605	Recycled Construction Waste	
605.0	Intent: Waste generated during construction is recycled. All waste classified as hazardous shall be properly handled and disposed. (Points not awarded for hazardous waste removal.)	
605.1	Construction Waste and Management Plan: A construction waste management plan is developed, posted at the jobsite, and implemented with a goal of recycling or salvaging a minimum of 50 percent (by weight) of construction and land-clearing waste.	6
607	Resource-Efficient Materials	

607.1	Resource-Efficient Materials: Products containing fewer materials are used to achieve the same end-use requirements as conventional products, including but not limited to: (3 points awarded for each material)	9 Points Max
(2)	engineered wood or engineered steel products	
(3)	roof or floor trusses	

610	Innovative Practices	
610.2	Universal Design: For future resource efficiency. One point per universal design element (see User's Guide), Max of 6 points.	6

610.3	Modular Building Dimensions. Frame structures or structures made with modular units are designed on 16- or 24-inch dimensions.	2
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610.4	Use structural vigas, beams, or posts (from less than 300 miles away) (does not apply to decorative vigas) (1 point per installed 10 linear feet)	10 max
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610.5	Structural insulated panels (SIPS) used for the exterior:	
(1)	Walls	5
(2)	Roof	5

610.6	Drainage from canales is done in accordance with all of the following	5
(1)	Waterproof the foundation behind the splash area and extending 3 feet in both directions.	
(2)	Install an impermeable liner in splash area under canale.	
(3)	Liner or other collector guides water away from structure sloping a minimum of 6 inches over 6 feet for a minimum of 6 feet away from structure.	

TOTAL REQUIRED FOR NEW BUILDINGS (ALL BUILDING SIZES) 50

Energy Efficiency

Item #	Green Building Practices	Points
701	Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements	
701.1	Mandatory Requirements: New Buildings must comply with Section 702 (Performance Path).	
701.4.3	Insulation and Air Sealing:	
701.4.3.1	General. Insulation and air sealing is inspected by an approved third party and a report verifying compliance is provided to the City's Inspection Division and is in accordance with the following:	
(1)	Insulation. Insulation is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or local code, as applicable.	Mandatory
(2)	Shafts (duct shaft, piping shaft/penetrations, flue shaft). Openings to unconditioned space are fully sealed with solid blocking or flashing and any remaining gaps are sealed with caulk or foam. Fire-rated collars and caulking are installed where required.	Mandatory
701.4.3.2	Floors, foundations, and crawlspaces: These items are inspected by an approved third party and a report verifying compliance is provided to the City's Inspection Division.	
(1)	Floors. (including insulated floors above garages and cantilevered floors)	Mandatory
(a)	Insulation is installed to maintain permanent contact with the underside of the subfloor decking, enveloping any attached ductwork within the thermal envelope without compression or air gaps in the insulation. This practice does not apply to ducts or other mechanical equipment that is adjacent to the underside of the subfloor.	
(b)	Batt and loose-fill insulation is held in place by permanent attachments or systems in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.	
(2)	Crawlspace. Where insulated, crawlspace wall insulation is permanently attached to the walls. Exposed earth in unvented crawlspaces is covered with continuous vapor retarder with overlapping joints that are taped or masticed.	Mandatory
701.4.3.3	Walls: These items are inspected by an approved third party and a report verifying compliance is provided to the City's Inspection Division.	
(1)	Windows and Doors. Caulking, gasketing, adhesive flashing tape, foam sealant, or weatherstripping is installed forming a complete air barrier	Mandatory
(2)	Band joists and rim joists. Band and rim joists are insulated and air sealed.	Mandatory
(3)	Between foundation and sill plate bottom plate	
(a)	Sill sealer or other material that will expand and contract is installed between foundation and sill plate.	Mandatory
(b)	Caulk or the equivalent is installed to seal the bottom plate of exterior walls	Mandatory
(4)	Skylights and knee walls. Skylight shafts and knee walls are insulated to the same level as the exterior walls.	Mandatory
(5)	Exterior architectural features. Code required building envelope insulation and air sealing are not disrupted at exterior architectural features such as stairs and decks.	Mandatory
701.4.3.4	Ceilings and attics. These items are inspected by an approved third party and a report verifying compliance is provided to the City's Inspection Division.	
(1)	Attic access (except unvented attics). Attic access, knee wall door, or drop-down stair is covered with insulation and gasketed. Knee wall door is an insulated unit or is covered with insulation.	Mandatory
(2)	Recessed lighting. Recessed light fixtures that penetrate the thermal envelope are airtight, IC-rated, and sealed with gasket, caulk or foam.	Mandatory
(3)	Eave vents. Where ceiling/attic assemblies or designs have eave vents, baffles or other means are implemented to minimize air movement into or under the insulation.	Mandatory

702 Performance Path																																		
702.2	Energy cost performance levels. Energy efficiency features are implemented to achieve energy cost performance that exceeds the ICC IECC by the following. A documented analysis using software in accordance with ICC IECC, Section 404, or ICC IECC Section 506.2 through 506.5, applied as defined in the ICC IECC, is required. A projected Home Energy Rating System, or equivalent, rating in the form of an ES 2.5 report, or equivalent, shall be provided to submit for permit and a report of the confirmed rating also in the form of an ES 2.5 report, or equivalent shall be provided to the City of Santa Fe's Inspection Division.	Mandatory																																
	Minimum HERS index is required as follows:																																	
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Heated Square Footage</th> <th>Required HERS Index</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0-3000</td> <td>70</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3001-3500</td> <td>65</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3501-4000</td> <td>60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4001-4500</td> <td>55</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4501-5000</td> <td>50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5001-5600</td> <td>45</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5601-6200</td> <td>40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6201-6800</td> <td>35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6801-7400</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7401-8000</td> <td>25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8001-8500</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8501-9000</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9001-9500</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9501-10,000</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10,001 +</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Heated Square Footage	Required HERS Index	0-3000	70	3001-3500	65	3501-4000	60	4001-4500	55	4501-5000	50	5001-5600	45	5601-6200	40	6201-6800	35	6801-7400	30	7401-8000	25	8001-8500	20	8501-9000	15	9001-9500	10	9501-10,000	5	10,001 +	0	
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8501-9000	15																																	
9001-9500	10																																	
9501-10,000	5																																	
10,001 +	0																																	
702.3	Better HERS Index than Required: For each two (2) whole HERS index points below the required HERS index. <i>Note: When applying for building permit points are not given for the first 6 HERS index points. All points will be given once the confirmed HERS index is completed.</i>	1																																
704 Additional Practices																																		
704.1	Application of additional practice points.																																	
704.2	Lighting and appliances																																	
704.2.1	Hard-wired lighting is in accordance with one of the following:																																	
(1)	A minimum of 50 percent of the bulbs in the hard-wired light fixtures, qualify as ENERGY STAR or equivalent.	4																																
(2)	A minimum of 50 percent of the total hard-wired lighting fixtures qualify as ENERGY STAR or equivalent.	8																																
704.2.2	The number of recessed lighting fixtures that penetrate the thermal envelope are less than 1 per 400 square feet (37.16 m ²) of total conditioned floor area and are in accordance with Section 701.4.3.4(2).	2																																
704.2.4	Tubular daylighting device (TDD) or a skylight with sealed, insulated, low-E glass is installed in rooms without windows. (Points awarded per building)	2																																
704.2.5	ENERGY STAR or equivalent appliance(s) are installed																																	
(1)	refrigerator	5																																
(2)	dishwasher	2																																

(3)	washing machine	4
704.2.6	Induction cooktop is installed	1
704.3	Renewable energy and solar heating and cooling	
704.3.1	Solar Space heating and cooling	
704.3.1.1	Sun-tempered design. Building orientation, sizing of glazing, and design of overhangs are in accordance with all of the following:	5
(1)	The long side (or one side if of equal length) of the building faces within 20 degrees of true south.	
(2)	Vertical glazing area on the south face is between 5 and 7 percent of the gross conditioned floor area [also see Section 704.3.1.1(8)] if no mass is present or up to 12% if mass is present.	
(3)	Vertical glazing area on the west face is less than 2 percent of the gross conditioned floor area, and glazing is ENERGY STAR compliant or equivalent.	
(4)	Vertical glazing area on the east face is less than 4 percent of the gross conditioned floor area, and glazing is ENERGY STAR compliant or equivalent.	
(5)	Vertical glazing area on the north face is less than 4 percent of the gross conditioned floor area, and glazing is ENERGY STAR compliant or equivalent.	
(6)	Skylights, where installed, are in accordance with the following:	
(a)	shades and insulated wells are used, and all glazing is ENERGY STAR compliant or equivalent.	
(b)	horizontal skylights are less than 0.5 percent of finished ceiling area or less than 1.5% of finished ceiling area if thermal performance is enhanced by means such as reflectors or translucent insulation.	
(c)	sloped skylights located on slopes facing within 20 degrees of true south are less than 0.5 percent of the finished ceiling area or less than 1.5% of finished ceiling area if thermal performance is enhanced by means such as reflectors or translucent insulation.	
(7)	Overhangs or adjustable canopies or awnings or trellises provide shading on south-facing glass in accordance with the diagram below:	
	<p>The diagram illustrates a window with an overhang. A horizontal dashed line represents the sun's path. Two rays originate from the left: one at a 36-degree angle and another at a 73-degree angle. The overhang is a horizontal line of length R. The vertical distance from the top of the overhang to the top of the window is H. The window height is W. A box contains the formula $R = .3930 \times W$.</p>	
(8)	The south face windows have a SHGC of 0.40 or higher	
(9)	Return air or transfer grilles/ducts are in accordance with Section 704.4.5.	
704.3.1.2	Automated solar protection with sensor or timer is installed to provide shading for all windows in the sun path.	1
704.3.1.3	Passive cooling design features are in accordance with three or more of the following:	
	Points for three items:	3
	Points for one additional item:	1
(1)	Exterior shading is provided on east and west windows using one or a combination of the following:	2
(a)	Vine-covered trellises with the vegetation separated a minimum of 1 foot (305 mm) from face of building	
(b)	awnings or louvers designed to shade the windows	

	(c) covered porches or portals																			
	(d) attached or detached conditioned/unconditioned enclosed space that provides full shade of east and west windows (e.g., detached garage, shed, or building).																			
(2)	Overhangs are installed to provide shading on south-facing glazing in accordance with Section 704.3.1.1(7). (Points not awarded if points are taken under Section 704.3.1.1.)																			
(3)	Windows and/or venting skylights are located to facilitate cross ventilation.																			
(5)	Internal exposed thermal mass is a minimum of three inches (76 mm) in thickness or 30 pounds of water per square foot of glazing. Thermal mass consists of concrete, brick, and/or tile that are fully adhered to a masonry base or other masonry material and is in accordance with one or a combination of the following:																			
	(a) A minimum of 1 square foot (0.09 m ²) of exposed thermal mass of floor per 3 square feet (2.8 m ²) of gross finished floor area.																			
	(b) A minimum of 3 square feet (2.8 m ²) of exposed thermal mass in interior walls or elements per square foot (0.09 m ²) of gross finished floor area.																			
704.3.1.4	Passive solar heating design. In addition to the sun-tempered design features in Section 704.3.1.1, all of the following are implemented:	4																		
(1)	Additional glazing, no greater than 12 percent, is permitted on the south wall. This additional glazing is in accordance with the requirements of Section 704.3.1.1.	2																		
(2)	Additional thermal mass for any room with south-facing glazing of more than 7 percent of the finished floor area is provided in accordance with the following:																			
	(a) Thermal mass is solid and a minimum of 3 inches (76 mm) in thickness. Where two thermal mass material are layered together (e.g., ceramic tile on concrete base) to achieve the appropriate thickness, they are fully adhered to (touching) each other.																			
	(b) Thermal mass directly exposed to sunlight is provided in accordance with the following minimum ratios:																			
	(i) Above latitude 35 degrees: 5 square feet (0.465 m ²) of thermal mass for every 1 square foot (0.0929 m ²) of south-facing glazing or 30 pounds of water.																			
	(c) Thermal mass not directly exposed to sunlight is permitted to be used to achieve thermal mass requirements of Section 704.3.1.4(2) based on a ratio of 40 square feet (3.72 m ²) of thermal mass for every 1 square foot (0.0929 m ²) of south-facing glazing.																			
(3)	In addition to return air or transfer grilles/ducts required by Section 704.3.1.1, provisions for forced airflow to adjoining areas are implemented as needed.																			
704.3.2	Solar Thermal Systems: A solar thermal system is installed in accordance with one of the following: (points can be taken for either 704.3.2.1 or 704.3.2.2 but not both)																			
704.3.2.1	Solar Domestic Water Heating: SRCC (Solar Rating & Certification Corporation) OG 300 rated, or equivalent, solar domestic water heating system is installed. Solar Energy Factor (SEF as defined by SRCC) is in accordance with Table 704.3.2.1 (Note: A custom-designed system qualifies for points if a mechanical engineer certified the SEF)	Points per Table 704.3.2.1																		
	<p>Table 704.3.2.1 Solar Hot Water Systems</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">SEF - Electric Tank</th> <th style="text-align: center;">SEF - Gas Tank</th> <th style="text-align: center;">POINTS</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1.30 - 1.50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.85 - 1.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1.51 - 1.80</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.01 - 1.20</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1.81 - 2.30</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.21 - 1.50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2.32 - 3.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.51 - 2.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">≥ 3.01</td> <td style="text-align: center;">≥ 2.01</td> <td style="text-align: center;">20</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SEF - Electric Tank	SEF - Gas Tank	POINTS	1.30 - 1.50	0.85 - 1.00	8	1.51 - 1.80	1.01 - 1.20	11	1.81 - 2.30	1.21 - 1.50	14	2.32 - 3.00	1.51 - 2.00	17	≥ 3.01	≥ 2.01	20	
SEF - Electric Tank	SEF - Gas Tank	POINTS																		
1.30 - 1.50	0.85 - 1.00	8																		
1.51 - 1.80	1.01 - 1.20	11																		
1.81 - 2.30	1.21 - 1.50	14																		
2.32 - 3.00	1.51 - 2.00	17																		
≥ 3.01	≥ 2.01	20																		

704.3.2.2	Solar Domestic Water and Space Heater: SRCC (Solar Rating and Certification Corporation) OG 300 rated, or equivalent, solar collector thermal performance rating water and space heating system is installed. Manufacturer's specifications, SRCC OG 300 rating, and SEF for either gas or electric (or equivalent ratings) for solar water heating system and space heating system installed in building Point calculation: Use the SRCC OG 100 rating for category C, Clear Day (note that the number provided in the tables at http://www.solar-rating.org is given in 1000 BTUs) and round down to the nearest whole number.	1 point per 7000 BTUs, 45 points maximum
704.3.3	Additional Renewable Energy Options	
704.3.3.1	Photovoltaic panels are installed on the property (Points awarded per 1/10 kW (or per 100 Watts))	1
704.3.3.2	Other on-site renewable energy source is installed (e.g., wind energy, on-site micro-hydro power). (Points awarded per 1/10 kW (or per 100 Watts))	One-half

704.4	Ducts	
704.4.2	Space heating is provided by a system that does not include air ducts	15
704.4.3	Space cooling is provided by a system that does not include air ducts or there is no cooling system	15
704.4.4	Ductwork is in accordance with all of the following:	12
(2)	Heating and cooling ducts and mechanical equipment are installed within the conditioned building space.	
(3)	Ductwork is not installed in exterior walls.	
704.4.5	Return ducts or transfer grilles are installed in every room with an interior door. This practice does not apply to kitchens, closets, and pantries.	5

704.5	HVAC Design and Installation	
704.5.3	Performance of the heating and/or cooling system is verified by the HVAC contractor in accordance with all of the following that apply and provide a signed checklist to the City of Santa Fe Inspection Division:	3
(1)	All start-up procedures are performed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.	
(2)	Refrigerant charge is verified by super-heat and/or sub-cooling method.	
(3)	Burner is set to fire at input level listed on nameplate.	
(4)	Air handler setting/fan speed is set in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.	
(5)	Total airflow is within 10 percent of design flow.	
(6)	Total external system static does not exceed equipment capability at rated airflow.	

704.6	Insulation and Performance Verification	
704.6.1	Third-party on-site inspection is conducted to verify compliance with all of the following, as applicable. Minimum of two inspections are performed. One inspection after insulation is installed and prior to being covered, and another inspection upon completion of the project. Where multiple buildings or dwelling units of the same model are built by the same builder, a representative sample inspection of a minimum of 15 percent of the buildings or dwelling units is permitted.	5 Mandatory
(1)	Ducts are installed in accordance with the ICC, IRC, or IMC and ducts are sealed.	
(2)	Building envelope air sealing is installed.	
(3)	Insulation is installed in accordance with Section 703.1.2.	
(4)	Windows, skylights, and doors are flashed, caulked, and sealed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and in accordance with Section 703.2.1.	
704.6.2	Third-party testing is conducted to verify performance.	
704.6.2.1	The blower door test results meet the air changes at 50 pascals in #4 below and the following practices are required:	
(2)	Fossil fuel furnace and water heater is sealed combustion or power vented in accordance with Section 901.1.	

(4)	The maximum leakage rate is in accordance with:	
(a)	5 ACH50	3
(b)	4 ACH50	6
(c)	3 ACH50	9
(d)	2 ACH50	12
(e)	1 ACH50	15

705	INNOVATIVE PRACTICES	
705.1	Energy Consumption Control. A whole building or whole dwelling unit device is installed that controls or monitors energy consumption.	7 Points Max
(1)	Programmable communicating thermostat (Not applicable to radiant systems that don't use a solar hydronic system)	2
(2)	Energy-monitoring device	4
(3)	Energy management control system.	7

705.3	Use a more energy efficient system for cooling the house than refrigerated air conditioning.	
(1)	Use whole house fan with insulation on flaps and the side walls have the same r-value as the exterior walls.	4

705.4	Lighting	
	Install all interior lighting fixtures within the conditioned envelope of the building, e.g., housing does not penetrate insulated ceiling.	4

705.5	Skylights are less than 0.8% of the square footage of the conditioned area of the house. Final calculations based on installed skylights shall be provided at time of Final Green Building Inspection.	5
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705.6	Reduce phantom loads with outlets tied to switches at room entries or comparable method <i>(2 points per room where phantom loads are tied to switches)</i>	8 Points Max
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705.7	Install device(s) on all skylights to improve their efficiency such as aerogel panels. <i>(2 points per skylight)</i>	8 Points Max
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TOTAL REQUIRED

0 - 3000 HSF 26
3001 + HSF 35

Chapter 8
Water Efficiency

Item #	Green Building Practices	Points
801	Indoor and Outdoor Water Use	
801.0	Intent. Measures that reduce indoor and outdoor water usage are implemented.	
801.1	Indoor hot water usage	
801.1.1	Indoor hot water usage is reduced by one of the following practices:	
(1)	All hot water plumbing fixtures in both the kitchen and bathrooms are 32 feet (9,754 mm) or less in length from the water heater and is sized in accordance with the code for the specified application OR	2
(2)	All hot water plumbing fixtures in both the kitchen and bathrooms is 24 feet (7,315 mm) or less from the water heater and is sized in accordance with the code for the specified application OR	3
(4)	Pipe runs exceeding 32 feet (9,754 mm) from the Water heater to fixture locations are aided by:	
(a)	tankless water heater is installed at point of use and is served only by cold water or a solar assisted system OR	1
(b)	on-demand hot water recirculation system is installed with a water temperature sensor turn-off located at the fixture furthest from the water heater.	6
801.2	Water-Conserving Appliances. ENERGY STAR or equivalent water-conserving appliances are installed.	
(1)	dishwasher	2
(2)	washing machine OR	8
(3)	washing machine with a water factor of 6.0 or less	12
801.4	Showerheads. Showerheads are in accordance with the following:	
(1)	The total showerhead flow rate at any point in time in each shower compartment is 1.6 to less than 2.5 gpm. The total flow rate is tested at 80 psi (552 kPa) in accordance with ASME A112.18.1. Showers are equipped with an automatic compensating valve that complies with ASSE 1016 or ASME A112.18.1 and specifically designed to provide thermal shock and scald protection at the flow rate of the showerhead. Documentation of fixture flow rate must be provided at final plumbing inspection. <p style="text-align: right;">(Points awarded per showerhead.)</p>	1 3 points max
(2)	All showerheads meet the requirements of 801.4(1). In addition, all showerheads are in compliance with either 801.4(2)(a) or 801.4(2)(b). Documentation of fixture flow rate must be provided at final plumbing inspection.	
(a)	2.0 to less than 2.5 gpm	1 Additional Point
(b)	1.6 to less than 2.0 gpm	2 Additional Points
	For SI: 1 gallon per minute = 3.785 L/m	
(3)	Manual shower shutoff	2 per shutoff
801.5	Faucets	
801.5.1	Water-efficient lavatory faucets with 1.5 gpm (5.68 L/m) or less maximum flow rate when tested at 60 psi (414 kPa) in accordance with ASME A112.18.1 are installed and documentation of flow rate must be provided at plumbing final inspection:	

(1)	a bathroom (Points awarded for each bathroom)	1 3 Points
(2)	all lavatory faucets	2 Additional Points
801.5.2	pedal-activated faucet is installed to enable intermittent on/off operation. (Points awarded per fixture.)	1 3 Points

801.6	Water Closets and Urinals. Water closets and urinals are in accordance with the following and if the gallons per flush rate is not printed on the fixture then documentation of the flush rate must be provided at the plumbing final inspection: (For water closets, points awarded for either Section 801.6 or 802.2, not both.)	
(2)	A water closet is installed with an effective flush volume of 1.28 gallons (4.85 L) or less when tested in accordance with ASME A112.19.2 (all water closets) and ASME A112.19.14 (all dual flush water closets), and is in accordance with EPA WaterSense <i>Tank-Type High-Efficiency Toilet</i> . (Points awarded per fixture.)	6 18 Points Max
(3)	A urinal is installed with a flush volume of 0.5 gallons (1.9 L) or less when tested in accordance with ASME A112.19.2. (Points are awarded per fixture.)	4 4 Points Max
(4)	All water closets and all urinals are in accordance with Section 801.6(2) or Section 801.6(3), as applicable.	6 Additional Points

801.7	Irrigation Systems	
801.7.1	A low-volume irrigation system is installed:	
(2)	drip irrigation OR	4
(3)	bubblers OR	4
(4)	drip emitters OR	4
(5)	soaker hose	4
(6)	subsurface irrigation	6
801.7.2	Irrigation system is in accordance with both of the following:	3
(1)	designed by a professional in accordance with EPA WaterSense requirements or equivalent	
(2)	Installed in accordance with EPA WaterSense program, or equivalent.	
801.7.3	Irrigation system is zoned separately for areas with different watering needs (hydrozoning).	2
801.7.4	The irrigation system(s) is controlled by a smart controller	
(1)	Evapotranspiration (ET) based irrigation controller with a rain sensor	4
(2)	Soil moisture sensor based irrigation controller	4
(3)	No irrigation is installed and a landscape plan is developed in accordance with Section 503.5, as applicable.	15

801.8	Rainwater Collection and Distribution. Rainwater collection and distribution is provided in an active system.	
(1)	Rainwater is collected and used	
(a)	1 gallon per square foot for 100% of roofed area is collected and at least 60% of the roof area is collected.	10
(b)	1 gallon per square foot for 75% of roofed area is collected and at least 50% of the roof area is collected.	8
(c)	1 gallon per square foot for 50% of roofed area is collected and at least 40% of the roof area is collected.	6
(2)	Rainwater is distributed using a renewable energy source or gravity.	2

(3)	Rainwater that is collected in (1) above is used in an irrigation system as described in 801.7.1	10
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802	Innovative Practices	
802.1	Gray Water. Gray water, as specified in ICC IRC, Appendix O, is separated and reused, as permitted by local building code. [Points awarded for either Section 802.1(1) or 802.1(2), not both.]	
(2)	irrigation from reclaimed or recycled water on-site	10
802.2	Composting or Waterless Toilets and/or Urinals. Composting or waterless toilets and/or urinals are in accordance with the following: (For water closets, points awarded for either Section, 802.2 or 801.6, not both)	24 Points Max
(2)	Composting or waterless toilet and/or urinal is installed (Points awarded per fixture)	8
(3)	All toilets and urinals are in accordance with Section 802.2(2).	8 Additional Points

802.3	Automatic Shutoff Water Devices. One of the following automatic shutoff water supply devices is installed. Where a fire sprinkler system is present, installer is to ensure that device will not interfere with the operation of the fire sprinkler system.	2
(1)	excess water flow shutoff	
(2)	leak detection system	

802.4	A real-time water use meter device is installed where the home occupant can easily see and monitor the home's water use like a KopyKap	4
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802.5	Recirculating water pump is triggered by either a motion sensor or is switch activated	4
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TOTAL REQUIRED:	0 - 3000 HSF	18
	300 1- 5000 HSF	28
	5001 - 8000 HSF	50
	8000+ HSF	61

Chapter 9
Indoor Environmental Quality

Item #	Green Building Practices	Points
901	Pollutant Source Control	
901.0	Intent. Pollutant sources are controlled.	
901.1	Space and Water Heating Options	
901.1.1	Natural draft space heating or water heating equipment is not located in conditioned spaces, including conditioned crawlspaces. Natural draft equipment is permitted to be installed within the conditioned spaces if located in a mechanical room that has an outdoor air source, and is otherwise sealed and insulated to separate it from the conditioned space(s).	5
901.1.2	Air handling equipment or return ducts are not located in the garage, unless placed in isolated, air-sealed mechanical rooms with an outside air source.	5
901.1.3	The following combustion space heating and water heating equipment is installed within conditioned space:	
(1)	Direct vent (sealed combustion) furnace or boiler	5
(2)	Water heater	
	(a) power vent water heater	3
	(b) direct vent (sealed combustion) water heater	5
901.1.4	The following electric equipment is installed:	
(1)	Heat pump air handler in unconditioned space	2
(2)	Heat pump air handler in conditioned space	5
901.2	Fireplaces and Fuel-Burning Appliances: Fireplaces and fuel-burning appliances (except cooking appliances, clothes dryers, water heaters, and furnaces) located in conditioned spaces are in accordance with the following: [Section 901.2.1(2)(a) is not mandatory.]	Mandatory
901.2.1	Fireplaces and natural draft fuel-burning appliances are code compliant, vented to the outdoors, and have adequate combustion and ventilation air provided to minimize spillage or back-drafting, in accordance with the following, as applicable.	
(2)	Solid fuel-burning appliances are in accordance with the following requirements:	
(a)	All wood-burning fireplaces are equipped with gasketed doors designed to operate with the doors closed, outside combustion air, and a means is provided for sealing the flue to minimize interior air (heat) loss when not in operation.	4
(b)	Factory-built, wood-burning fireplaces are in accordance with the certification requirements of UL 127 and are EPA certified.	6
(c)	Wood stove and fireplace inserts, as defined in UL 1482 Section 3.8, are in accordance with the certification requirements of UL 1482 and are in accordance with the emission requirements of the EPA Certification and the State of Washington WAC 173-433-100(3).	6
(d)	Pellet (biomass) stoves and furnaces are in accordance with the requirements of ASTM E 1509 or are EPA certified.	6
(e)	Masonry heaters are in accordance with the definitions in ASTM E1602 and ICC IBC, Section 2112.1.	6
901.2.2	Fireplaces, woodstoves, pellet stoves, or masonry heaters are not installed.	7
901.3	Garages. Garages are in accordance with the following:	
(1)	Attached garage	
(b)	A continuous air barrier is provided between walls and ceilings separating the garage space from the conditioned living spaces.	Mandatory 2

(c)	For one- and two-family dwelling units, a 100 cfm (47 L/s) or greater ducted, or 70 cfm (33 L/s) or greater unducted wall exhaust fan is installed and vented to the outdoors, designed and installed for continuous operation, or has controls (e.g., motion detectors, pressure switches) that activate operation for a minimum of 1 hour when either human passage door or roll-up automatic doors are operated. For ducted exhaust fans, the fan airflow rating and duct sizing are in accordance with Appendix A.	4
(2)	A carport is installed, the garage is detached from the building, or no garage is installed.	10

902	Pollutant Control	
902.0	Intent. Pollutants generated in the building are controlled.	

902.1	Spot ventilation	
902.1.1	Spot ventilation is in accordance with the following:	
(1)	Bathrooms are vented to the outdoors. The minimum ventilation rate is 50 cfm (23.6 L/s) for intermittent operation or 20 cfm (9.4 L/s) for continuous operation in bathrooms.	Mandatory
(3)	Kitchen exhaust units and/or range hoods are ducted to the outdoors and have a minimum ventilation rate of 100 cfm (47.2 L/s) for intermittent operation or 25 cfm (11.8 L/s) for continuous operation.	8
902.1.2	Bathroom and/or laundry exhaust fan is provided with an automatic timer, motion sensor, and/or humidistat:	9 Points Max
(1)	for first device	5
(2)	for each additional device	2
902.1.4	Exhaust fans are ENERGY STAR, as applicable.	6 Points Max
(1)	ENERGY STAR, or equivalent, fans (Points awarded per fan.)	2
(2)	ENERGY STAR, or equivalent, fans operating at or below 1 sone (Points awarded per fan.)	3

902.2	Building ventilation systems	
902.2.1	One of the following whole building ventilation systems is implemented and is in accordance with the following formula: CFM fan flow continuous = (heated square footage X .01) + (7.5 X (number of bedrooms +1)). Note: Continuous flow rate can also be achieved, for example, by two fans continuous at half the rate or by doubling the fan flow over half the time, with a timer.	Required
(1)	exhaust or supply fan(s) ready for continuous operation and with appropriately labeled controls	8
(2)	balanced exhaust and supply fans with supply intakes located in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines so as to not introduce polluted air back into the building.	10
(3)	heat-recovery ventilator installed with balanced exhaust and supply fans with supply intakes located in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines so as to not introduce polluted air back into the building	15
(4)	energy-recovery ventilator installed with balanced exhaust and supply fans with supply intakes located in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines so as to not introduce polluted air back into the building	17
902.2.2	Ventilation airflow is tested to achieve the design fan airflow at point of exhaust in accordance with Section 902.2.1 by a qualified third party and a report provided to the City of Santa Fe Inspection Division.	8

902.3	Radon control. Radon control measures are in accordance with ICC IRC Appendix F.	
(1)	Buildings located in Zone 1 (Santa Fe)	Mandatory

	(a) a passive radon system is installed with an electric supply to be able to add a fan in the future if needed.	10
	(b) an active system is installed	15
902.4	HVAC system protection. HVAC system protection measure is performed.	
(1)	HVAC supply registers (boots), return grilles, and duct terminations are covered during construction activities to prevent dust and other pollutant from entering the system.	3 (Mandatory)
902.5	Central vacuum system. Central vacuum system is installed and vented to the outside.	5
902.6	Living space contaminants. The living space is sealed to prevent unwanted contaminants and third-party verified.	
(1)	Attic access, knee wall door, or drop down stair is caulked, gasketed, or otherwise sealed.	2 (Required)
(2)	All penetrations (e.g., top plates, HVAC register boots, recessed can lights) are sealed in the following areas:	
(a)	attic /ceiling	2 (Required)
(b)	wall	2 (Required)
(c)	floors	2 (Required)
903	Moisture Management: Vapor, Rainwater, Plumbing, HVAC	
903.0	Intent. Moisture and moisture effects are controlled.	
903.5	Plumbing	
903.5.1	Plumbing supply distribution lines are not installed horizontally in exterior wall cavities.	2
903.5.2	Cold water pipes in unconditioned spaces are insulated to a minimum of R-4 with pipe insulation or other covering that adequately prevents condensation.	2
903.5.3	Plumbing is not installed in unconditioned spaces.	5
903.6	Duct insulation. All HVAC ducts, plenums, and trunks in unconditioned attics, basements, and crawlspaces are sealed with UL181 tape or mastic and insulated to a minimum of R-6. Outdoor air supplies to ventilation systems are sealed with UL181 tape or mastic and insulated to a minimum of R-6.	
(1)	insulated to a minimum of R-6	Mandatory
(2)	insulated to a minimum of R-8.	2
904	Innovative Practices	
904.4	Use non PVC materials for water supply lines including the service to the house.	4
904.5	Use no carpet or vinyl flooring	4
TOTAL REQUIRED		14

Chapter 10 Operation, Maintenance, and Building Owner Education

Item #	Green Building Practices	Points
1001	Building Owner's Manual for One- and Two-Family Dwellings	
1001.0	Intent. Information on the building's use, maintenance, and green components is provided.	
1001.1	A building owner's manual is provided that includes the following, as available and applicable. (Points awarded per two items. Points awarded for both mandatory and non-mandatory items.)	1
(1)	A green building program certificate or completion document	Mandatory
(2)	List of green building features (can include the national green building checklist).	Mandatory
(3)	Product manufacturer's manuals or product data sheet for installed major equipment, fixtures, and appliances, including any alternative energy systems. If product data sheet is in the building owner's manual, manufacturer's manual may be attached to the appliance in lieu of inclusion in the building owner's manual.	Mandatory
(4)	Information on local recycling programs.	
(5)	Information on available local utility or other energy provider programs that purchase a portion of energy from renewable energy providers.	
(6)	Explanation of the benefits of using energy-efficient lighting systems [e.g., compact fluorescent light bulbs, light emitting diode (LED)] in high-usage areas.	
(7)	A list of practices to conserve water and energy.	
(8)	Local public transportation options.	
(9)	A diagram showing the location of safety valves and controls for major building systems.	Mandatory
(10)	Where frost-protected shallow foundations are used, owner is informed of precautions including:	
	(a) instructions to not remove or damage insulation when modifying landscaping.	
	(b) providing heat to the building as required by the ICC IRC or UMC	
	(c) keeping base materials beneath and around the building free from moisture caused by broken water pipes or other water sources.	
(11)	A list of local service providers that offer regularly scheduled service and maintenance contracts to ensure proper performance of equipment and the structure (e.g., HVAC, water-heating equipment, sealants, caulks, gutter and downspout system, shower and/or tub surrounds, irrigation system).	
(12)	A photo record of framing with the utilities installed. Photos are taken prior to installing insulation, clearly labeled, and included as part of the building owner's manual.	
(13)	Maintenance checklist.	
(14)	List of common hazardous materials often used around the building and instructions for proper handling and disposal of these materials.	
(15)	Information on organic pest control, fertilizers, deicers, and cleaning products.	
(16)	Information on native landscape materials and/or those that have low-water requirements.	
(17)	Information on methods of maintaining the building's relative humidity in the range of 30 percent to 60 percent.	
(18)	Instructions for inspecting the building for termite infestation.	
(19)	Instructions for maintaining gutters and downspouts and importance of diverting water a minimum of 5 feet away from foundation.	

(20)	A narrative detailing the importance of maintenance and operation in retaining the attributes of a green-built building.	
(21)	Information regarding cost effective window treatments	
(22)	Information about protecting the home from fire danger	
(23)	Instructions for maintaining solar systems employed in the home (only available if solar systems are employed in the home)	Mandatory
(24)	Provide homeowner with information about mulching and composting	
(25)	Provide information about participating in a clean energy program (i.e., purchase energy from PNM Blue Sky).	

1002 Training of Building Owners on Operation and Maintenance for One- and Two-Family Dwellings and Multi-Unit Buildings

1002.1	Training of building owners. Building owners/occupants are familiarized with the green building goals and strategies implemented and the impacts of the occupants' practices on the costs of operating the building. Training is provided to the responsible party(ies) regarding all equipment operation and control systems. Systems include, but are not limited to, the following:	6
(1)	HVAC filters or boiler maintenance	
(2)	thermostat operation and programming	
(3)	lighting controls	
(4)	appliances and settings	
(5)	water heating settings	
(6)	fan controls	
(7)	the irrigation system	
(8)	catchment system maintenance	
(9)	all other equipment	

1004 Innovative Practices

1004.1	(Reserved)	
1004.2	Translate homeowner documents into Spanish and make both available to homeowner	6

TOTAL REQUIRED 8

Appendix A
Ducted Garage Exhaust Fan Sizing Criteria

A100

Scope and Applicability

A101.1 Applicability of Appendix A. Appendix A is part of this Code.

A101.2 Scope. The provisions contained in Appendix A provide the criteria necessary for complying with Section 901.3(1)(c) for the installation of ducted exhaust fans in garages. To receive points for implementing Practice 901.3(1)(c), the fan airflow rating and duct sizing for ducted exhaust fans are to be in accordance with the applicable criteria of Appendix A.

A101.3 Acknowledgement. The text of Appendix A, Section A200 and related Table are extracted from ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.) Standard 62.2-2007 Ventilation and Acceptable Indoor Air Quality in Low-Rise Residential Buildings, Section 7.3 and Table 7.1, respectively.

A200

Air Flow Rating

A201.1 Airflow rating. The airflows required by this code refer to the delivered airflow of the system as installed and tested using a flow hood, flow grid, or other airflow measuring device. Alternatively, the airflow rating at a pressure of 0.25 in. w.c. (62.5 Pa) may be used, provided the duct sizing meets the prescriptive requirements of Table A201 or manufacturers' design criteria.

Table A201
Prescriptive Duct Sizing

Fan Rating	Duct Type							
	Flex Duct				Smooth Duct			
cfm@0.25 in w.g. (L/s @62.5 Pa)	50	80	100	125	50	80	100	125
	-25	-40	-50	-65	-25	-40	-50	-65
Diameter, in. (mm)	Maximum Length, Ft (m)							
3(75)	x	x	x	x	5(2)	x	x	X
4(100)	70(27)	3(1)	x	x	105(35)	35(12)	5(2)	x
5(125)	NL	70(27)	35(12)	20(7)	NL	135(45)	85(28)	55(18)
6(150)	NL	NL	125(42)	95(32)	NL	NL	NL	145(48)
7(175) and above	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL

This table assumes no elbows. Deduct 15 ft (5 m) of allowable duct length for each elbow.

NL = no limit on duct length of this size.

X = now allowed, any length of duct of this size with assume turns and fitting will exceed the rated pressure drop.